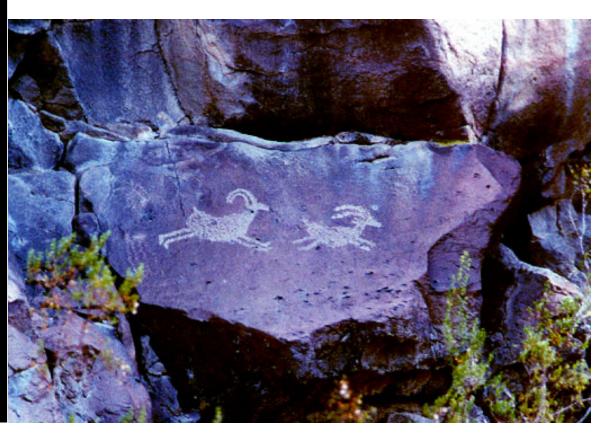


National Training Center-Fort Irwin, California

Tribal Consultations Held on 3-5 September 2002

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April 2003



Preface

This study was conducted for the U.S. Army National Training Center-Fort Irwin, California, under project 1R00935056, "To Organize, Facilitate, and Moderate a Meeting Between Fort Irwin and the Federally Recognized Native American Groups"; through Military Interdepartmental Purchase Request 2GCERL0019, 29 March 2002. The technical monitor was Mr. William (Mickey) Quillman, Natural and Cultural Resources Manager, NTC-Fort Irwin.

The work was performed by the Land and Heritage Conservation Branch CN-C of the Installations Division (CN), Construction Engineering Research Laboratory (CERL). The CERL Principal Investigator was Mr. J. Tad Britt. Part of this work was done by Ms. Susan E. Perlman, Two Rivers Consultants, Nashville, Tennessee. The technical editor was Gloria J. Wienke, Information Technology Laboratory. Dr. Lucy A. Whalley is Chief, CEERD-CN-C, and Dr. John T. Bandy is Chief, CEERD-CN. The associated Technical Director was Dr. William D. Severinghaus, CEERD-CV-T. The Director of CERL is Dr. Alan W. Moore.

CERL is an element of the U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center (ERDC), U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The Commander and Executive Director of ERDC is COL John Morris III, EN and the Director of ERDC is Dr. James R. Houston.



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1 Introduction

Background

Many federal laws, regulations, and executive orders promulgated since 1990 specifically require consultation with Native American tribes when a federal agency makes decisions concerning historic properties and archeological sites. However, this legislation doesn't specifically define consultation, although the common meaning is to ask advice and share information to make an informed decision. Consultation does not imply mere notification of a pending action; nor is it a method to obtain consent or agreement.

Consultation is founded on the government-to-government relationship between the United States and federally recognized tribes. It provides an invaluable method of obtaining expert advice, ideas, and diverse opinions from Native American constituents regarding control and appropriate treatment of cultural resources.

To meet both the letter and the spirit of the law, the National Training Center-Fort Irwin, California, conducted a consultation meeting as part of the agency's continuing consultation with tribal governments.

Meeting Site

Fort Irwin (Figure 1) is located 37 miles northeast of Barstow, California, and is a U.S. Army installation. At the time of the consultation meeting, Fort Irwin was under the control of the U.S. Army Forces Command, headquartered at Fort McPherson, Georgia. The installation is now under the Southwest Region. The base is the home of the U.S. Army National Training Center (NTC) and also includes the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Goldstone Deep Space Tracking Station. The installation covers 642,730 acres (260,113 hectares) in the north-central Mojave Desert encompassing over 1,000 square miles (2590 square kilometers).

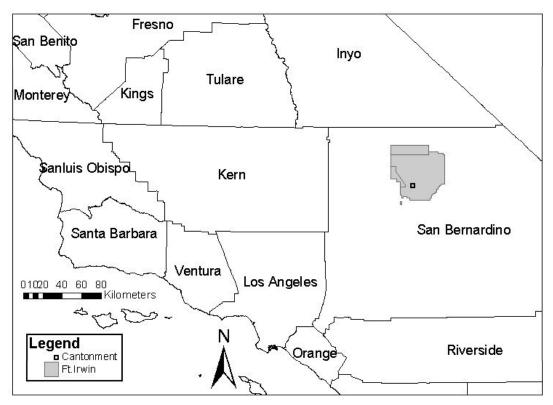


Figure 1. Location of NTC-Fort Irwin.

Objective

The objective of this consultation meeting was to establish an open and constructive dialogue between the U.S. Army and the Native American tribes who have cultural resource interests at NTC-Fort Irwin. This dialogue is conducted on a government-to-government level regarding the military mission of NTC and potential tribal issues with respect to the installation and its Area of Potential Effect (APE).

Approach

From July 2002 to October 2002, Two Rivers Consultants, Nashville, Tennessee, provided the U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center-Construction and Engineering Research Laboratory (ERDC-CERL) with logistical support for a Native American Consultation meeting that was to take place at NTC-Fort Irwin. This meeting occurred on 3-5 September 2002 and was hosted by the NTC-Fort Irwin Chief of Staff, Colonel Edward Flinn. The following topics were presented and discussed:

1. NTC-Fort Irwin Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for inadvertent discovery, notification of treatment; per the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) of 1990.

- 2. Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (forthcoming) with respect to the NTC-Fort Irwin proposed 110,000 acres expansion specifically the cultural resources inventory, evaluation, and management practices.
- 3. NTC-Fort Irwin cultural resources tools Archeological Predictive Model and Automated Tool for Monitoring Archeological Sites.
- 4. The ethnohistoric and ethnographic cultural affiliation study of the mid-Mojave region (i.e., those federally recognized tribes that claim aboriginal, ancestral, or ceded land ties to the geographical area that now constitutes NTC-Fort Irwin and its APE).

The NTC-Fort Irwin Cultural Resources Program (CRP), in conjunction with the NTC-Fort Irwin Department of Public Works (DPW) and ERDC-CERL archeologist, Mr. Tad Britt, developed a schedule and timeline for the meeting:

- Mailing of Invitations: Deputy Commander and Chief of Staff Colonel Edward L. Flinn sent meeting invitations (Appendix H) to consulting tribes on 24 July 2002. These invitations were in the form of a letter to the tribal chairperson and/or tribal NAGPRA coordinator. A list of these contacts is also in Appendix H. The letter discussed the date and purpose of the meeting, explanation of payment for travel expenses, and travel logistics.
- 2. Telephone Follow-ups: 1 to 2 weeks after the invitations were sent, follow-up telephone calls were made to the consulting tribes by the contractor, Two Rivers Consultants. During these telephone calls, the contractor asked if a tribal representative would be attending the meeting, asked if there were any additional topics they would like included in the meeting agenda, and answered questions about expense reimbursement, travel logistics, and hotel reservations. The results of the telephone effort are included in Appendix G.

Concurrent with the telephone calling effort, the staff at the NTC-Fort Irwin CRP/PWP and ERDC-CERL made arrangements for the meeting room, meeting equipment, catering, hotel reservations, and stenography.

3. Initiation of Invitational Travel Orders: ERDC-CERL initiated the process of issuing travel orders for up to three people from each tribe. During this phase, lodging, catering, and the field visit to cultural sites were coordinated and confirmed with the installation.

4. Confirmation of Travel Arrangements with Tribes: the contractor continued to contact the tribes and confirm their meeting attendance. The contractor also gathered information needed from tribal representatives to allow them to enter the installation. The tribal representatives were reminded to keep expense records in order to be reimbursed.

The meeting opened with a reception on the evening of 3 September 2002. The intertribal meeting took place on 4 September 2002. The following day, the tribal representatives and other invited guests were shown several Native American rock art sites on the NASA Goldstone Range, located within NTC-Fort Irwin.

Mode of Technology Transfer

This report will be sent to each tribe invited (listed in Appendix H).

This report will be made accessible through the World Wide Web (WWW) at URL:

http://www.cecer.army.mil

2 Tribal Consultation Meeting Schedule

3 September 2002

Guests arrived late afternoon and checked in Landmark Inn. A block of rooms had been reserved. Each Tribal representative was responsible for all his or her lodging, meals, and travel expenses. All reasonable travel-related expenses were to be fully reimbursed after the meeting. A welcome package was waiting at the Landmark Inn for each guest.

1800 to 2000 Welcome Session/Ice Breaker at Fort Irwin's Leaders Club

4 September 2002

0900 Began meeting at Leaders Club [see Appendix I for a list of attendees and Appendix J for a transcript of the consultation meeting]

- Welcome—Tad Britt, ERDC-CERL
- Pledge of Allegiance
- Native American Prayer
- Group Introductions

0915 Welcome To NTC-Fort Irwin—COL Edward L. Flinn

- Mission statement and video
- Topics of Discussion:
 - 1. National Training Center (NTC) Land Expansion
 - 2. Cultural Affiliation Study
 - 3. Archaeological Predictive Model (APM)
 - 4. Land Expansion/NRHP survey/testing, results
 - 5. NAGPRA Standard Operating procedures (SOPs)
 - 6. Listening Session

0945 Land Expansion Discussion—Mr. Tim Reischl [See Appendix B]

NEPA—SEIS
 Land Expansion Presentation
 Questions and answer session

- 1045 Cultural Affiliation Study—Mr. David Earle [See Appendix C]
- 1115 Archeological Predictive Model (APM)—Mr. Tad Britt [See Appendix D]
- 1145-1300 LUNCH (catered by Reggie's and served in the meeting room)
- 1300 Resume Meeting—Mr. Tad Britt
 - 1. Land Expansion/NRHP survey/testing, results
 - 2. [Draft] NAGPRA SOPs [See Appendix A]
 - 3. Listening Session
- 1315 Land Expansion NRHP survey/testing-Mr. Craig Smith [See Appendix E] Results and Discussion
- 1345 NAGPRA Standard Operating Procedures—Mr. Tad Britt [See Appendix F]
- 1420 Comments—COL Flinn
- **1430 BREAK**
- 1445 Native American Listening Session: All Tribes are encouraged to discuss topics of concern
 - Sacred Sites
 - Traditional Cultural Properties
 - NAGPRA SOPs, etc.,
 - Consultation efforts
 - Other Cultural Sites/Issues
- 1630 Concluded Meeting for Day

5 September 2002

Cultural Site Visits

- 0830 Met at Lobby of Landmark Inn. Transportation was provided for all to visit the NTC-Fort Irwin Archeological Curation facility for tour. Guests visited several types of Native American cultural sites. Drinks and snacks were provided.
- 1230 Arrived back at the Landmark Inn and concluded meeting. Instructions and assistance of completing Travel Vouchers was provided to ensure prompt reimbursement for any out-of-pocket expenses.

Submission of Draft Report and Documentation of Tribal Contact. Final copies of this report will be sent to all tribes invited and listed in Appendix G.

3 Meeting/Consultation Results

The Native American Consultation Meeting took place at NTC-Fort Irwin, California 3-5 September 2002. Representatives from four tribes attended the meeting. Representatives from NTC-Fort Irwin, ERDC-CERL, and various COE contractors also attended the meetings.

The following summarizes the key points made at the face-to-face meeting between tribal representatives and Fort Irwin representatives.

Key Points From the Fort Irwin Tribal Consultation Meeting 4 September 2002

- Army regulations concerning notification of tribes regarding testing of archeological sites: the consulting tribes request the opportunity to review the methods, testing plan, and archeology report pertaining to any disturbances of archeological sites on base.
- 2. **Collection of artifacts:** tribal officials commented that artifacts should be left *in situ* instead of being collected and curated, i.e., during inventory.
- 3. **Native American liaison position:** several recommendations were made during the meeting for the establishment of a liaison position at NTC-Fort Irwin to deal with tribal matters. This would enable the consulting tribes one main contact at the installation and would thus result in less confusion regarding official contacts.
- 4. The title of the **NAGPRA SOP** should also include "The National Training Center."
- 5. **The Natural Resource/Cultural Resource** manager's position should be clarified in the NAGPRA SOP document.
- 6. **Compensation of tribal consultants:** Tribal consultants request compensation not only for their travel but also for their time and expertise. Meeting attendees stressed that the Army should make this a priority consideration. The Army attorney then noted that:

 a. It is difficult for the Army to pay consultants to negotiate (for MOUs, etc.)

- b. It does make sense for the Army to compensate consultants to consult on specific projects and/or for specific sites; this would be done through a contract between the Army and the tribe.
- c. Mr. Bari will examine the precedents to this situation and said that the Army will follow these precedents.
- 7. **Tribal Response:** due to the volume of work within the tribes and the schedule of tribal council meetings, it is difficult for tribal officials to meet a 30-day deadline. One suggestion was for the tribal contacts to notify the Army that the tribe is working on a response but it will take over 30 days. Consultation Agreement between the tribes and the Army could be used to formalize SOPs on certain matters. The agreement between Death Valley National Monument and the Fort Mojave Tribe needs to be examined.
- 8. NTC-Fort Irwin will comply with **NAGPRA regulations**. Therefore, NTC-Fort Irwin will follow the 50-meter radius guideline for halting work around inadvertent discoveries.
- 9. **Section 106 consultations:** NTC-Fort Irwin is following the regulations for Section 106 and the Cultural Resources Department at the installation is sending out an informational letter on this situation. The tribal attendees requested that they be copied on all correspondence that the Army sends to the California SHPO.
- 10. The NTC-Fort Irwin Cultural Resources Program requests that the consulting tribes update them when the **tribal point of contact** changes.
- 11. Darrell Gundrum will send the consulting tribes the **updated ICRMP**.
- 12. The **next intertribal meeting** will be in January or February, possibly at the Fort Mojave casino near Laughlin, Nevada. This meeting will get more in depth on specific issues as opposed to a general informational meeting.
- 13. Send **thank you notes** to the tribal attendees.
- 14. Send the Colorado River Indians an **NTC-Fort Irwin CRM poster**.
- 15. Request a copy of the **Yuma Proving Ground MOU**.

Items 11, 13, 14, and 15 have been completed or are in the process of being completed. Item 12, the next intertribal meeting, is presently in the planning stages.

Appendix A: Draft Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, NTC-Fort Irwin Standard Operating Procedures

Inadvertent Discovery of Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects, Sacred Objects, or Objects of Cultural Patrimony

[Reference: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act 25 U.S.C. Sec. 3002-3013, 43 C.F.R. 10]

INTRODUCTION

Fort Irwin is engaged in a continuing archaeological survey and inventory of the cultural resources within its boundaries. Approximately twenty-eight (28) percent of the installation has been surveyed for prehistoric and historic Native American sites. Therefore, areas may remain on the installation where ground-disturbing activity has the potential for uncovering unreported archaeological deposits, which may contain burials. In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), such human remains and cultural objects must be identified, if possible, as to lineal descendants or culturally affiliated contemporary tribes, treated in a manner deemed appropriate by the lineal descendants or culturally affiliated tribes, and repatriated to legitimate claimants.

This section outlines procedures to be followed in the event of an inadvertent discovery of Native American human remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony and in dealing with the treatment and disposition of Native American human remains and cultural objects.

DEFINITIONS

1. Burial site means "any natural or prepared physical location, whether originally below, on, or above the surface of the earth, into which as a part of the death rite or ceremony of a culture, individual human remains are deposited, and includes rock cairns or pyres which do not fall within the ordinary definition of grave site" [43 C.F.R. 10.2(d)(2)].

- 2. Cultural affiliation means "that there is a relationship of shared group identity which can reasonably be traced historically or prehistorically between members of a present-day Indian tribe and an identifiable earlier group" [43 C.F.R. 10.2(e)].
- 3. Funerary objects means "items that, as a part of the death rite or ceremony of a culture, are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally at the time of death or later with or near individual human remains. Funerary objects must be identified by a preponderance of evidence as having been removed from a specific burial site of an individual affiliated with a particular Indian tribe or as being related to specific individuals or families or to known human remains" [43 C.F.R. 10.2(d)(2)].
- 4. Sacred objects means "items that are specific ceremonial objects needed by traditional Native American religious leaders for the practice of traditional Native American religions by their present day adherents. While many items, from ancient pottery sherds to arrowheads, might be imbued with sacredness in the eyes of an individual, these regulations are specifically limited to objects that were devoted to a traditional Native American religious ceremony or ritual and which have religious significance or function in the continued observance or renewal of such ceremony" [43 C.F.R. 10.2(d)(3).
- 5. Objects of cultural patrimony mean "items having ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural importance central to the Indian tribe rather than property owned by an individual tribal or organization member. These objects are of such central importance that they may not be alienated, appropriated, or conveyed by any individual tribal or organization member. Such objects must have been considered inalienable by the culturally affiliated Indian tribe at the time the object was separated from the group" [43 C.F.R. 10.2(d)(4)].
- 6. Indian tribe means "any tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians" [43 C.F.R. 10.2(b)(2)].

7. Inadvertent discovery means "the unanticipated encounter or detection of human remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony found under or on the surface of Federal or tribal lands pursuant to section 3(d)" of NAGPRA [43 C.F.R. 10.2(g)(4)]. According to this definition, if an object is recovered that is not recognized as defined under NAGPRA when found, but is subsequently identified during laboratory analysis, this qualifies as "detection" and therefore constitutes inadvertent discovery.

8. For the purposes of this section, the term "cultural objects" specifically refers to funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony.

POLICY

The intent of NAGPRA is to protect, identify proper ownership, and to ensure the rightful disposition of Native American human remains and cultural objects that are discovered on federal or tribal lands. NAGPRA requires that certain procedures be followed when there is inadvertent discovery of Native American human remains and cultural objects. In the event of a discovery of Native American human remains or cultural objects, the installation commander will ensure compliance with NAGPRA [25 U.S.C. 3001-3013, 43 C.F.R. 10] and any applicable statutory and regulatory requirements of the American Indian Religious Freedom Act [42 U.S.C. 1996-1996a], Archaeological Resources Protection Act [16 U.S.C. 470aa-470ll], National Environmental Policy Act [42 U.S.C. 4321-4370c], and National Historic Preservation Act [16 U.S.C. 470-470w] as well as White House Memorandum, 29 April 1994. Each statute mandates compliance with independent requirements. Compliance with one statutory requirement therefore may not satisfy other applicable requirements.

The installation Cultural Resources Manager will coordinate with the Staff Judge Advocate (SJA), Criminal Investigation Directorate (CID), Provost Marshal's Office (PMO), Operations and Training (G3), Range Control, Master Planning, and Department of Public Works (DPW) to ensure that the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager (1) is included in the planning of training and construction to assess the potential for the discovery of Native American burials and archaeological sites, and (2) is identified as the point-of-contact to be notified immediately if a Native American burial or archaeological site is inadvertently discovered on installation property.

In addition to ground disturbing activities such as training operations, construction, and archaeological excavations, erosion by wind or water may result in the discovery of human remains and cultural objects. If Native American remains

and cultural objects are discovered, any work within a 50-meter radius of the site shall be halted and the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager (380-3740) shall be notified immediately. The site will be protected and stabilized. Any removal of material is prohibited and constitutes a violation of NAGPRA and the Archeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA). The Natural and Cultural Resources Manager, in consultation with qualified professionals as necessary, will initially evaluate the site and report the finding to the installation commander and the potentially culturally affiliated Indian tribes, the State Historic Preservation Officer, and the County Sheriff when appropriate. Any subsequent treatment of the remains and objects or stabilization of the site will be carried out only after consultation with the potentially affiliated tribes.

PROCEDURE

[Reference: NAGPRA 25 U.S.C. 3002, 43 C.F.R. 10]

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT, PROTECTION, AND VERIFICATION

- 1. When notified of the possible inadvertent discovery of buried human remains or cultural objects, the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager or staff archaeologist will arrange to visit the site within twenty-four (24) hours of the discovery, to determine if the remains are (1) associated with a recent crime scene and (2) if not, whether the remains are of Native American descent.
- 2. If, upon examination, the remains are identified as non-human, the Cultural Resources Manager or staff archaeologist will determine if archaeological contexts are present that need to be evaluated pursuant to Section 106 [36 C.F.R. 800] of the National Historic Preservation Act [16 U.S.C. 470-470w].
- 3. If, upon examination, the remains appear to be human and associated with a crime scene of 75 years old or less, the Cultural Resources Manager will notify the Provost Marshal's Office (PMO) and the Criminal Investigation Division (CID) on post and the County Sheriff's Department. All activities will cease within the area of the inadvertent discovery. The site will be protected and declared off limits to everyone except authorized personnel. The area of protection should cover no less than a 50-meter radius around the site. The CID will assume custody of the remains and notify the proper authorities.
- 4. If, upon examination, the remains appear to be human, but are not associated with a crime scene, or if all law enforcement officials contacted have determined that the remains will not be involved in a legal investigation, contact the State

Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO). This procedure applies whether or not the remains are Native American.

- 5. If after consultation with the SHPO, the remains are determined to be Native American and not associated with a crime, the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager or the staff archaeologist must make a written field evaluation of the circumstances of the discovery, the condition and contents of the burial, including any artifacts, the primary context of the remains and any artifacts, and their antiquity and significance. The human remains and cultural objects will be evaluated *in situ* Destructive analysis is prohibited. The Natural and Cultural Resources Manager or staff archaeologist may consult with the CID or a qualified physical or forensic anthropologist if necessary. The site will be protected according to standard installation practice for archaeological discoveries. Stabilization or covering may be employed if necessary. Removal of material shall not resume until compliance with these rules regarding resumption of activity is completed.
- 6. Note that a preliminary assessment of whether NAGPRA applies to a discovery of human remains may take considerable time and coordination with qualified professionals. Therefore, the Cultural Resources Manager should make arrangements with qualified professionals, such as physical or forensic anthropologists, who are willing to aid *in situ* identifications before an inadvertent discovery of human remains occurs.

NOTIFICATION OF THE RESPONSIBLE FEDERAL AGENCY OFFICIAL (INSTALLATION COMMANDER) [43 C.F.R. 10.4]

- 1. When the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager or staff archaeologist receives notification of an inadvertent discovery of Native American human remains and cultural objects, immediate telephone notification must be provided to the installation commander or his/her official designee. This telephone notification will be followed immediately by written notification that contains the results of the field evaluation and a plan of action to inform the commander of the intended consultation tasks and disposition of the discovered objects.
- 2. No later than 48 hours after receipt of written confirmation from the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager, the installation commander or his/her official designee will forward to the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager the certification that the Memorandum of Notification has been received.

3. All contracts that require any type of excavation on installation lands will include the requirement to notify the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager or staff archaeologist immediately upon discovery of human remains or cultural objects. Operations and Training (G3), and Range Control will be provided guidance to notify the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager or staff archaeologist immediately upon discovery of human remains or cultural objects.

NOTIFICATION OF NATIVE AMERICANS

- 1. No later than three (3) working days after receipt of written notification by the installation commander of the discovery of Native American human remains and /or cultural objects, the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager shall notify possible lineal descendants and Indian tribes who may potentially claim custody of remains and cultural objects. Notification shall occur (1) by telephone and (2) by written notification that includes the Memorandum of Notification of the Installation Commander signed by the installation commander and the field evaluation. Telephone notification, the date, time, and person contacted, will be recorded in a phone log and the conversation documented in a Memorandum for Record. Notices will be sent by certified mail to the lineal descendant or official NAGPRA contact person designated by the tribe. If the official NAGPRA contact person is the tribal chairperson, the letter will be sent to him/her via certified mail and a copy furnished to the NAGPRA coordinator. Follow-up phone calls will be made to the lineal descendants or NAGPRA coordinators of the Indian tribes contacted to determine if written notification of the discovery was received by the appropriate person and to ascertain how the tribe wishes to proceed in determining cultural affiliation, treatment, and disposition of the human remains or cultural objects.
- 2. Decisions on which tribes to notify will be based on priority of ownership described in 25 U.S.C. 3002 and 43 C.F.R. 10.6 and the List of Tribal Contacts.
- 3. Priority of ownership or control of Native American human remains and cultural objects is briefly: [For details, see 25 U.S.C. 3002(a), 43 C.F.R. 10.6]
 - 1). Lineal descendants, as determined pursuant to 43 C.F.R. 10.14(b)
 - 2). Indian tribe holding tribal lands as defined in 43 C.F.R. 10.2(f)(2)
 - 3). Culturally affiliated Indian tribe as defined in 43 C.F.R. 10.14

4). Indian tribe recognized as the aboriginal owners of the land by a final judgment of the Indian Claims Commission or the United States Court of Claims

- 5). Indian tribe with the strongest demonstrated cultural relationship
- 6). Unclaimed
- 4. The List of Tribal Contacts will be kept by the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager and will be verified and/or updated annually in coordination with tribal election schedules.

IDENTIFICATION OF NATIVE AMERICAN HUMAN REMAINS

- 1. Identification of Native American human remains and cultural objects will be made *in situ* unless they have already eroded from their original location or have been removed from their original resting place by accident or as a result of looting. If an *in situ* identification of the remains cannot be made, the potential culturally affiliated tribes will be consulted pursuant to 43 C.F.R. 10.3(b) and further identification procedures will be discussed.
- 2. If necessary, the Fort Irwin Natural and Cultural Resources Manager will coordinate the identification of Native American human remains and cultural objects with qualified archaeologists, forensic or physical anthropologists, or cultural anthropologists who will record their recommendations and all data necessary to make the identification, including any additional information that can contribute to the determination of lineal descendants or cultural affiliation. The Fort Irwin Natural and Cultural Resources Manager or staff archaeologist may use recommendations of experts along with any additional comparative physical anthropological data and archaeological, ethnographic, and historical information to determine lineal descendants or Indian tribes that have the closest affiliation according to priority of ownership as defined in 25 U.S.C. 3002(a) and 43 C.F.R. 10.6.
- 3. Cultural affiliation is determined by a preponderance of evidence based on geographical, kinship, biological, archaeological, anthropological, linguistic, folkloric, oral tradition, historical, or other relevant information or expert opinion [25 U.S.C. 3005(a)(4), 43 C.F.R. 10.14(e) and (f)]. Criteria for determining cultural affiliation are listed in 43 C.F.R. 10.14(c). Regulations caution that a finding of cultural affiliation based on a preponderance of evidence should take into consideration "the totality of the circumstances and evidence pertaining to the

connection between the claimant and the material being claimed and should not be precluded solely because of some gaps in the record" [43 C.F.R. 10.14(d)]. Cultural affiliation does not have to be established by the claimants with scientific certainty [43 C.F.R. 10.14(f)].

- 4. Determine lineal descendants or affiliated Indian tribes in consultation with potential lineal descendants or affiliated Indian tribes. The tribes may have additional information to contribute to the identification of lineal descendants or cultural affiliation. Representatives of tribes may decide to visit the site to verify the identification. A list of all Indian tribes consulted regarding the particular human remains and cultural items will also be provided to each consulting tribe.
- 5. Consultation must result in a written plan of action in accordance with 43 C.F.R. 10.5(e)] or Comprehensive Agreement (CA) in accordance with 43 C.F.R. 10.5(f) between the appropriate tribes and the installation commander or his/her designee. Development, review, and signature of the CA follow Army protocol specified in AR 200-4. The Fort Irwin Natural and Cultural Resources Manager, acting on behalf of the installation commander, may prepare the written plan of action or CA. The installation commander approves and signs all NAGPRA documents. Copies of the written plan of action are provided to the consulting lineal descendants and Indian tribes. Parties covered in a CA must agree to be signatories.
- 6. Information to be gained during the consultation that should be included in the written plan of action or CA:
 - a. Kinds of material to be considered as cultural objects as defined in Standard Operating Procedure #1 and 43 C.F.R. 10.2(d);
 - b. Specific information used to determine custody pursuant to 43 C.F. R. 10.6;
 - c. Treatment, care, and handling of human remains and cultural objects;
 - d. Archaeological recording of the human remains and cultural objects;
 - e. Kinds of analysis for identification of human remains and cultural objects;
 - f. Steps to be followed to contact Indian Tribe officials at the time of an inadvertent discovery of human remains or cultural objects;
 - g. Kind of traditional treatment to be afforded the human remains or cultural objects;
 - h. Nature of the reports to be prepared; and

i. Disposition of human remains and cultural objects in accordance with 43 C.F.R. 10.6.

TREATMENT AND DISPOSITION

- 1. The treatment and disposition of any Native American human remains and cultural objects recovered inadvertently from Fort Irwin lands shall be determined in consultation with lineal descendants or Indian tribes that can demonstrate priority of ownership as outlined in NAGPRA.
- 2. A tribe that wishes to make a claim of ownership of human remains or cultural objects must be able to demonstrate an affiliation by a preponderance of evidence according to the criteria for the priority of custody specified in 25 U.S.C. 3002 and 43 C.F.R. 10.6. Guidelines for determining the preponderance of evidence are found in 43 C.F.R. 10.14.
- 3. If a single, legitimate claimant cannot be identified, continue consultation with the previously consulted tribes to consider possible alternatives for affiliation, treatment, and disposition. Notify Forces Command (FORSCOM) regarding the details of the case. Fort Irwin must retain the material in a safe and secure manner agreeable to the consulting parties as required by 43 C.F.R. 10.6(c) and 10.15 until a plan for the treatment and disposition of the Native American human remains and cultural objects pursuant to 43 C.F.R. 10 can be specified.
- 4. If no agreement can be reached, refer to dispute resolution below.
- 5. For inadvertent discoveries of Native American human remains and cultural objects, endeavor to specify treatment within thirty (30) days after the certification of notification has been issued.
- 6. If it is determined by the consulting parties that the *in situ* restoration of a burial site is not feasible, the contents of the burial shall, upon the identification of the lineal descendants or cultural affiliation, be repatriated to the lineal descendants or appropriate tribe/s, if a legitimate claim is made. Procedures for repatriation will be made in consultation with the appropriate descendants and/or tribe/s pursuant to 43 C.F.R. 10.6.
- 7. Each restoration and re-interment shall require that Fort Irwin provide an opportunity for appropriate tribal religious ceremony or ceremonies pursuant to the American Indian Religious Freedom Act (AIRFA) [42 U.S.C. 1996-1996a] and Executive Order 13007.

8. Following 43 C.F.R. 10.6(c), prior to the disposition of human remains and cultural objects, the installation commander or his/her official designee must publish notices of the proposed disposition in a newspaper of general circulation in the area in which the human remains and cultural objects were discovered and in which the lineal descendants or affiliated Indian tribe/s currently reside.

- a. The notice must provide information as to the nature and affiliation of the human remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony and solicit further claims to custody. The consulting tribes may review the content of the notice before its publication. Privileged information should not be included in the notice.
- b. The notices must be published twice at least a week apart. A copy of the notice and information on when and in what newspaper/s the notice was published must be sent to the Departmental Consulting Archaeologist, Archaeological Assistance Division, and the National Park Service.
- c. The return of human remains and cultural objects must not take place until at least thirty days after the publication of the second notice to allow time for any additional claimants to come forward. If additional claimants do come forward and the installation commander or his/her designee cannot clearly determine which claimant is entitled to custody, the federal agency must not transfer custody of the human remains and cultural objects until the proper recipient is determined pursuant to 43 C.F.R. 10.
- 9. If a claim is made for human remains and cultural objects, all of the tribes that were involved in the consultations regarding their disposition will be notified.
- 10. Unclaimed Native American human remains and cultural objects shall be returned in accordance with the regulations developed by the NAGPRA Review Committee.

TIME CONFLICTS

On those rare occasions when Fort Irwin or the tribe(s) is unable to meet its commitments pertaining to time schedules for any activity specified herein, the party that is unable to meet the schedule will notify the other party as soon as physically possible to reschedule the activities to the mutual satisfaction of both parties. Emergency actions will be coordinated by telephone or FAX.

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

1. All disputes regarding the cultural affiliation of discovered human remains and/or cultural objects shall be resolved in accordance with Sections 3 and 7(e) of NAGPRA and the implementing regulations 43 C.F.R. 10.

- 2. Fort Irwin shall follow the procedures set forth in this document regarding consultation with the interested tribes. Should any interested tribe make a conflicting claim of cultural affiliation or dispute the methods of treatment or disposition of human remains and/or cultural objects as delineated herein, the installation commander shall notify FORSCOM.
- 3. Fort Irwin will continue consultation with the disputing parties, suggest that the disputing parties seek resolution among themselves, and, if the disputing parties concur, go before the NAGPRA Review Committee which is given the authority under 25 U.S.C 3006(c)(4) and 43 C.F.R. 10.16 and 10.17 to make recommendations on the resolution of disputes.
- 4. If, upon receipt of the recommendations of the Review Committee, the most appropriate claimant still cannot be determined, Fort Irwin shall retain the disputed remains or cultural objects until the question of custody is resolved, as stated in 43 C.F.R. 10.15(a)(2).

ADDITIONAL PARTIES

- 1. Interested tribes claiming lineal descent or cultural affiliation may join these procedures at any time should they express a desire to do so.
- 2. However, in accordance with 43 C.F.R. 10.15 (a)(1), if an interested party fails to make a written claim prior to the time human remains and cultural objects are duly repatriated or disposed of to a claimant in accordance with 43 C.F.R. 10, the interested party is deemed to have irrevocably waived any right to claim such items pursuant to these regulations.

RESUMPTION OF ACTIVITY

- 1. 43 C.F.R. 10.4(d)(2) specifies:
 - a. The activity that resulted in the inadvertent discovery of Native American human remains or cultural objects may resume thirty (30) days

after certification by the installation commander of the receipt of the notification sent by the Cultural Resources Manager, if otherwise lawful. Any impacts to the site must be evaluated pursuant to Section 106 [36 C.F.R. 800] of the National Historic Preservation Act [16 U.S.C. 470-470w]. Environment consideration under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) may be required prior to continuing the activity. This may be a supplement to the NEPA analysis which was done prior to initiating the activity, and should consider the effect of the activity on the "find" in question, as well as the effect, if any, on any other "finds" in the vicinity. Removal or excavation of Native American human remains and cultural objects must also be carried out in accordance with 43 C.F.R. 10.3.

- b. Or, activity may resume if the treatment is documented in a written binding agreement between the installation and the affiliated Indian tribes that follows 43 C.F.R. 10.3 and 43 C.F.R. 10.6.
- c. In no event may activity resume until the SHPO or, if involved, local law enforcement officials approve.

REFERENCES

FEDERAL STATUTES

- 1. American Indian Religious Freedom Act of 1978, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 1996-1996a
- 2. Archaeological Resources Protection Act of 1979, 16 U.S.C. 470aa-470ll
- 3. Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990, 25 U.S.C. 3001-3013
- 4. National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4321-4370c
- 5. National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, 16 U.S.C. 470-470w

FEDERAL REGULATIONS

- 1. 32 C.F.R. 229, Protection of Archaeological Resources
- 2. 36 C.F.R. 60, National Register of Historic Places
- 3. 36 C.F.R. 63, Determinations of Eligibility for Inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places

4. 36 C.F.R. 78, Waiver of Federal Agency Responsibility under Section 110 of the National Historic Preservation Act

- 5. 36 C.F.R. 800, Protection of Historic Properties
- 6. 40 C.F.R. 1500-1508, Regulations Implementing the National Environmental Policy Act
- 7. 43 C.F.R. 7, Protection of Archaeological Resources
- 8. 43 C.F.R. 10, Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act Regulations

EXECUTIVE ORDERS

- 1. E.O. 11593, Protection and Enhancement of the Cultural Environment
- 2. E.O. 13007, Indian Sacred Sites
- 3. E.O. 13084, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments

PRESIDENTIAL MEMORANDA

1. White House Memorandum, Government-to-Government Relations with Native American Tribal Governments, April 29, 1994

Appendix B: NTC Land Expansion Presentation

By Tim Reischl, Charis Corporation



Agenda

- Introduction and Briefing
 - Land Expansion Purpose and Need
 - Congressional Actions
 - Timelines
 - Ongoing Actions
- Questions and Discussion

Fort Irwin Land Expansion

NTC Training

- Provide the toughest, most realistic combat training possible for Army brigades (5,000 soldiers) and battalions (5-800 soldiers).
 - Use actual distances for weapons and units.
 - Constant training 24/7, disregard weather and time.
 - Train using force-on-force and live fire training.
 - Train any type of brigade (heavy, light, SBCT)
 - Incorporate training simulations where applicable.
- Prepare units, soldiers and leaders and give them realistic leadership and operational experience.
- Ten training rotations per year. Each lasts 28-35 days.

Modernizing NTC Training

The World Is Different ...

Urban, Asymmetrical Ops, Adaptive Threats, Dispersed, Unconventional, Advanced Technology

The Army Must Transform ...

New Units, New Tactics, New Weapons and Systems

Our Army Must Be ...

Responsive, Deployable, Agile, Versatile, Lethal, Survivable, Sustainable

... NTC must change to keep training the Army



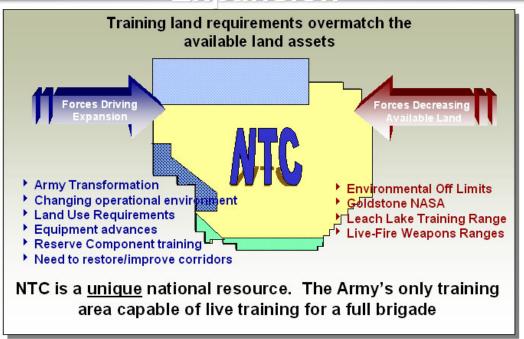
Leader Development
Operational Experience
Unit Readiness

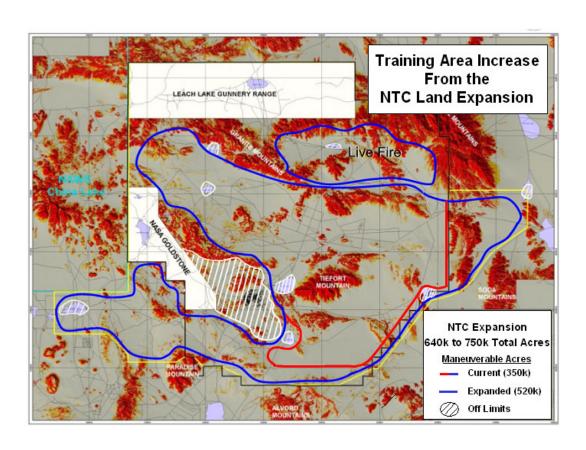
Transforming NTC

Seven NTC modernization programs are designed to support NTC training for Army Transformation.

- Operations Group
- OPFOR
- Facilities and Support
- NTC Aviation
- Urban Operations
- Land Expansion
- Instrumentation

Purpose and Need for Expansion





Congressional Action

- Since 1986, four unsuccessful plans to expand NTC
- DA and DOI develop expansion option in Oct 2000
 - Joint effort between the two agencies
- Legislation signed in Dec 01 requiring a proposed plan for meeting NTC land expansion requirements.
 - Must comply with all NEPA / ESA provisions
 - \$75M authorized for mitigation and compensation
- The bill directed DA/DOI to formulate a plan to expand NTC with the following deadlines:
 - 120 days to formulate a plan -- completed
 - 30 Months to complete NEPA Actions (20 Jun 03)

Fort Irwin Land Expansion

Congressional Action (cont'd)

- Proposed Expansion Plan with draft legislation was completed on 5 July 2001.
- The legislation that actually withdraws the public land was signed by the President on 11 Jan 2002.
 - FY2002 Defense Appropriations Bill.
 - Withdrawal is a "placeholder" that reserves the land pending NEPA actions.
 - Fort Irwin now manages the withdrawn lands. No training activities are being conducted.
 - Private lands will be acquired after NEPA as available.

Fort Irwin Land Expansion

Ongoing Actions

- A Supplemental EIS is used to complete the work started in 1997 Draft EIS. Army is lead agency.
- Threatened/Endangered Species considered:
 - Desert Tortoise
- -- Lane Mountain Milkvetch
- Mohave Ground Squirrel
- Ongoing Studies/Consultations:
 - Air Quality/Conformity
- -- Noise
- Native American
- -- Cultural Resources

Ground Water

- -- Real Estate
- Hazardous Materials
- -- Airspace

Ongoing Actions

- Other Considerations:
 - Recreation / ORVPower corridor

- -- Mining -- Private land
- Cooperating Agencies:
 - Bureau of Land Management
 - USAF
 - Nellis AFB and Edwards AFB
 - USN
 - China Lake Naval Air Weapons Center
 - NASA
 - Goldstone Deep Space Tracking Facility
 - Federal Aviation Administration

Timelines

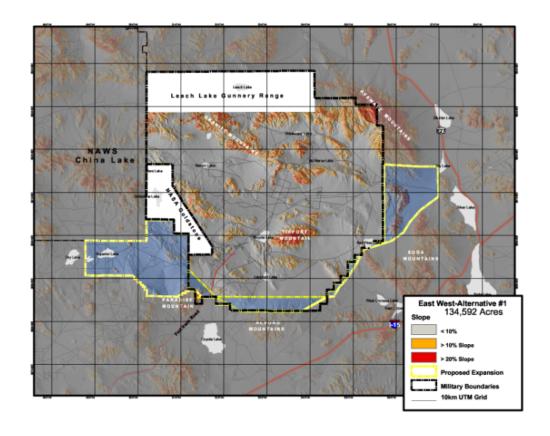
- NOW Studies, research, BA development, etc
- · Nov 01- Jan 02 Scoping meetings
- Jan 02 Legislation enacted
- Nov 02 Draft BA complete
- Nov 02 Apr 03 Section 7 Consultation with FWS
- Jan 03 Supplemental Draft EIS
- Feb Apr 03 Public hearings
- Jun 03 Final EIS complete
- · Jul 03 Record of Decision
- · AFTER -- Complete mitigation, land acquisition
- Jul 06 07 Training in expanded NTC training area

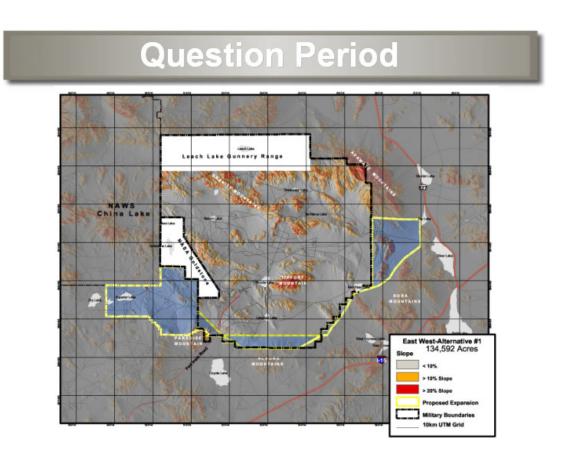
Working Issues

- Completing NEPA / ESA requirements.
- Mitigation plan accounting for:
 - Desert Tortoise—Threatened
 - Lane Mountain Milkvetch-Endangered
- Working with COE to acquire mitigation and private lands in expansion area.
 - Timeliness and direction of effort
- Concern from environmental groups.
- Funding: \$141.5M required; \$19M O/H, \$14.5M programmed for FY05.
 - No other funds programmed.
- Integration with NTC modernization.









Appendix C: Cultural Affiliation Study Presentation

By David Earle, Earle and Associates

DAVID EARLE PRESENTATION MADE AT FT. IRWIN, NTC—NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBES MEETING ON INSTALLATION EXPANSION CULTURAL RESOURCES

04 SEPTEMBER 2002

CULTURAL AFFILIATION RESEARCH PROJECT FOR FT. IRWIN AND SURROUNDING REGION

A. GOALS OF THE PROJECT:

- (1) COLLECT AND ANALYZE ETHNOHISTORICAL AND ETHNOGRAPHIC INFORMATION IN ORDER TO DOCUMENT THE FOLLOWING:
 - (A) THE OCCUPATION, SETTLEMENT, OR USE OF THE FT. IRWIN REGION BY NATIVE GROUPS, PARTICULARLY AFTER 1750
 - (B) NATIVE ECONOMIC USE OF THE FORT IRWIN REGION, INCLUDING NATURAL RESOURCES BEING USED
 - (C) SOCIAL ORGANIZATION AND RELIGIOUS PRACTICES OF GROUPS USING THE INSTALLATION AREA
- (2) IDENTIFY TRADITIONAL CULTURAL PROPERTIES AT FT. IRWIN:

DEFINITION: ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES, PLACES, STRUCTURES, AREAS, SACRED SITES, ETC. THAT HAVE TRADITIONALLY BEEN RECOGNIZED BY AN EXISTING CULTURAL GROUP OR COMMUNITY AS BEING OF CULTURAL SIGNIFICANCE TO THEM, THUS BECOME ELIGIBLE FOR LISTING IN *THE NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES.* [Editor's Note: Any property must also meet one of the four criteria of eligibility.]

(3) IDENTIFY NATURAL RESOURCES OF TRADITIONAL IMPORTANCE TO NATIVE COMMUNITIES:

EXAMPLES:

- (A) BASKETRY AND OTHER PLANT MATERIALS FOR CRAFTS
- (B) EDIBLE WILD PLANT FOODS
- (C) STONE SOURCES AND OTHER TRADITIONAL CRAFT MATERIALS
- (4) IDENTIFY OTHER CULTURAL RESOURCES:
 - (A) CAMP OR VILLAGE SITES
 - (B) PLACES IDENTIFIED AS SACRED SITES IN ARCHIVAL DOCUMENTATION

B METHODS USED IN THE PROJECT—COLLECTION OF INFORMATION:

- (1) HISTORICAL DOCUMENTATION FROM THE 18TH AND 19TH CENTURIES PROVIDING INFORMATION ON THE FORT IRWIN REGION
 - (A) SPANISH AND MEXICAN EXPLORATION
 - (B) TRAVELERS' ACCOUNTS—OLD SPANISH TRAIL AND MINING CAMPS
 - (C) MILITARY DOCUMENTS—AFTER 1850
 - (D) OTHER OFFICIAL REPORTS RELATING TO NATIVE GROUPS
 - (E) MINING RELATED DOCUMENTATION
 - (F) CENSUS REPORTS
 - (G) NEWSPAPERS
- (2) PAST COMMENTARY BY NATIVE ELDERS ABOUT TRADITIONAL WAYS OF LIFE IN THE MOJAVE DESERT AND FT. IRWIN REGION
 - (A) JOHN WESLEY POWELL—SOUTHERN PAIUTE & CHEMEHUEVI

- (B) KROEBER—MOJAVE
- (C) HARRINGTON-MOJAVE, CHEMEHUEVI
- (D) CAROBETH LAIRD—CHEMEHUEVI
- (E) ISABEL KELLY—CHEMEHUEVI, SOUTHERN PAIUTE
- (F) JULIAN STEWARD—SOUTHERN PAIUTE, PANAMINT SHOSHONI
- (G) MAURICE ZIGMOND—KAWAIISU / NUWIWI
- (H) STEPHEN CAPPANARI—KAWAIISU / NUWIWI, WESTERN SHOSHONI
- (3) CONTEMPORARY NATIVE COMMENTARY ABOUT PLACES AND RESOURCES OF CULTURAL SIGNIFICANCE
 - (A) TRADITIONAL CULTURAL PROPERTIES
 - (B) OTHER CULTURAL RESOURCES

NATIVE ASSOCIATION WITH THE REGION AT THE TIME OF GARCES—1770S

- -MOJAVES
- -CHEMEHUEVIS/ SOUTHERN PAIUTE
- -KAWAIISU
- -SERRANO
- -SHOSHONI

DEVELOPMENTS IN THE EARLY NINETEENTH CENTURY:

- -COASTAL MISSIONIZATION AND DESERT GROUPS
- -RESISTANCE TO SPANISH AND MEXICAN RULE
- -THE OLD SPANISH TRAIL
- -GROUP MIGRATIONS

THE ERA OF AMERICAN RULE:

- -CONFLICT WITH THE AMERICANS IN THE MOJAVE DESERT
- -MOVEMENT AND MIGRATIONS OF GROUPS
- -MAINTAINING THE TRADITIONAL WAY OF LIFE IN THE LATE 19^{TH} CENTURY

-FEDERAL RECOGNITION

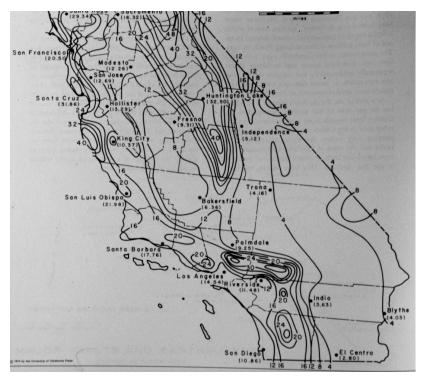
AFTER 1900:

- -ISSUES OF FEDERAL RECOGNITION AND SOVEREIGNTY
- -THE INCREASED VALUING OF NATIVE HERITAGE
- -DEVELOPING COMMUNITY HISTORIES BY WORKING WITH NATIVE ELDERS
- -INFORMATION ABOUT WHO LIVED WHERE—"PLACE NAMES"
- -THE IMPORTANCE OF SACRED PLACES—RECORDED IN SONGS AND STORIES
- -THE IMPORTANCE OF SACRED PLACES—JOURNEYING AROUND THE DESERT

Transparencies:



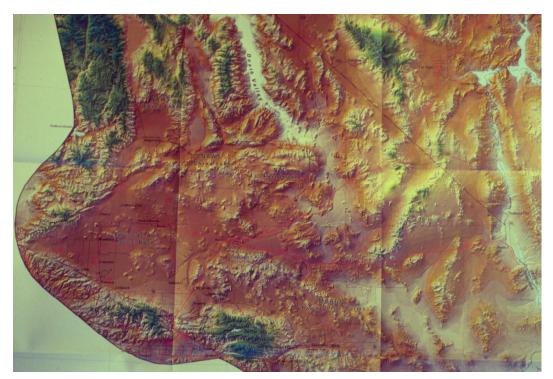
(1) Map of native language-cultural groups of southern California (Kroeber 1925).



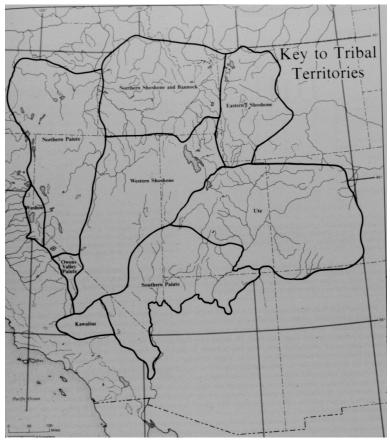
(2) Rainfall map of southern California, showing corridor (barrier) of extreme aridity extending southeast from Death Valley. This barrier was a frontier between the Chemehuevi and Mojaves to the east and the Serranos to the west in the 18th Century.



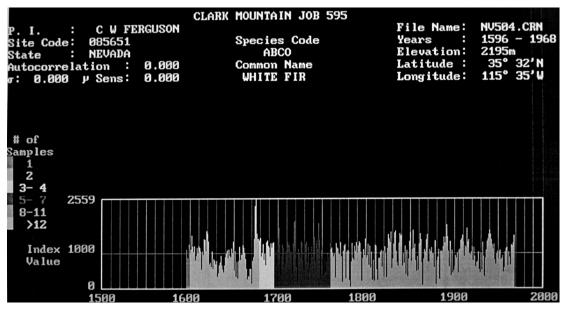
(3) Satellite view of Fort Irwin region and western Mojave Desert, to locate the installation in respect to the Mojave River, Death Valley, and other geographical features.



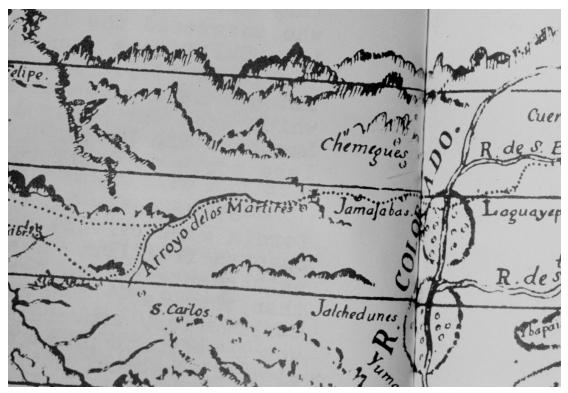
(4) Map view of Mojave Desert region, for discussion of desert topography and native use of the desert.



(5) Map of distribution of Numic-speakers in California and Nevada for discussion of Numic spread.



(6) Chart showing dendrochronological rainfall proxy data, for discussion of climate and drought reconstruction.



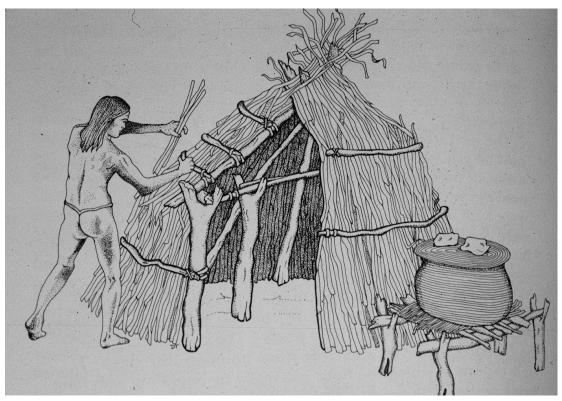
(7) Font map of southern California and Colorado River, ca. 1776, for discussion of Garces and other Spanish exploration of the Mojave Desert.



(8) Photograph of carving apparently left by Garces north of Edwards AFB, dated April 1776, for discussion of Garces' observations on native political geography of desert.

Suafue, y me rocco con estas as mode que se hare quando se teuan flower. Tambien quando vi no la segunda rruger express su ufecto con las mennas ceremonias Yo les courrespondi del medo que per de, y me admine al ver que en the even Gener tan municipal se hallen demostraciones propreses de las mus cuvas, y una pareces lar magnificencia en deriamas su mour remo que son las cudia 20 ~ Andube dos lequas, y media al cie, y sursueve siquiendo celio observe cerca del Puero por don de para el Nio que le exercehados Cerricos, y le halle en 34 of 18 ms por la taxae andute 5 .. lequar al Sur, y Sucre, leque & una Nancheria como de 40 Almas donde fue recibido con mucho regarifo. Juando iba llegan. do, unos aullabam como Lobos, y otros havan largos raronamientos en vou mui atra. Aqui ha bia dos Capicares los que con weis los demas Hombres me regalaron cu

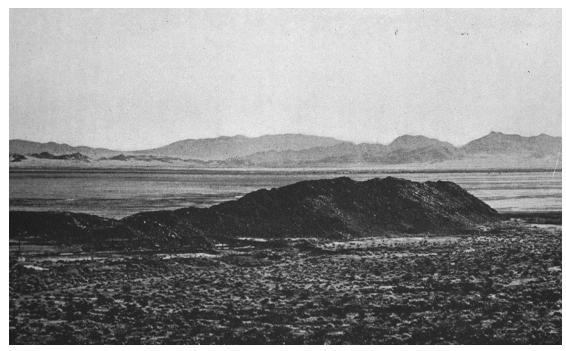
(9) Page from Garces' diary (see above).



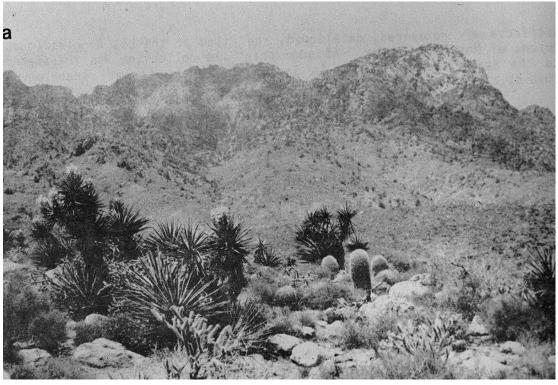
(10) Line drawing illustrating native temporary camp, for discussion of study of native settlement systems.



(11) Drawing of woman gathering wild seeds – for discussion of wild food foraging and collecting.



(12) View of Sinks of the Mojave, for discussion of playa environments used by natives of the Fort Irwin region.



(13) View of Providence Mountains, for discussion of higher altitude spring site zones in eastern California deserts, associated with pinyon gathering and hunting



(14) Pinyon pine nuts, a staple of desert Numic-speakers.



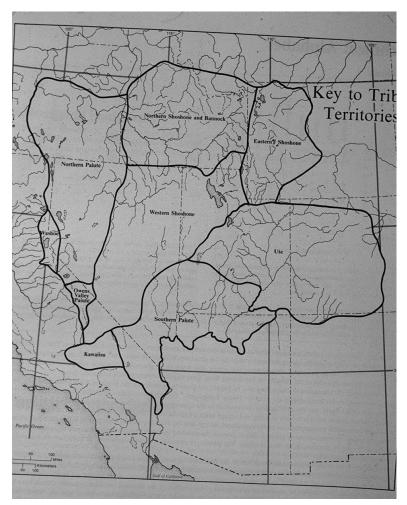
(15) View of pinyon pine grove.



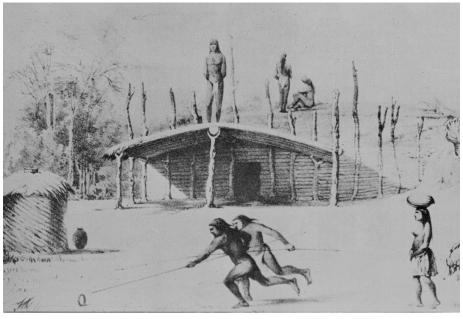
(16) Desert tortoise; an important food item for Central Mojave Desert native groups.



(17) Chemehuevis as they appeared in ca. 1853, for discussion of Chemehuevi and related Kawaiisu presence in the Ft. Irwin area.



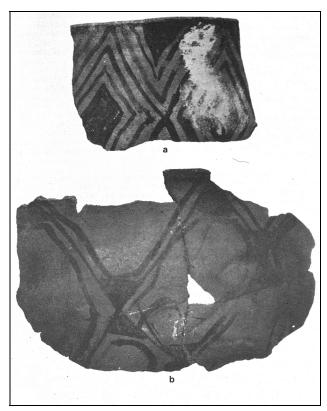
(18) Geographical distribution of Chemehuevi, Southern Paiute, and Kawaiisu in 18th Century, resident in the vicinity of Fort Irwin.



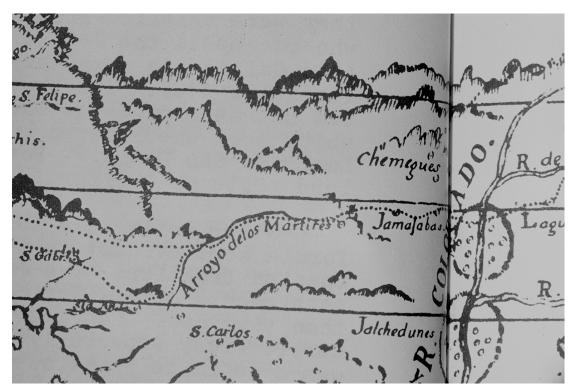
(19) Mojaves and Mojave dwelling; this group visited the Fort Irwin area frequently and also maintained exchange links with Pacific coast groups.



(20) Mojave group as it appeared in ca. 1853.



(21) Mojave pottery, exchanged to the western Mojave Desert, for discussion of Mojave travel and visits to sacred sites.



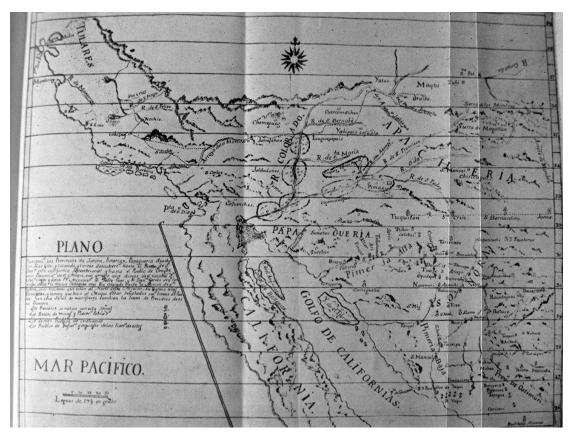
(22) Font map of 1776 showing Mojave River exchange and travel corridor, which was a major cultural geographic feature affecting use of the Fort Irwin region.



(23) Metate quarry near Barstow, to the south of Fort Irwin, for discussion of regional exchange resources.



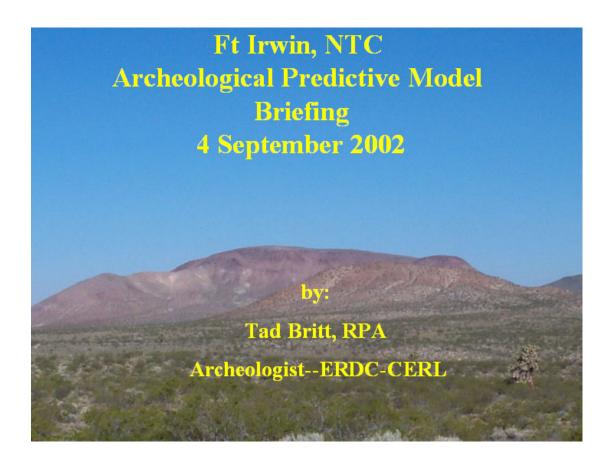
(24) Relief view of Fort Irwin area, showing landforms and fault lines.



(25) Enlarged view of Font map showing distribution of ethnic groups in late 18th Century California and Nevada, for discussion of regional political geography.

Appendix D: Archeological Predictive Model

By Tad Britt, ERDC-CERL



What: An Archeological Predictive Model for Ft Irwin, National Training Center and Proposed Expansion Areas.

- A dynamic GIS tool that models existing geomorphic, cultural and ecological knowledge in order to predict site/behavior favorability locations through time, across the landscape, regionally.
 - Where sites are likely to be found.
 - Where sites are unlikely to be found.
 - What methods should be used to optimize data recovery efforts.

Archeological Predictive Model Approach:

The variable to be modeled will be the location of archeological sites from a regional perspective—beyond the "fence lines" of the installation. The model outcome will be a map that depicts the favorability of a location for a site to be present. The general procedure for the creation of such a model is to first study the terrain and other factors that are associated with existing known sites in the study area. By inferring that other sites of this same type would be more likely to occur in similar places, it is possible to target resource management activities.

Archeological Predictive Model Objectives:

Purpose of APM is to determine site favorability based on type, age, cultural affiliation, environment and setting of the resource on the landscape--a 3-D approach. Are sites predicted to be there, if so, where and what methods should be used to identify and evaluate their significance.

If not, can specific settings be categorically eliminated. Objective is to establish parameters and methodologies for each set of characteristics that do, or do not, occur. Provide a reliable range of scale (very favorable—very unfavorable) for site occurrence per landform type.

Why: Legal Drivers—NHPA (Sections 106 & 110) and NEPA.

- STEWARDSHIP: A need for a daily and longterm decision-making tool for CRM for compliance and risk assessment issues.
- SUSTAINABILITY: Planning and prioritization capabilities with respect to ecosystem management that transcend "fence line" mentality.
- PROACTIVE: Cost effective and time efficient and expedites training readiness.
- INTEROPERABILITY: Enhances existing and developing GIS programs (e.g., ICRMP, INRMP, MDEP, FICRD, CHRIS, ITAM, Range Control, DPW, etc.).

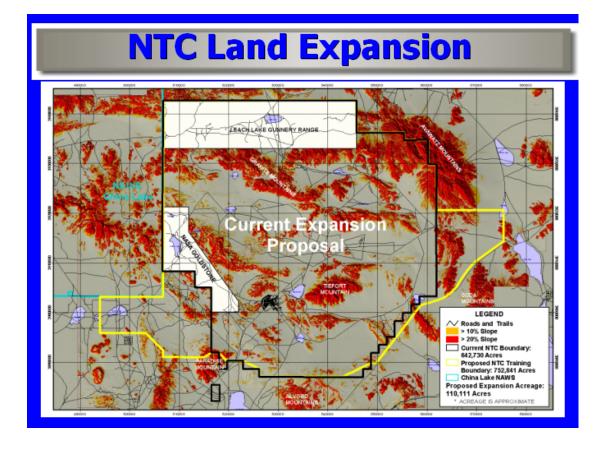
When: ERDC-CERL Contract Period 10 August 2001 to 1 May 2003.

Work is accelerated and will have working prototype for field-testing Spring 2002.

- All existing GIS data has been collected and integrated into a working model.
- Archeological site sample (GPS validation). Report due 30 April 2002.
- Geomorphic landform sampling (landform dating).
 Report due 30 April 2002.

Where: Total area to be included in APM = 774,980 + acres.

- Ft Irwin, NTC- existing holdings 642,730.
 - o Tortoise Critical Habitat 22,139 acres.
- Bureau of Land Management--113, 000 acres.
- Total acquisition for training purposes--132,250 acres, located within and along the perimeter of Ft Irwin NTC (i.e., Superior, Power Line and Avawatz areas).
- Surrounding region—Area of Potential Effect (APE)



STATUS OF KNOWLEDGE:

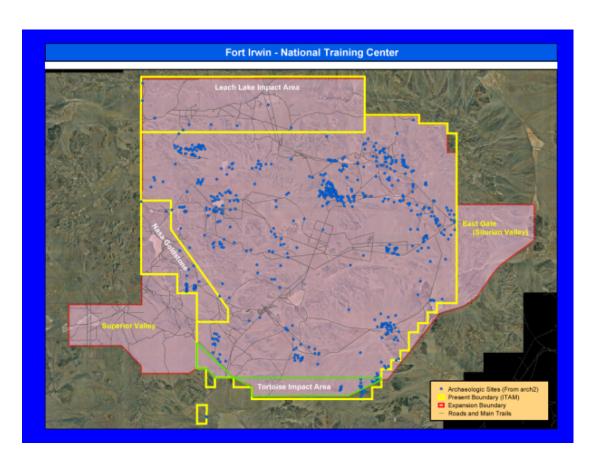
Ft Irwin:

- o 27.2% of Ft Irwin surveyed to date (including: Goldstone, Leach Lake and Coyote Basin)
- o 618 recorded archeological sites on Ft Irwin
- o 25 determined NRHP eligible sites
- o 498 protected sites (considered eligible to NRHP)
- o 81 ineligible sites
- o 14 sites with inconclusive data

Data from Ft Irwin ICRMP (2001)

Documented Cultural Resource Types - NTC and Expansion Areas

- Prehistoric
 - Rock Art and Rock Shelters (27 sites)
 - Lithic Reduction and Lithic Scatter (479 sites)
 - Habitation (131 sites)
- Historic (73 sites)
 - *Multi-component sites are included in all applicable groups



STATUS OF KNOWLEDGE:

(continued)

Expansion Areas:

<u>Area</u>	Total Acreage	<u>% surveyed</u>
o Superior Valley	63,356 acres	9%
o Power Line	5,683 acres	17.4%
o Avawatz	45,713 acres	21.1%

From Charis White Paper 2001

STATUS OF KNOWLEDGE:

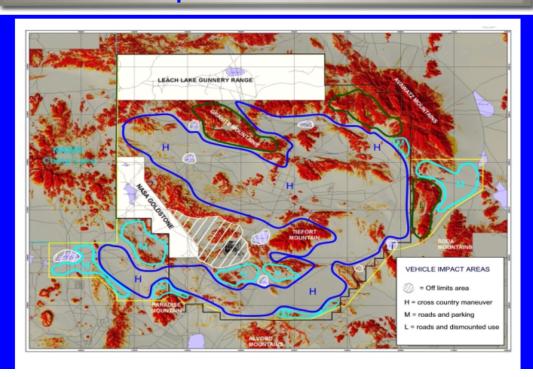
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Total acreage requiring survey for compliance (minimum of 25% to 50% coverage):

<u>Area</u>	% required for compliance	Acreage
o Superior Valley	41 %	21,541 (50%)
o Power Line	7.6 %	432 (25%)
o Avawatz	4.9%	2,240 (25%)
		24.213 acres

From Charis White Paper 2001

Proposed Activities



APM Variables:

- Dependent variable
 - Recorded archeological sites
- Independent variables
 - Soil characteristics
 - » Average soil water content
 - » Depth to bedrock
 - » Soil texture
 - Landform and Geology
 - » Composition
 - » Landform
 - Terrain
 - » Slope
 - » Aspect
 - » Elevation
 - Surface and Ground Water Availability
 - » Distance from lakes and springs

Archeological Predictive Model:

(continued)

Other data to be included/considered:

- 1 meter Digital Orthophotos and High Resolution Digital Elevation Models
- Fort Irwin Cultural Resource Database (FICRD). 79
 categories and subcategories that address significance,
 culture period, disturbance, risks, loss potential, protection,
 etc. But, not all categories populated.
- Training compartment areas and Fort Irwin boundaries.
- · CHRIS data from surrounding region.
- Biases--Methodological and Environmental.

GEOMORPHOLOGY:

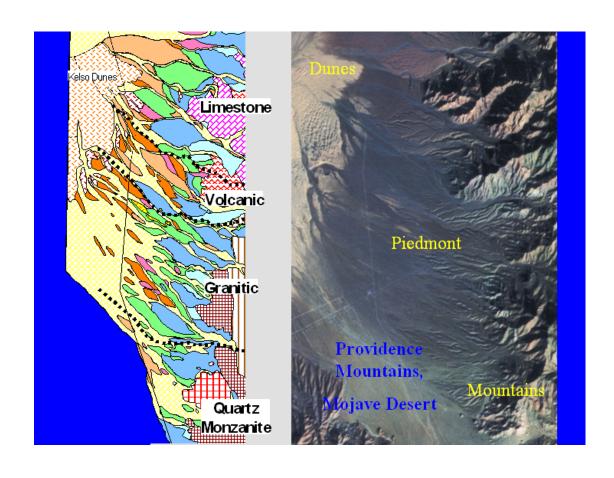
- Conducted a thorough literature and records search of late quaternary geomorphology pertaining to Ft Irwin and its Area of Potential Effect (APE).
- Conducted field reconnaissance of 85 archeological sites.
 Site selection was based on consensus between ERDC-CERL Team, Ft Irwin and BLM members.
- Devised a classification system that will facilitate geoarcheological categorization of site types, cultural periods, chronology and environment with respect to landform classes/features.

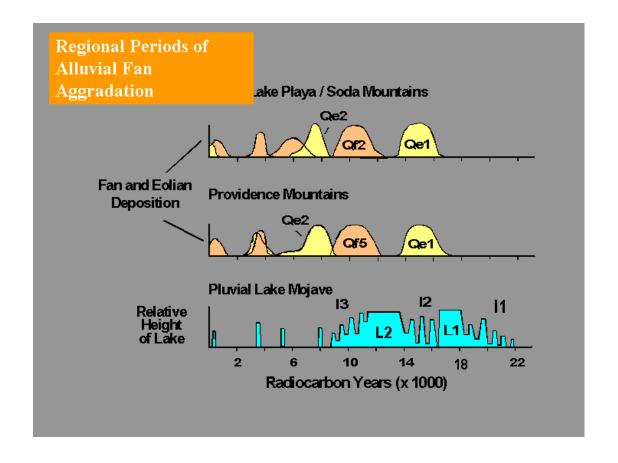
GEOMORPHOLOGY

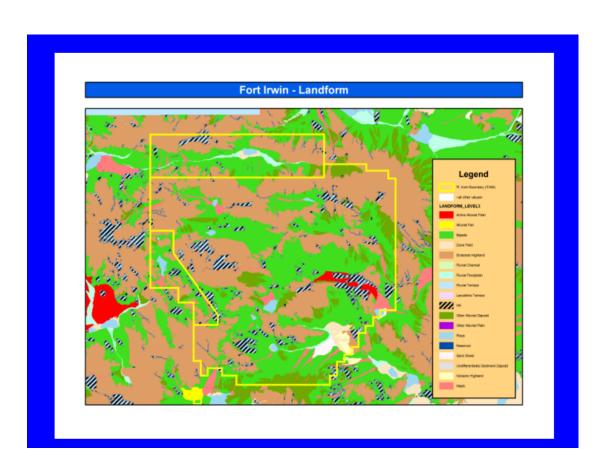
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Landform Investigations

- Deposit Type
- Landform/Setting
- Surface Type/Pavement
- Deposit/Landform Age
- Soil Surface Horizon
- Soil Strongest Subsoil Horizon
- Surface Age
- Artifact Lithic Type
- Dominant Lithological Deposit
- Aspect/Position and Slope Position
- Potential for Buried Cultural Deposits
- Geomorphic Stability
- · Potential for Future Burial







Archeological Predictive Model:

(continued)

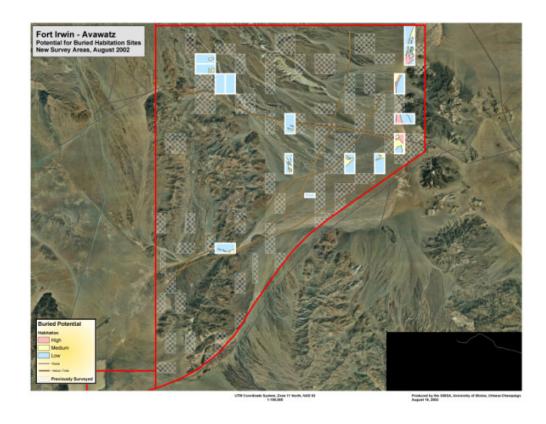
Methods-- Two types of methods will be used for this APM:

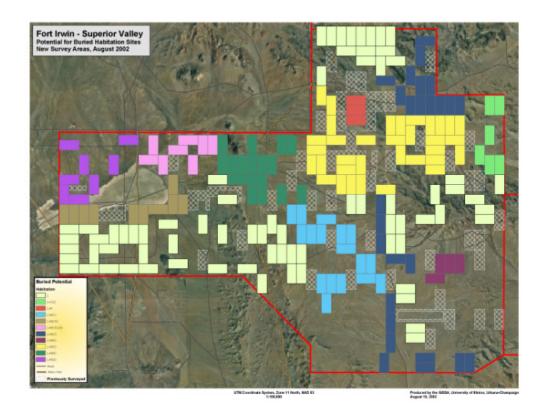
- 1) Descriptive methods such as Chi Square analysis and map overlay provide a means to produce a favorability map.
- 2) Parametric methods such as logistic regression, for example, will be used to create a probability map of site location based on a regression equation.

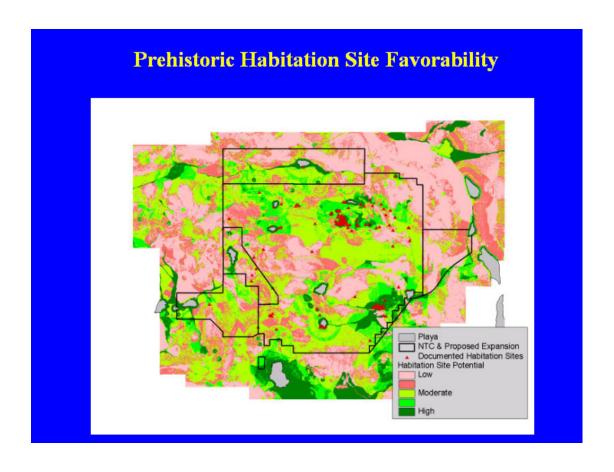
Archeological Predictive Model:

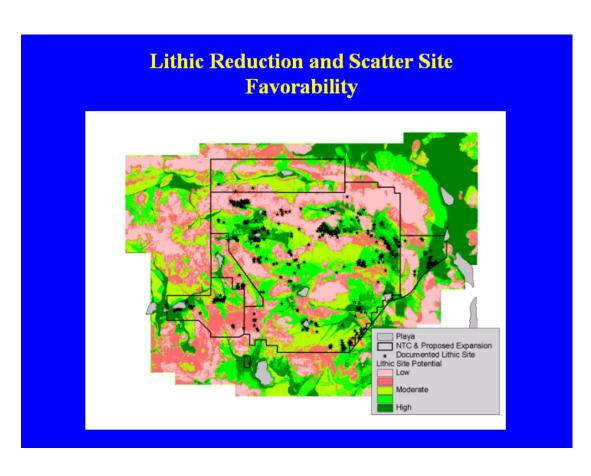
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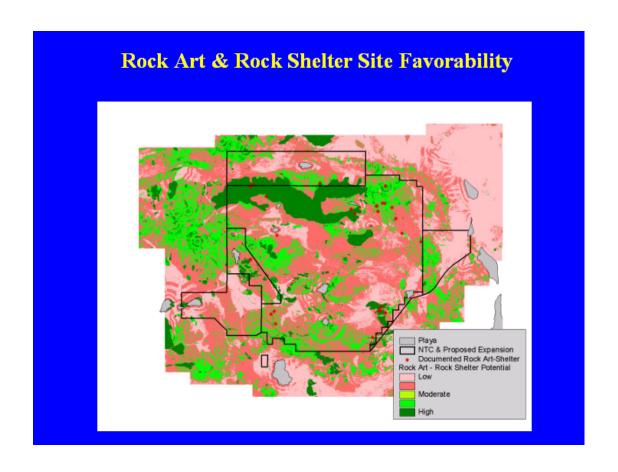
- Construct the model—this will involve selecting +/-100 random stratified sample survey and significant sites from Ft Irwin and the proposed expansion area to test APM.
- Validate and refine model—via Split-Sample validation of +/-100 sites that will be verified in the field. Refinement will be accomplished via CRM surveys and geomorphic field investigations to improve and ensure accuracy of the model.

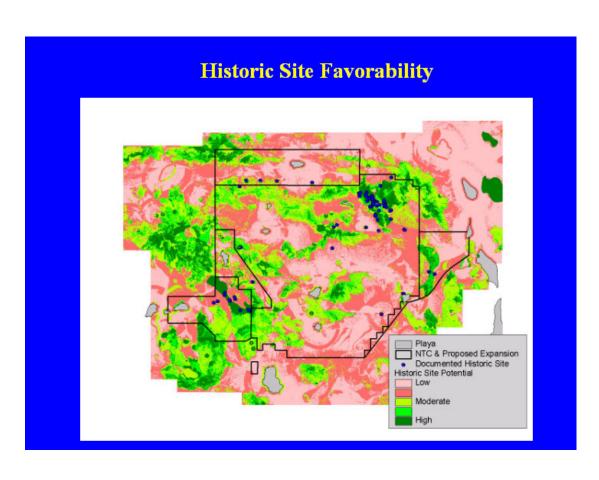


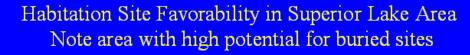


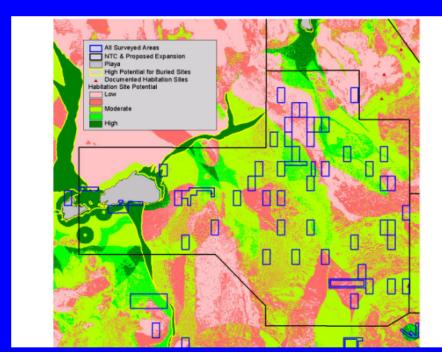












Model Performance

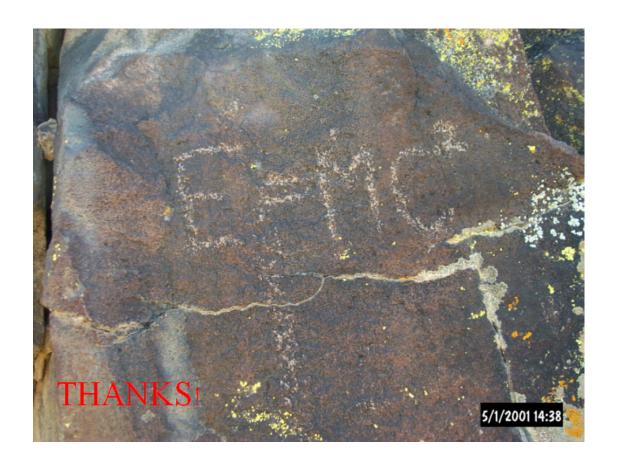
Site Type	% of	% of
	Sites	Area
Habitation	48%	7%
Rock Art	44%	7%
Lithic	32%	11%
Historic	54%	7%

- Goal is to reduce the amount of area to survey so that it includes only those areas where sites are most likely
- Areas already surveyed, expected military impact, and potential for buried sites are also considered

RECOMMENDATIONS:

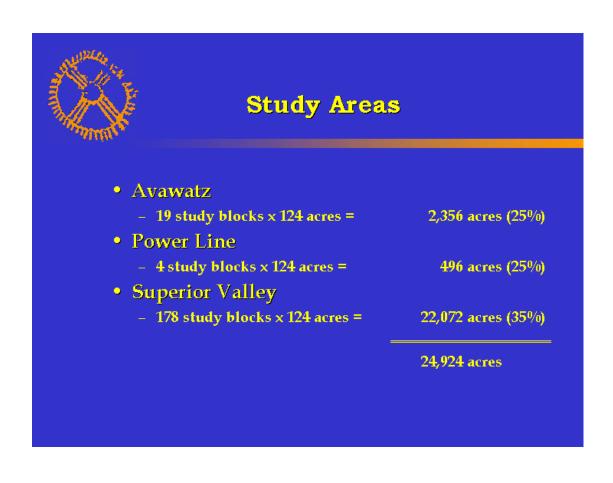
Proceed with surveys ASAP based on APM data. Field investigations should incorporate identification <u>AND</u> evaluation efforts to maximize and expedite compliance process.

- Follow guidelines and methodologies generated from APM.
- · Follow guidance and research objectives of Ft Irwin ICRMP
- Address research questions in California State Historic Preservation Plan



Appendix E: Land Expansion Survey Test Presentation

By Craig Smith, Project Manager, TRC





Methods

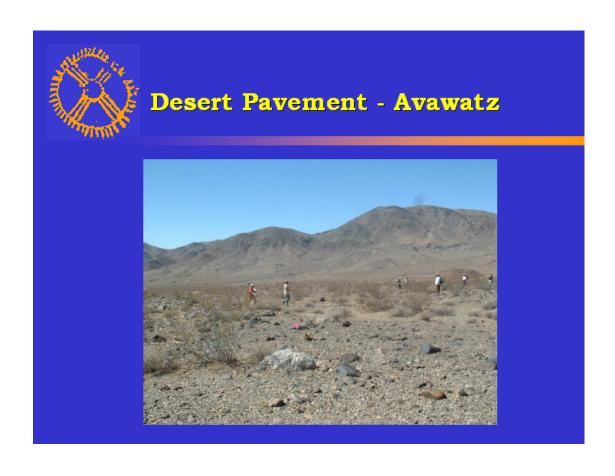
- Walk study blocks at 15-m (50-ft) transects
- Use Geo III Explorer GPS for all locational information
- · Isolated artifacts extensively recorded
- · Sites extensively recorded
- All sites tested
- Military remains also recorded

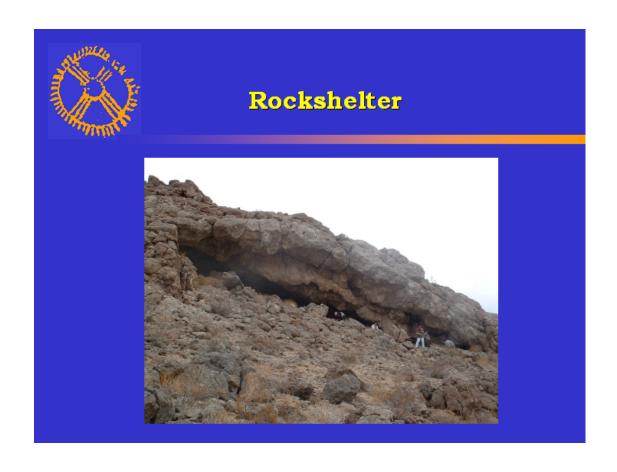


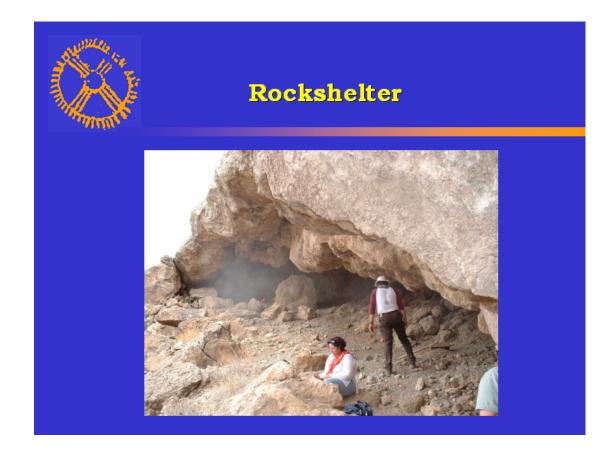
Avawatz Study Area (2,356 acres)

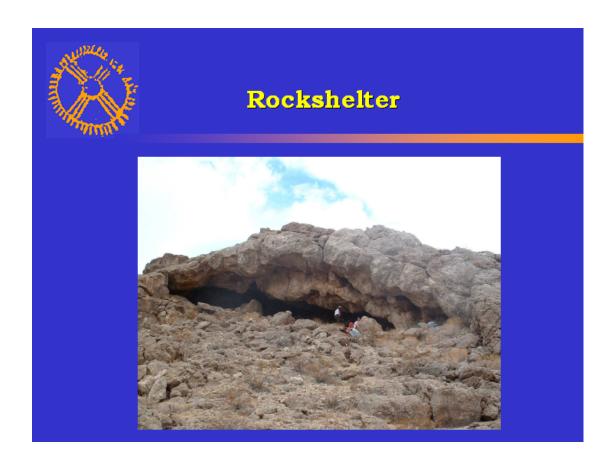
- 68 total sites recorded
 - 2 rockshelter sites
 - 64 prehistoric lithic scatter
 - 2 historic mine sites
- 120 isolated artifacts













Power Line Study Area (496 acres)

• No sites recorded



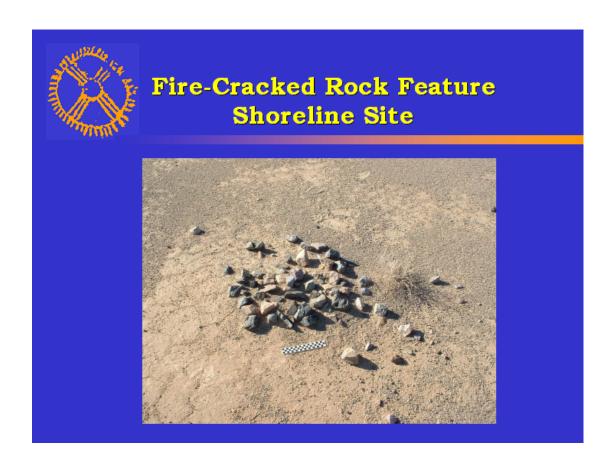
Superior Valley Study Area (22,072 acres)

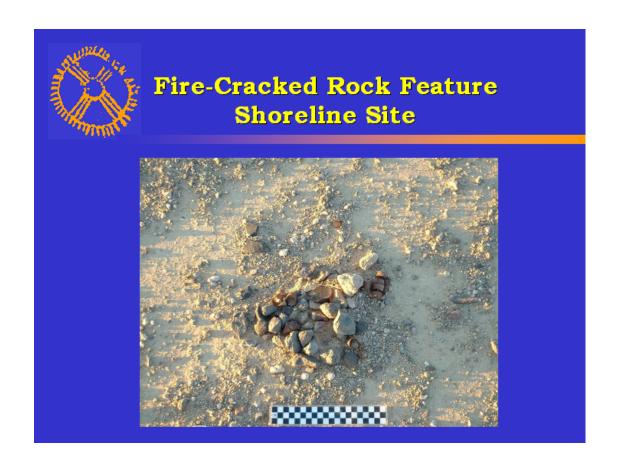
- 234 total sites recorded or found
 - 162 prehistoric sites
 - 72 historic sites
- 1,500 isolated artifacts

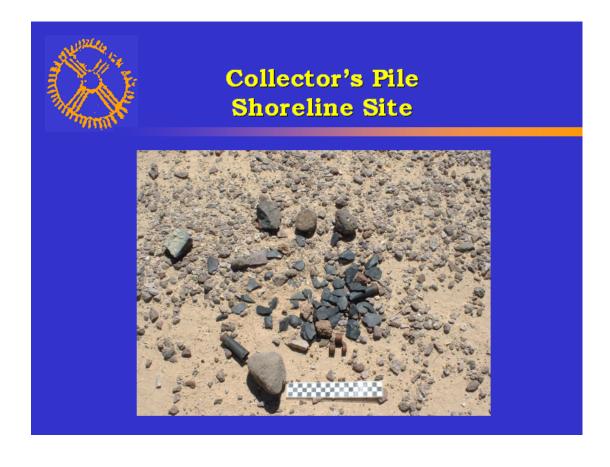










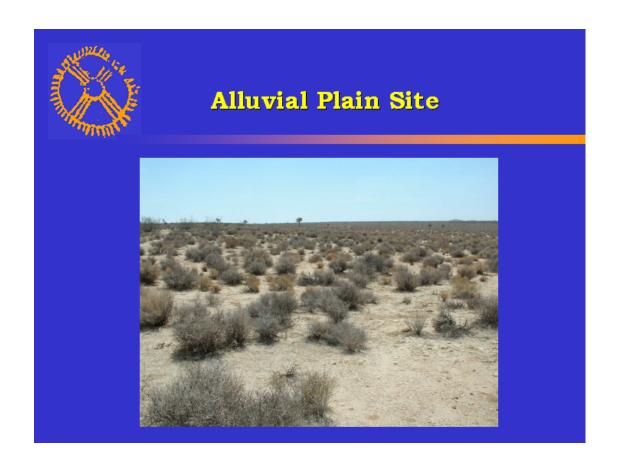




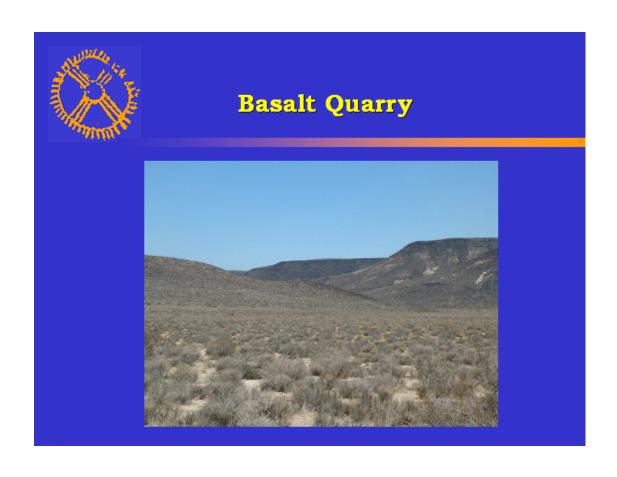


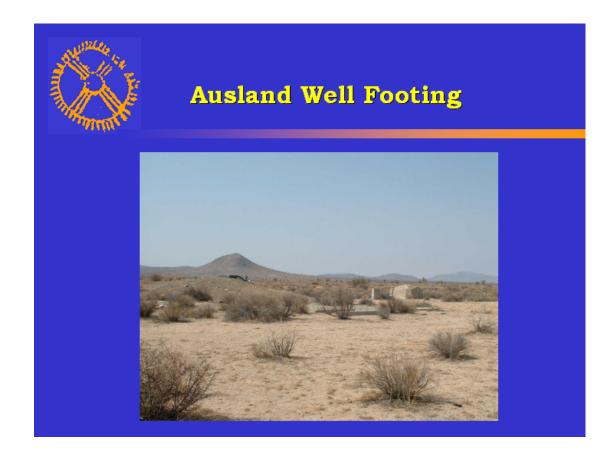


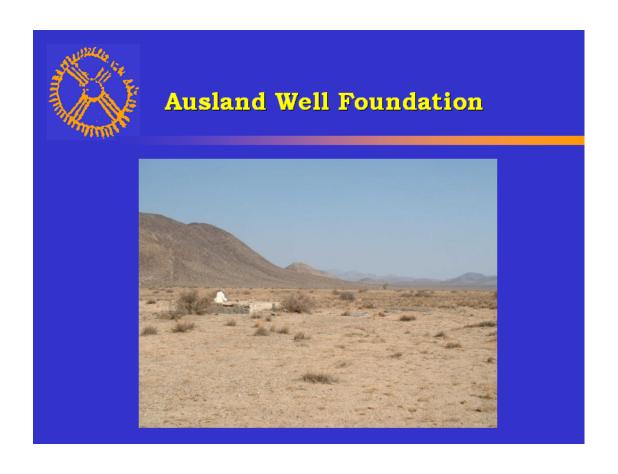


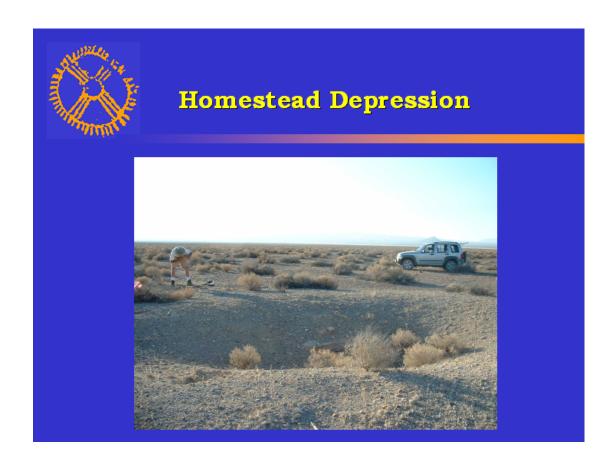


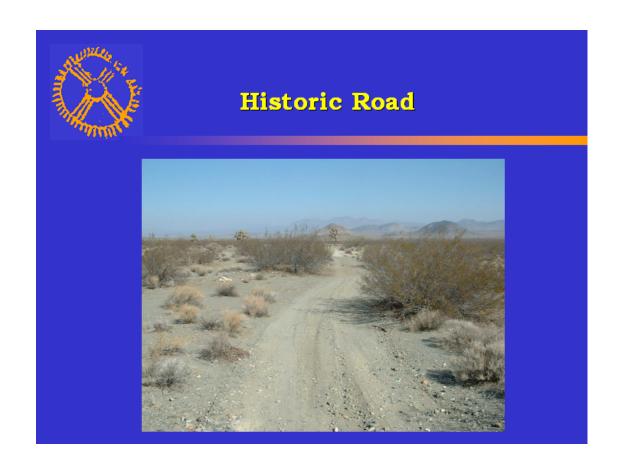


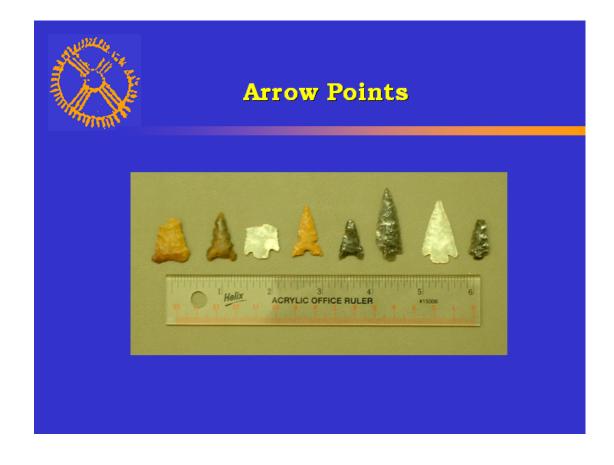






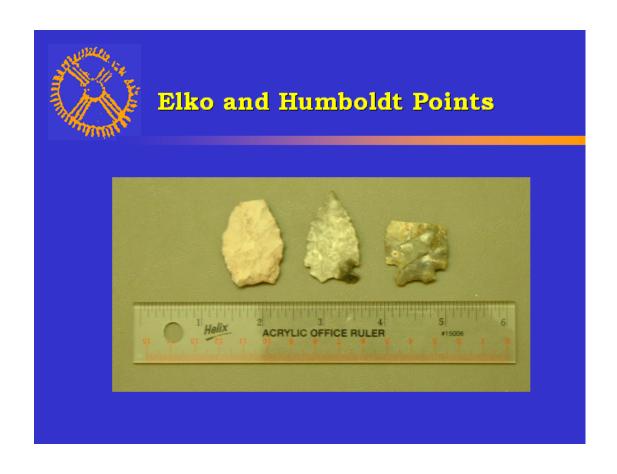


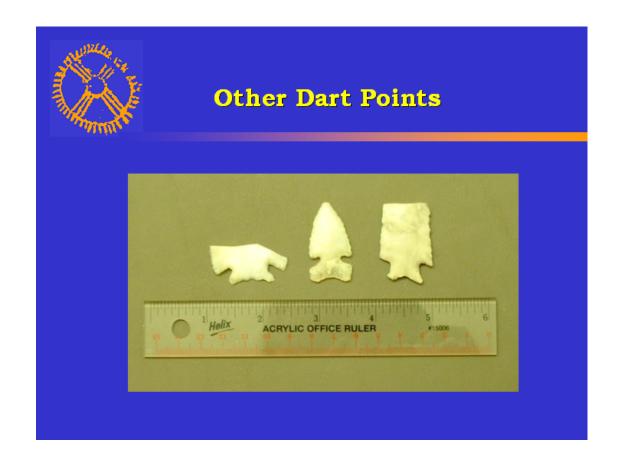


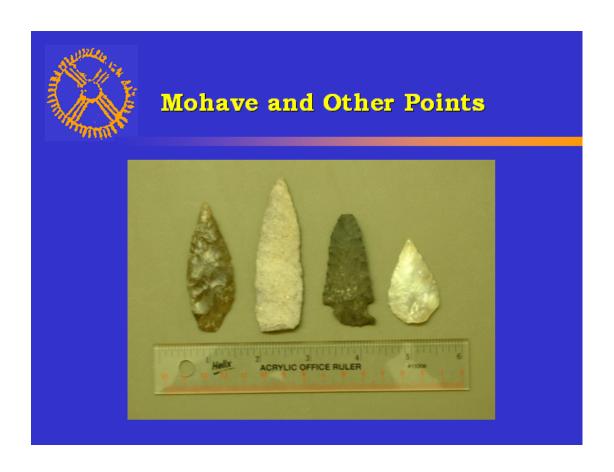
















Off-Site Testing

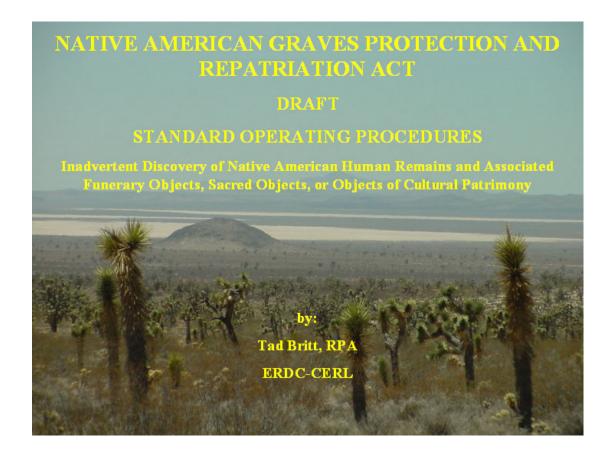
- Backhoe trenching
- Shovel testing



Geomorphic Studies

Appendix F: NAGPRA SOPs

By Tadd Britt, ERDC-CERL



Legislative Drivers for Consultation

National Environmental Policy Act

Native American Graves
Protection and Repatriation Act

National Historic Preservation Act

American Indian Religious Freedom Act

Archaeological Resources Protection Act

Presidential Memorandum, 1994, Government to Government Relations EO 13007, Access to Sacred Sites

EO 13084, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments

EO 12898, Environmental Justice

DoD American Indian and Alaska Native Policy

AR 200-4

DA PAM 200-4

Federally Recognized Tribes Invited to Participate

- Colorado River Indians
- Fort Mohave Indian Tribe
- Chemehuevi Tribal Council
- San Manuel Band of Mission Indians
- · Timbi-sha-Shoshone Tribe
- Moapa Band of Paiute Indians
- Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians

- Morongo Band of Mission Indians
- Big Pine Paiute Tribe of Owens Valley
- Lone Pine Paiute Shoshone Tribe
- Fort Independence Community of Paiute
- Kaibab Band of Paiute Indians
- Las Vegas Tribe of Painte Indians

NAGPRA SOP Outline:

Introduction

Definitions

Policy/Procedures

Notifications

Identifications

Treatment and Disposition

Time Conflicts/Dispute Resolution

Additional Parties

Resumption of Activity

DRAFT NAGPRA-SOPS

Inadvertent Discovery of Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects, Sacred Objects, or Objects of Cultural Patrimony

- Ft Irwin is engaged in a continuing cultural resource inventory and evaluation of their holdings.
- The training mission of Ft Irwin has the potential to uncover previously unidentified archeological/cultural deposits and possibly Native American burials
- If human remains or funerary items are discovered, compliance with NAGPRA is required
 - Lineal descent
 - Cultural affiliation
 - Repatriation

Definitions:

- · Burial Site
- Cultural Affiliation
- Funerary Object
- Sacred Object
- Object of Cultural Patrimony
- · Indian Tribe
- Inadvertent Discovery
- Cultural Objects

Policy

- To Protect
- To Identify Proper Ownership
- To Ensure Rightful Treatment and Disposition

Procedures:

Preliminary Assessment, Protection and Verification

- CRM must make a site visit within 24 hours of discovery
 - If non-human, determine archeological association and whether or not Section 106 procedures apply
 - Determine if remains are associated with a recent crime scene
 - If so, contact Installation PMO/CID and County Sheriff, activity will cease w/in 50 m radius and CID takes lead as investigating party
 - If not associated w/ crime scene w/ authorities concurring, notify CA SHPO

Procedures:

Preliminary Assessment, Protection and Verification

- Continued:
 - Are they Native American? If so, CRM will prepare a report of finding, noting all circumstances including content and context of the discovery, their antiquity and significance.
 - Evaluations will be conducted in situ.
 - Destructive analysis is prohibited.
 - CRM/CID will consult with forensic/physical anthropologists as appropriate.
 - Site will be protected, stabilized and monitored
 - No removal of items until compliance with these rules regarding resumption of activity is completed.
 - NAGPRA investigations take time and CRM/CID should have a Plan of Action including specialist identified and available to conduct field analysis.

Notification of Installation Commander

- Immediate telephone notification to Commander or designee.
- Immediately followed by written report, which contains results of field evaluation and Plan of Action--consultation tasks and disposition of discovered objects
- Commander will notify CRM that the Memorandum of Notification has been received within 48 hours
- All contracts that involve any ground disturbance activities will be required to notify the CRM immediately should an inadvertent discovery be made
- G3 and Range Control shall have procedures in place to notify the CRM should an inadvertent discovery occur

Notification of Native Americans

- The Installation Commander has three (3) working days after written receipt of an inadvertent discovery of Native American remains or funerary items to notify all possible lineal descendants and other Indian tribes that may claim custody of the objects.
- Decisions on which tribes to notify will be based on priority of ownership described in 25 U.S.C. 3002 and 43 C.F.R. 10.6 and the List of Tribal Contacts.
 - Telephone calls shall be logged
 - Certified mail including written reports

Notification of Native Americans

Continued

- Priority of ownership or control of Native American human remains and cultural objects is briefly:
 - Lineal descendants, as determined pursuant to 43 C.F.R. 10.14(b)
 - Indian tribe holding tribal lands as defined in 43 C.F.R. 10.2(f)(2)
 - Culturally affiliated Indian tribe as defined in 43 C.F.R. 10.14
 - Indian tribe recognized as the aboriginal owners of the land by a final judgment of the Indian Claims Commission or the United States Court of Claims
 - Indian tribe with the strongest demonstrated cultural relationship
 - Unclaimed
- The List of Tribal Contacts will be kept by the Natural and Cultural Resources Manager and will be verified and/or updated annually in coordination with tribal election schedules.

Identification of Native American Human Remains

- *In situ* analysis is the preferred method. If not consultation shall occur and further identification methods discussed
- CRM will employ specialist as appropriate (e.g., forensic, physical anthropologists, ethnographers, tribal consultants)
- Cultural affiliation shall be determined by a preponderance of evidence (e.g., geography, kinship, biological, archeological, folklore, etc.)
- Lineal descent will be determined with potential lineal descendants

Identification of Native American Human Remains: continued

- Consultation must result in either a Plan of Action and/or a Comprehensive Agreement. Parties covered in a CA must agree to be signatories.
- Information to be gained during the consultation that should be included in the written plan of action or CA:
 - Kinds of material to be considered as cultural objects
 - Specific information used to determine custody
 - Treatment, care, and handling of human remains and cultural objects;
 - Archaeological recording of the human remains and cultural objects;
 - Kinds of analysis for identification of human remains and cultural objects;
 - Steps to be followed to contact Indian Tribe officials at the time of an inadvertent discovery of human remains or cultural objects;
 - Kind of traditional treatment to be afforded the human remains or cultural objects;
 - Nature of the reports to be prepared; and
 - Disposition of human remains and cultural objects

Treatment and Disposition

- Treatment and disposition shall be determined in consultation with lineal descendants or Tribes that demonstrate priority of ownership, per NAGPRA
- Tribes must demonstrate affiliation by a preponderance of evidence
- If a single claimant can not be identified, continue consultation.
- If no agreement can be reached refer to dispute resolution procedures below
- Make every attempt to specify treatment for inadvertent discoveries within thirty (30) days after certified notification has been sent.
- If in situ preservation is not possible, repatriation with tribes of lineal descent of cultural affiliation should be undertaken

Treatment and Disposition

Continued

- Each restoration or re-internment shall require Ft Irwin an opportunity for tribal religious participation, as per AIRFA
- Prior to the disposition of NAGPRA objects public notices shall be published of the proposed disposition in the area of lineal and culturally affiliated tribes
 - The notice must provide information as to the nature and affiliation of the human remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony and solicit further claims to custody. The consulting tribes may review the content of the notice before its publication. Privileged information should not be included in the notice.
 - The notices must be published twice at least a week apart. A copy of the notice and information on when and in what newspaper/s the notice was published must be sent to the Departmental Consulting Archaeologist, Archaeological Assistance Division, National Park Service.
 - The return of human remains and cultural objects must not take place until at least thirty days after the publication of the second notice to allow time for any additional claimants to come forward. If additional claimants do come forward and the installation commander or his/her designee cannot clearly determine which claimant is entitled to custody, the federal agency must not transfer custody of the human remains and cultural objects until the proper recipient is determined pursuant to 43 C.F.R. 10.

Treatment and Disposition

Continued

- If a claim is made for human remains and cultural objects, all of the tribes that were involved in the consultations regarding their disposition will be notified.
- Unclaimed Native American human remains and cultural objects shall be returned in accordance with the regulations developed by the NAGPRA Review Committee.

Time Conflicts

 On those rare occasions when Fort Irwin or the tribe(s) is unable to meet its commitments pertaining to time schedules for any activity specified herein, the party that is unable to meet the schedule will notify the other party as soon as physically possible to reschedule the activities to the mutual satisfaction of both parties. Emergency actions will be coordinated by telephone or FAX.

Dispute Resolution

- All disputes regarding the cultural affiliation of discovered human remains and/or cultural objects shall be resolved in accordance with Sections 3 and 7(e) of NAGPRA and the implementing regulations 43 C.F.R. 10.
- Fort Irwin shall follow the procedures set forth in this document regarding consultation with the interested tribes. Should any interested tribe make a conflicting claim of cultural affiliation or dispute the methods of treatment or disposition of human remains and/or cultural objects as delineated herein, the installation commander shall notify FORSCOM.
- Fort Irwin will continue consultation with the disputing parties, suggest that the disputing parties seek resolution among themselves, and, if the disputing parties concur, go before the NAGPRA Review Committee which is given the authority under 25 U.S.C 3006(c)(4) and 43 C.F.R. 10.16 and 10.17 to make recommendations on the resolution of disputes.
- If, upon receipt of the recommendations of the Review Committee, the
 most appropriate claimant still cannot be determined, Fort Irwin shall
 retain the disputed remains or cultural objects until the question of
 custody is resolved, as stated in 43 C.F.R. 10.15(a)(2).

Additional Parties

- Interested tribes claiming lineal descent or cultural affiliation may join these procedures at any time should they express a desire to do so.
- If an interested party fails to make a written claim prior to the time human remains and cultural objects are duly repatriated or disposed of to a claimant, the interested party is deemed to have irrevocably waived any right to claim such items pursuant to these regulations.

Resumption of Activities

NNAGPRA specifies:

- The activity that resulted in the inadvertent discovery of Native American human remains or cultural objects may resume thirty (30) days after certification by the installation commander of the receipt of the notification sent by the Cultural Resources Manager
- Or, activity may resume if the treatment is documented in a written binding agreement between the installation and the affiliated Indian tribes, as per NAGPRA
- In no event may activity resume until the SHPO or, if involved, local law enforcement officials approve.

Appendix G: Summary of Tribal Consultation Efforts

Tribe	Contact Persons	Result
Colorado River Tribes	Daniel Eddy, Chairman Betty Cornelius, NAGPRA Coordinator	Called Mr. Eddy 8/8; left message. Called Mr. Eddy 8/12; his secretary said that at this time, no one will be attending the meeting. Call to Ms. Cornelius 8/8; no answer, no voice mail. Ms. Cornelius did attend the Ft. Irwin meeting
Fort Mohave Indian Tribe	Louellen Barrackman, Vice- Chairman, Acting Chairman Chad Smith, Archaeologist Elda Butler, Director, AhaMaKav Cultural Society	Call from Ms. Butler 8/12; she and Chad Smith will be attending. Call from Mr. Smith, 8/13; Smith, Butler, and one other person will be attending; he will fax their names and Social Security Nos. Call to Mr. Smith 8/18; he and Butler are going. Due to circumstances, only Mr. Smith was able to attend the meeting.
Chemehuevi Tribe	Edward D. Smith, Chairperson David Halmo, NAGPRA coordinator. Bill Cox, tribal planner	Called Mr. Smith 8/8 and 8/12; left messages. Call to David Halmo, 8/14; he no longer works for tribe; spoke with tribal planner Bill Cox, who said he would ask if anyone was going to come and call back. Call to Mr. Cox 8/18; he will get the names to me today. Called Mr. Cox 8/21; no answer. Called Mr. Cox 8/26; no answer.
San Manuel Band of Mission Indians	Caroline Toban, Tribal office Eddie Phillips, Environmental Protection Coordinator	Called 8/8; Ms. Toban will try to have an answer by 8/14 on whether someone will be attending. Call to Ms. Toban on 8/14; left message; referred to Mr. Jerry Parisa and left message. Call to Mr. Parisa 8/18; unable to get through to his number. Mr. Phillips called 8/22; he will be attending the meeting. Mr. Phillips called Ft. Irwin 9/2; he will not be able to attend.

Tribe	Contact Persons	Result		
Timbisha Shoshone Tribe	Bill Helmer Tribal HPO	Call to Mr. Helmer 8/8-three people will be attending (tentative); call to Mr. Helmer 8/14-left message; call from Bill Helmer 8/15-gave names of those attending: Helmer, Georgia Kennedy, and Barbara Durham		
Morongo Band of Mission Indians	Mary Ann Andreas, Chairperson and NAGPRA coordinator	Calls to Ms. Andreas on 8/8, 8/9, 8/12, 8/14; no answer, no voice mail. Call on 8/22; no answer.		
Big Pine Paiute Tribe of Owens Valley	Theresa Stone, Executive Secretary	Called on 8/8; Ms. Stone requested that invitation letter be faxed to her. Call on 8/12; spoke with Mr. Cal Stafford; no one from tribe will be attending		
Lone Pine Paiute Shoshone Tribe	Rachel Joseph, Chairperson	Called Ms. Joseph on 8/8 and 8/9; received call from Mr. Wilfred Nabahe, who requested that invitation letter be faxed to him. Call to Mr. Nabahe on 8/12; no answer, no voice mail. Call to Mr. Nabahe on 8/14; left message. Call to Mr. Nabahe on 8/18; he still has not found out if someone will be attending; he will find out and call back today. Call to Mr. Nabahe,8/26; they will not be attending.		
Fort Independence Community of Paiute	Richard Wilder, chairperson	Called 8/8 and 8/12; left message. Call to Mr. Wilder on 8/14; they will not be attending.		
Kaibab Band of Paiute	Carmen Bradley, Chairperson	Called 8/8 and 8/12; left message. Called 8/14; left message. Called 8/18; left message.		
Las Vegas Tribe of Paiute	Curtis Anderson, Chairperson Kenny Anderson	Called 8/8 and 8/12; left message. Call to Mr. Anderson on 8/14; left message. Call to Mr. Anderson on 8/18; Mr. Anderson will be attending. Mr. Anderson did not attend the meeting.		
Moapa Band of Paiute	Philbert Swain, Chairperson	Called 8/8 and 8/9; left message and then spoke with Ms. Vicki Walter, who requested that invitation letter be faxed to her. Called Ms. Walter on 8/12; left message. Called Ms. Walter on 8/14; left message. Called Ms. Walter on 8/26; she will find out and call back. Mr. Swain did attend the meeting.		
Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians	Dean Mike, Chairperson	Called 8/8 and 8/12; left message. Called 8/14; left message. Called 8/18; left message. Call from Mr. Mike on 8/18; no one will be attending.		

Appendix H: Initial Invitation Letter

Date

Chairperson

Federally Recognized Tribe (see list attached)

Dear Tribal Chairperson:

On behalf of the National Training Center (NTC), Fort Irwin, California, you are invited to attend a meeting at our installation September 3, 2002 to September 5, 2002. The purpose of the meeting is to establish an open and constructive dialog with your tribe on a Nation-to-Nation level regarding the military mission of the NTC and any potential tribal issues you would like to address with respect to our installation and it's Area of Potential Effect (APE)

Topics that we wish to discuss and consult on include: 1) NTC's Standard Operating Procedures for inadvertent discovery, notification and treatment; per the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) of 1990, 2) the forthcoming Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) with respect to the NTC's proposed 110,000 acres expansion—specifically, the cultural resource inventory, evaluation and management practices; 3) NTC's cultural resource tools—Archeological Predictive Model and Automated Tool for Monitoring Archeological Sites; and 4) the ethnohistoric and ethnographic cultural affiliation study of the mid-Mojave region (i.e., those Federally recognized tribes that claim aboriginal, ancestral or ceded land ties to the geographical area that now constitutes the NTC and it's APE).

We wish to consider this meeting a listening session and we would like to hear from you regarding any Tribal issues or practices that concern you. Other Federally recognized Tribes have been invited to attend. In the spirit of our Nation-to-Nation relationship, individual meetings between the NTC and each Tribe will be mutually arranged in the future to discuss specific issues.

If you would like to attend, the NTC will pay for all reasonable travel expenses (e.g., mileage, lodging meals) for up to three Tribal representatives. Please con-

tact us if you wish to attend and we will send you a detailed agenda. Please include the names of those that will attend and their addresses so we may process invitational travel orders for them. .

In the spirit of our Nation-to-Nation relationship, we look forward to meeting with you. If the above dates are inconsistent with your schedule, please let me know alternate dates that you would be able to attend. You may write to me at the above address or contact Mr. William Quillman, Natural and Cultural Resource Manager, of my staff at (760) 380-3740.

CC: Tribal Cultural Resource Manager/ Sincerely,

NAGPRA Officer

Chief of Staff

Staff Summary Sheet

Nature of Action: Letter to the 14 Federally recognized Native American Tribes inviting them to a Nation-to-Nation meeting at the NTC, 3-5 September 2002.

Discussion: The purpose of the meeting is to establish an open and constructive dialog regarding NTC's military mission with respect to tribal issues within the NTC and its immediate vicinity. Topics for discussion include: 1) Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) of 1990, Standard Operating Procedures for inadvertent discovery, notification and treatment; 2) the Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) with respect to the recent 110,000 acres expansion—specifically, the cultural resource inventory, evaluation and management practices; 3) NTC's cultural resource tools—Archeological Predictive Model and Automated Tool for Monitoring Archeological Sites; and 4) the ethnohistoric and ethnographic cultural affiliation study of the mid-Mojave region (i.e., those Federally recognized tribes that claim aboriginal, ancestral or ceded land ties to the geographical area that now constitutes the NTC and it's APE).

Legal Requirements:

National Environmental Policy Act

NATIVE AMERICAN GRAVES PROTECTION AND REPATRIATION ACT NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT

American Indian Religious Freedom Act

Archaeological Resources Protection Act

Presidential Memorandum, 1994, Government to Government Relations

EO 13007, Access to Sacred Sites

EO 13084, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments

EO 12898. Environmental Justice

DoD American Indian and Alaska Native Policy

AR 200-4

DA PAM 200-4

Recommendation: **Sign Letter**

Action Officer: Mickey Quillman (380-3740)

Federally Recognized Native American List 27 June 2002

Colorado River Indians

Mr. Daniel Eddy

Chairperson

Route 1, Box 23-B

Parker, AZ 85344

Phone: 928-669-9211

Fax: 928-669-5675

Ms. Betty Cornelius

NAGPRA Coordinator

Route 1, Box 23-B

Parker, AZ 85344

Phone: 928-669-1339

Fax: 928-669-5675

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Appendix I: List of Meeting Attendees

Colorado River Indian Tribes:

Mrs. Betty Cornelius, NAGPRA Coordinator

Ft. Mojave Tribe:

Chad A. Smith, Tribal Archeologist/CR Manager

Moapa Band of Paiute Indians:

Phil Swain, Chairperson

Timbisha Shoshone:

Georgia Kennedy, Acting Chairperson Bill Helmer, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer Barbara Durham, Tribal Administrator

Fort Irwin:

Colonel Edward L. Flinn, Deputy Commander and Chief of Staff
Lieutenant Colonel Jeffery S. Ogden, Director of Public Works
Major Michael T. Lawhorn, Public Affairs Office
Captain Chris Belcher, Deputy Public Affairs Officer
Private First Class Sarah Wood, Public Affairs Office
Muhammad Bari, Environmental Division Chief – DPW
Tad Britt, Archeologist, ERDC-CERL
Darrell Gundrum, Archeologist
Robert Horalek, Environmental Attorney
William Quillman, Natural and Cultural Resources Manager
Timothy Reischl, Charis Director of Military Programs

Consultants/Contractors:

David Earle, Ethnohistorian, Earle & Associates Kimberli Reagan Evans, Certified California Court Reporter Susan Perlman, Two Rivers Consultants Craig Smith, Project Manager, TRC

Other

Mr. Cornelius

Appendix J: Meeting Transcript

MANDER REPORTING

Certified Court & Deposition Reporters 14151 Tehachapi Road Apple Valley, California 92307 (760) 946-3247

FEBRUARY 5, 2003

The Timbisha Shoshone prefer their name spelled without a hyphen. Regrettably that could not be fixed in this appendix. Their name is shown correctly in the rest of this document. We apoligize for the oversight.

RE: NATIVE AMERICAN CONSULTATION MEETING

SEPTEMBER 4, 2002

NATIONAL TRAINING CENTER FORT IRWIN, CALIFORNIA

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

THE TRANSCRIPT IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER HAS BEEN READ AND THE FOLLOWING CORRECTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE. PLEASE NOTE THEM FOR YOUR ORIGINAL AND CERTIFIED COPY:

PAGE/LINE	WAS	SHOULD BE
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PLEASE INSERT THIS LETTER IN THE FRONT OF YOUR ORIGINAL TRANSCRIPT AND CERTIFIED COPY.

THANK YOU.

SINCERELY,

8. Jan Mander

ELINOR "JAN" MANDER CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER

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		2	PFC SARAH MOOD		
	FORT IRMIN, CALIFORNIA	4	Public Affairs Office HUHAMMAD BAR! Environmental Division Chief DPW		
	NATIVE AMERICAN CONSULTATION RESTING	5 %	WILLIAM (MICKEY) QUILLAND Natural & Cultural Resources Manager		
	MEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 2002	7 8	ROBERT HORALER Environmental Actorney		
		100	TIMOTHY REISCHL Charle Director of Military Programs		
	9:07 A.M 3:57 P.M.	10	DARRELL GUNDRUM Archeeologist		
		12			
		13	DEUTE THE TABLE TABLE TO THE PARTY OF THE PA		
		14	OTHER INVITED PARTICIPANTS/ATTENDEES		
		25 26	SUSAN E. PERLMAN President, Two Rivers Consultants		
		27	TAD BRITT Archaeologist, ERDC-CERL		
		16	DAVID D. EARLE Earle & Associates		
			CRAIG S. SMITH Program Manager, TRC		
		21	REAGAN EVANS		
		22	California Certified Shorthand Reporter (Independent Contractor)		
		24			
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i	NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBES/MEMBERS ATTENDING	ã	INDEX		Page 4
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6	GEORGIA KENNEDY Acting Chairperson	6	CLOSING REMARKS	109	
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12	MCAFA BAND OF PAINTE: PHIL SMAIN	12			
14	Chelrperson and NAGPRA Coordinator	13			
15	COLORADO RIVER INDIAN TRIBES:	15			
266	BETTY CORNELIUS WAGFRA Coordinator	16			
18	CLYDE CORNELIUS	17			
19		18			
200	FORT IRMIN, NTC, PARTICIFANTS	19			
**	COL. EDWARD L. FLINN	20			
22	Deputy Commender and Chief of Steff LTT JEFFERY S. OGDEN	22			
24	Director of Public Works	23			
25	DAPTAIN CHAIS BELCHER DEputy Public Affairs Officer	24			
		25			

Page 5 1 NATIONAL TRAINING CENTER 2 FORT IRWIN, CALIFORNIA 3 NATIVE AMERICAN CONSULTATION MEETING 4 COL. FLINN: Well, good morning. My name is Col. Flinn. I'm the chief of staff, deputy commander of Fort Irwin and the National Training Center, and I would like to welcome everybody who traveled, welcome you to the National Training Center and for this meeting we're going to have today. 11 12 On behalf of Brigadier General Joseph F. Fil, Junior, he would like me to extend a warm 13 welcome to everybody and express our appreciation for your commitment to this process. We are honored by your presence and look forward to establishing an open, honest dialogue that's constructive with each of you and your individual nations. 18

19 We respect the unique and sovereign nature of the tribes you represent. Although we may have different backgrounds, it is important that we 21 acknowledge the things that our cultures have in 22 common. This will serve as the foundation upon which we can build a strong and meaningful and lasting relationship.

I'm going to tell you a little bit of the obvious, kind of as a warmup to what we're going to do today.

3 Throughout our history, Native Americans 4 have made significant contributions to the military service. Your veterans have served with great honor and courage. Until recently, I don't think many Americans really appreciated the contribution that Native Americans have made to the freedoms that this country enjoys, but movies like the recently released "Code Talkers" illustrated how important Native Americans were to the United States military being able to accomplish its mission and really very important to the contributions they made as part of the greatest generation of that generation of

Americans that fought in World War II. 16 17 For their service, 24 Native Americans have earned our country's highest award, the Congressional Medal of Honor. For their service in helping America remain free, we are grateful and 20 proud of their contributions. 21

22 Today at the National Training Center we train warriors that come here for 14 days of intensive force-on-force and live-fire training as part of our responsibility to train the Army to be 1 prepared to deploy, fight and win, support your

2 nation's values. The men and women who train, work

and live here, we believe, are the best in the

world, and our mission is to make them even better.

5 We know we have a great responsibility to

take care of the environment and are very concerned

about creating here at Fort Irwin a quality

environment that our soldiers, civilians and family

9 members deserve.

10 One of our top priorities is protecting and 11 managing our cultural and natural resources.

Keeping that in mind, I would like to take a moment to show you a short introductory video that we show

to all the incoming soldiers that come to Fort Irwin

and National Training Center as part of their

arriving here for their rotational training. This

will hopefully show our commitment to maintain and 17

18 sustain the environment.

Tad, show the video. 19

TAD BRITT: Thank you, sir. 20

(The video was shown.) 21

TAD BRITT: This is a video that we show

23 all incoming troops coming here at Fort Irwin to

train. It talks about the cultural and natural

resources and what they mean. And we address items

Page 6

22

1 such as stewardship and sustainability.

2 COL. FLINN: The tape goes on and covers a

couple other things, but what we wanted to show you

was what we're doing with the environment, what

we're doing with the cultural and natural resources.

I want to finish up with my concluding

6 remarks here as we open up today's session, and then

I would ask everybody to introduce yourselves.

We have an agenda for you on the table. As 9

you can see, we'll discuss the proposed Land

Expansion Study, the Native American Cultural

Affiliation Study for Fort Irwin and vicinity, Fort

Irwin's Archaeological Predictive Model, Fort

Irwin's Native American Graves Protection and

Repatriation Act standard operating procedure, and a

listening session for your concerns or issues. 17

Subject matter experts will present each topic. There will be time for questions and 18

comments at the end of each session. 19

Once again, thank you for your 20 participation and welcome to the National Training

Center. We look forward to working with you in the

future. 23

24 And any of the resources that we have at our disposal that you might need assistance with, 25

1	CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O		7-4-(
1	Page 9)	Page 1
	they are available to you today.	1	Public Works. And the Environmental Division comes
2	So with that, I would like to go around the	2	under my auspices.
3	table. Start with Tad here.	3	MUHAMMAD BARI: I'm Muhammad Bari. I'm
4	And introduce yourself, and tell us what	4	chief of the Environmental Division. I work for
5	agency you represent.	5	Col. Ogden.
6	TAD BRITT: My name is Tad Britt. I'm a	6	WILLIAM QUILLMAN: I'm Mickey Quillman,
7	cultural resource manager. I work for the	7	Natural & Cultural Resources Manager here at Fort
8	Department of the Army at a research lab in	8	Irwin and the Director of Public Works. I work for
9	Champaign, Illinois. I have been working with Fort	9	Muhammad.
10	Irwin here for about two years on a variety of	10	ROBERT HORALEK: I'm Bob Horalek. I'm an
11	cultural resource projects.	11	attorney here, and my specialty right now is
12	My role in this meeting today is I'm a	12	environmental law. And Dan and I work for the NTC.
13	presenter, but I'm also here as a facilitator. And	13	TIMOTHY REISCHL: My name is Tim Reischl.
14	the biggest the biggest thing I want to convey	14	I'm a contractor who currently program manages the
15	today is that I'm here and Susan Perlman are here to	15	land expansion.
16	help us all better understand Fort Irwin and the	16	DAVID EARLE: I'm David Earle. I am an
17	Native American concerns. So consider us as a	17	anthropologist and a contractor who is undertaking
18	resource. Thank you.	18	the Cultural Affiliation Study that is going to be
19	WILLIAM HELMER: My name is Bill Helmer.	19	carried out in connection with our base expansion
20	I'm the tribal historic preservation officer and	20	work.
21	NAGPRA coordinator for the Timbi-sha Shoshone Tribe.	21	DARRELL GUNDRUM: Hi. My name is Darrell
22	BARBARA DURHAM: My name is Barbara Durham.	22	Gundrum, and I'm the post archaeologist here at Fort
23	I'm the tribal administrator for the Timbi-sha	23	Irwin.
24	Shoshone Tribe.	24	SUSAN PERLMAN: My name is Susan Perlman.
25	GEORGIA KENNEDY: I'm Georgia Kennedy. I'm	25	I'm an ethnohistorian. I have a company called Two
	Page 10		Page 1
1	acting chairperson for the Timbi-sha Shoshone Tribe.	1	Rivers Consultants, and I'm assisting Tad with the
2	BETTY CORNELIUS: I'm Betty Cornelius, and	2	organization of the meeting.
3	I'm the representative the official	3	Anything that y'all need, just let me know.
4	representative for the Colorado River Indian Tribes.	4	TAD BRITT: Sarah.
5	CLYDE CORNELIUS: I'm Clyde Cornelius. And	5	PFC WOOD: I'm PFC Wood, and I'm from the
6	I have nothing to do with this project, but I'm the	6	Public Affairs Office.
7	husband of Mrs. Cornelius.	-7	REAGAN EVANS: I'm Reagan Evans. I'm the
8	PHIL SWAIN: My name is Phil Swain. I'm	8	court reporter for today.
9	chairman of the Moapa Band of Paiutes. I'm here to	9	COL. FLINN: Okay. With that, I will turn
10	listen.	10	it over to Tad, and he will get the agenda off and
11	CHAD SMITH: 1'm Chad Smith, the Tribal	11	running.
12	archaeologist and cultural resource manager. Also a	12	TAD BRITT: Thank you, Col. Flinn.
1 100	Tribal historic preservation officer of the	13	Before we get started, I would like us all
1950	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [2] [2] [2] [2] [3] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4	14	to stand and recite the pledge of allegiance, and I
13	Ft. Mojave Tribe.		
13	지 전 기가 가장	15	will ask Mr. Smith to lead us in prayer.
13 14	And our director and my assistant are		will ask Mr. Smith to lead us in prayer. (Pledge of allegiance.)
13 14 15	And our director and my assistant are unable to attend because of cultural activity back	15	(Pledge of allegiance.)
13 14 15 16	And our director and my assistant are unable to attend because of cultural activity back there.	15 16	(Pledge of allegiance.) (Native American Prayer.)
13 14 15 16 17	And our director and my assistant are unable to attend because of cultural activity back there. But my director is the delegated NAGPRA	15 16 17	(Pledge of allegiance.)
13 14 15 16 17 18	And our director and my assistant are unable to attend because of cultural activity back there. But my director is the delegated NAGPRA coordinator for the tribe, and she has delegated me	15 16 17 18 19	(Pledge of allegiance.) (Native American Prayer.) TAD BRITT: Thank you, Mr. Smith. Before we get into our presentations, I
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	And our director and my assistant are unable to attend because of cultural activity back there. But my director is the delegated NAGPRA coordinator for the tribe, and she has delegated me to attend this meeting.	15 16 17 18 19 20	(Pledge of allegiance.) (Native American Prayer.) TAD BRITT: Thank you, Mr. Smith.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	And our director and my assistant are unable to attend because of cultural activity back there. But my director is the delegated NAGPRA coordinator for the tribe, and she has delegated me to attend this meeting. CAPTAIN BELCHER: I'm Captain Chris	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(Pledge of allegiance.) (Native American Prayer.) TAD BRITT: Thank you, Mr. Smith. Before we get into our presentations, I just want to discuss a few logistics. Food and refreshments are at the back.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	And our director and my assistant are unable to attend because of cultural activity back there. But my director is the delegated NAGPRA coordinator for the tribe, and she has delegated me to attend this meeting. CAPTAIN BELCHER: I'm Captain Chris Belcher. I'm the deputy Public Affairs officer.	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(Pledge of allegiance.) (Native American Prayer.) TAD BRITT: Thank you, Mr. Smith. Before we get into our presentations, I just want to discuss a few logistics. Food and refreshments are at the back. Feel free to help yourself at any time.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	And our director and my assistant are unable to attend because of cultural activity back there. But my director is the delegated NAGPRA coordinator for the tribe, and she has delegated me to attend this meeting. CAPTAIN BELCHER: I'm Captain Chris	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(Pledge of allegiance.) (Native American Prayer.) TAD BRITT: Thank you, Mr. Smith. Before we get into our presentations, I just want to discuss a few logistics. Food and refreshments are at the back.

10

16

Page 16

Page 13

- 1 orders. I'll just hold on to those. And at the
- 2 conclusion of our field trip tomorrow, Susan and I
- 3 would like to sit down with y'all. We'll get those
- 4 filled out, signed so that you don't have to go back
- and worry about it. We'll take care of them. Get
- your checks in the mail properly within a week.

I've arranged for a late checkout for

- tomorrow because our field trip will go on until
- about 12:00. So when we get back from the field
- trip, we'll meet back at the Landmark Hotel and sit down and do the travel vouchers there. Everybody
- 12 can be on their way.

We've got a few representatives here from 13

- Fort Irwin from the Public Affairs Office. They
- would like your permission to maybe take some
- photographs and maybe ask some questions or some
- interviews. We respect your wishes. So they'll
- consult with you before they do such. 18

I've got a list because tomorrow where 19

- we're going is some property that's controlled by
- NASA. It's Goldstone. We're going to look at a
- couple of resource sites there. 22
- If you're interested in going or plan on 23
- going, I need to get your name, position, mailing
- address, phone and e-mail so we can get this cleared

- through NASA security. This includes everybody at
- 2 Fort Irwin as well.
- 3 So anybody and everybody that's going
- tomorrow, I'm going to pass this list around.
- And, Susan, if you would, make sure it gets
- to Darrell. We need to get this filled out this 6
- morning.
- 8 DARRELL GUNDRUM: Tad, if I might say
- 9 something.

The most important thing on that list would

- be the name. We need a head count and the names of
- people who are going to the facility. 12
- TAD BRITT: Okay. And, again, I just want 13
- to reemphasize. If you've got any questions, feel
- free to come up to me. I'm here to help y'all. 15
- So with that, I would like to begin our 16
- 17 presentations.
- Mr. Tim Reischl, he's going to talk about 18
- our land expansion. A couple other things I want to
- point out while he's setting up. These displays 20
- deal with the land expansion. These two posters 21
- here deal with cultural resources and natural

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- resources. And, again, we have another one on here 23
- on natural resources -- cultural resources. 24
 - If you would take time during lunch or

- 1 during our breaks -- we'll have a break in the
- 2 morning and a break in the evening -- to look at
- these posters. They're very informative about the
- programs here.
- Thank you.
- 6 TIMOTHY REISCHL: Ladies and gentlemen,
- good morning. My name is Tim Reischl. I am a
- contractor who works for the Army, and I currently
- manage the Land Expansion Program.

In a former life, I was in the Army, so I

- can hopefully make some connections between land
- expansion and training and answer any questions you
- might have. 13

Honestly, questions are best surfaced when 14

- you think of them as opposed to waiting towards the
- It's a complicated subject that we have 17
- been working on for a long time. And if I lapse 18
- into too much Army speak, please let me know. I'm
- going to try and make sure that I don't use too many
- of these strange Army terms in what we do to try and
- explain what we do here.
- 23 This is what I would like to talk about for
 - the next 20 or 30 minutes, why we are doing land
 - expansion, what the Congress has done as far as the
- Page 14
 - 1 project goes, what the time lines are that we're
 - looking at and hopefully answer any questions you
 - might have about how we are going to proceed.
 - Just a little follow-on from that tape that 4
 - you saw.
 - Fort Irwin is a very unique installation. 6
 - It is not a place where a lot of soldiers live and
 - go from that place to somewhere else. A place like
 - Fort Hood that the Army has in Texas has soldiers
 - stationed there had whose mission is to go overseas
 - as the country requires to go fight.
 - Fort Irwin's mission is much different. 12
 - Established about 1980, started training in 1982, 13
 - its mission is only to train those soldiers who come
 - from different parts of the country in how to fight.
 - Think of it as a rehearsal or a practice
 - where we try to get soldiers the experience they
 - need so that the first time that they have to go to
 - combat is not something that they've ever seen
 - before. 20
 - 21 If you think back to episodes in history,
 - before we went to the Normandy Invasion and D-Day,
 - all of the soldiers that were there spent time in
 - England practicing for what they were going to do. 24
 - Before the North Africa invasion, George 25

1 Patton was out in Indio with all of his soldiers

2 practicing out there.

What we do at Fort Irwin is exactly the 4 same thing. We try and bring units who may have to

5 go to war with leaders who may not be experienced,

6 and we teach them how tough war is and how good they

7 need to be if they are going to go and win if called

8 upon.

We try and make this training as difficult 10 as possible for the soldiers because war is

difficult. It's confusing. It goes on 24 hours a

day. We want them to know just exactly what that's 13 like.

14 To do this, we do currently about ten, what we call a training rotation every year. 15

Each of those rotations is about four to five weeks long. We call it a rotation because a 17 unit starts from wherever that unit is stationed.

19 In this case we have an armored cavalry regimen from Fort Carson, Colorado. It came from 20

Colorado. Has been at Fort Irwin for almost three 21

weeks, and it is out training right now. It will

finish its training this week, take another week and

then go back to Fort Carson. 25

So we call it a rotation because it

Page 19 warfare. If we go overseas to fight, we can expect

2 the enemy to use chemical warfare on us. The United

3 States does not use, has renounced the use of

4 chemical warfare. So that is an asymmetrical type

5 of operation that we must learn how to fight.

Adaptive threats. That's an enemy that is 7 always learning from us. They see what we do.

8 There's the Internet. There's television. There's

looking at us. And so we must be able to adapt to

what that enemy is going to do.

11 Dispersed. When we trained against the Soviets, the tanks came in big waves, and that's how we fought them. They don't do that anymore,

Everything is very dispersed.

Unconventional. We don't exactly know how 15 the enemy's going to fight. We have to be able to think, to react to the changing kinds of warfare. So we've designed an Army that uses new units, new tactics, new weapons to fulfill its mission of doing exactly what the national command authority tells us

22 So we have to be prepared to do a wide 23 variety of things.

We need an Army that can do all of these 24 things. It can move out quickly. It can get where

Page 18

21

to do.

1 replicates an overseas deployment of combat soldiers

to a mission, the accomplishment of that mission and

3 then the rotation back.

I think you've probably all heard and certainly we've all experienced the fact that the world is a changing place. Back -- we were originally started in 1982, and we were supposed to fight -- trained to fight Soviet soldiers on the plains of Europe. That changed in 1989 when the wall came down. It changed again during the Gulf War. And afterward it changed again last year.

So the Army has identified that because of 12 this changing world, we have to change the way we 13 14 train.

The worst thing we can do -- and you hear 15 this sometimes -- is you can't train for the last war because the next war is going to be different. 17

So we have embarked on a program of which 18 land expansion is a part to change the Army. 19

What we see is a world that's much 20 different than what we trained in. There's a lot 21 more urban, city-type operations, asymmetrical 22 operations. That merely means an enemy who does 23 something to you that you cannot do back. 24 I will give you an example. Chemical

Page 20 1 it needs to go. It will probably be overseas. One

2 that is lethal, able to take care of whatever threat

it comes in contact with. And it can survive and

sustain.

11

18

NTC'S mission in all of that is to develop 5 the units for that Army, provide units and soldiers

with an operational experience. Make them see how

tough combat is so when they get there, the shock of 8 combat will not be one they can't deal with. So

that is what we try to do. 10

So in the modernization program that we are doing to keep the National Training Center able to train the Army to fight and win the Nation's wars, we are changing these number of things. It's virtually every part of the National Training Center is changing so that we can keep up with the needs that the Army has in combat, 17

I'm only going to talk about land expansion, and I'll go into that part of it right now.

20 This is a very key statement. Fort Irwin 21 is the only place that the Army has in the whole world where it can train a whole brigade combat team. That's about 5,000 soldiers. And it is one 25 of our building blocks for combat. It is the only

25

1 place where we can do live training of a brigade.

That means those 5,000 soldiers actually 2

sit down on the ground exactly in the distances and

operate over the areas that they would actually do

in combat.

There is not another place that the Army

has where this training can be done. That is why

the Army places so much stock in the training at

Fort Irwin.

Now, the film said 640,000 acres. That's 10 true. Of those current 640,000 acres, we can use

about 350,000 of them for these reasons. 12

We have placed extensive parts of the 13 installation off limits. Basically all of the

cultural resources sites, natural resources sites,

many places where there are endangered species have

been put off limits, and no training is conducted

18 there.

NASA Goldstone has about 33,000 acres, 19 which is one of their three sites for controlling

20 space missions. Their other two sites in Spain and

in Australia give them the capability to conduct

their space mission. 23

24 So that is a capability that we have to

coexist with and ensure that they can do their

Page 22

1 mission.

2 This area up here in Leach Lake is a

bombing range. Has been since World War II. We

train with the Air Force. And that is an air area

that we use to train with live ordnance.

6 Other live fire ranges have cut down the

areas.

10

I talked about modernizing the Army. That 8

has driven us to require more land to train units.

Back when I was a young man, an armored brigade would come out here and it would start over

here at the eastern boundary of the reservation and

it would fight against the opposing force. And

about three days later it would show up over here. 14

With our new weapons, with our new units, 15

with our new tactics, Third Army Cavalry regimen out 16

in the maneuver area today has the capability to

start over here and be on the western boundary about

eight hours later. Very simply, our units and

capabilities have gotten so much more complex that

if we are going to train them to fight right, we

need more land. 22

And so about 10 years -- 10 or 12 years ago 23

we embarked on an expansion process to expand the

National Training Center.

1 The proposal that we are working on right

now makes this expansion for the National Training

Center. It adds a piece on the east of about 50,000

acres. It reopens a piece in the center and south

of about 22,000 acres. This is not new ground. It

is ground that we own right now.

On the western side of the reservation, it

adds a piece of about 66,000 acres out in this

direction.

Currently we train in an area that's 10

bounded by this blue line and this red area in here.

12 It's about 350,000 acres for our maneuver training.

When we - when the expansion is complete, 13

all the work is done on it, the expansion -- the

expanded boundaries of the National Training Center

will give us about 520,000 acres.

The areas in which we do not train now,

with some exceptions, are largely left undisturbed. 18

19 The major area that we will train in, that

we are asking to train in now, that we don't train

in because of environmental reasons, is this area

down here, which is Desert Tortoise Critical

Habitat.

17

24 We have been trying to expand since 1986

25 for lots of reasons. I think primarily we didn't

Page 24

1 focus the requirement as well as we needed to. We

have done a lot of iterations on what to do.

Back about 2000 we got some direction from 3

Congress for us in the Department of the Interior to

form a -- to formulate a plan to expand the National

Training Center.

That requirement to formulate that plan was

put into legislation that was signed by President

Clinton in December of actually 2000, just before he

left office. 10

11 And what it said was, develop a plan, but

you must comply with all National Environmental

Policy Act and Endangered Species Act provisions.

And it also authorized \$75 million to purchase

compensation or offset lands to offset those that we 16

are now going to train on.

We were required to formulate a plan, which 17 we did. And we are required to complete all the

NEPA actions in June of next year, and we are on 20

track to do that.

21

The plan actually went to Congress the 5th of July of last year. It was set in -- the

withdrawal area was sent into legislation, and it was signed by the president in January of this year

as part of the defense appropriations bill.

r	ORT IKWIN MEETING Cond	dense	elt	9-4-02
	Page 2	25	200 DO 1800 DO	Page 27
1	What this did was withdraw the public land	-1	National Training Center, but was I don't know -	
2	in the area that you saw on the previous map. And	2	beat up, I guess, is a pretty good way to describe	
3	you've got some handouts, I think, in front of you	3	it.	
:4	that show more of the land in that detail.	4	There are about 50 old mines in just the	
5	Does this mean we are training on the land?	5	western sector of the expansion area just by itself.	
6	No.		Lots of roads. And we've identified leech sites and	
7	Because of the bill language, we cannot	7	things like that that we have to clean up, but we	
8	train on the land until all of the NEPA and	8	are hopeful that we can get all of that done.	
9	Endangered Species Act provisions are agreed to and	9	Of course, we don't do this by ourselves.	
10	paid for.	10	Cooperating agencies, Bureau of Land Management	from
11	So currently that land is in a	11	the Department of the Interior, the Air Force from	110-9401-0
12	essentially a caretaker status administered exactly	12	Nellis and Edwards are neighbors. The Navy from	
13	the same as it was when it belonged to the Bureau of	13	China Lake, NASA Goldstone, Federal Aviation	
14	Land Management,	14	Administration. Those are official partners.	
15	There are about 12,000 acres within that	15	Of course, we unofficially consult with at	
16	land, private land. Depending on the decision as to	16	least 100 other agencies, as well as we have a	
17	which land we will actually train on, the Army will	17	private interested party list of about 800 people	
18	then after permission is given, will buy that	18	who get information, and we get feedback from ther	n
19	private land.	19	also.	SEC.
20	We will be using a supplemental	20	So it's one of these things where we	
21	Environmental Impact Statement. It is currently in	21	believe in opening disclosure. We don't have	
22	preparation. We believe the draft will be released	22	anything to hide. We know we have to do the proce	225
23	to the public in January of '03 to do the public	23	right. It's a very litigious world. And we need to	
24	comment period, public hearing period before a	24	do it right because it's the right thing to do.	
25	decision should be made in June of that year of	25	BARBARA DURHAM: Is the Death Valley	
	Page 2			Page 28
1	next year.		National Park a cooperating agency?	
2	There are three threatened or endangered	2	TIMOTHY REISCHL: No, they are not. The	y.
3	species that we are dealing with currently. As you	3	are an interested party, though, and we have tal	ked
4	see up there, the Mojave ground squirrel is a	4	to them.	
5	state-listed species, not federally listed, but we	5	Now, I will tell you, though and we	
6	are dealing with it.	6	can - I'll show you the map in a little bit.	
7	The Lane Mountain milk vetch plant is	7	The relationship between our northern	
8	federally endangered.	8	boundary and the southern boundary of Death	Valley
9	And the tortoise is listed as threatened.	9	has not changed. It is exactly the same.	
10	Lots of studies have to go on as part of	10	In fact, the area to the north we call the	
11	the NEPA process. All of these are either ongoing	11	Bowling Alley. I'm sure you're familiar with	it.
12	or completed. And they will be referenced in the	12	It is in Senator Boxer's wilderness bill as an ar	
13	Environmental Impact Statement that we will use as	13	to be designated as wilderness.	
14	part of the NEPA process.	14	But we at this point it is not part of	
15	Lots of other considerations. Recreation,	15	the expansion plan. And we have at this point	in
16	ORVs, the a primary power corridor into	16	time no plans to extend training any farther no	
17	Los Angeles we have to deal with.	2000	than it occurs right now.	
18	There are lots of old mining claims that	18	These are the time lines we are working o	m.
19	have to be made safe. There is private land.	19	We concluded scoping meetings. We had three	
20	As far as we know right now, there is one		in the local areas. This was the legislation that	
- 17	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100	-fll-f It's already been signed	

21 referenced before. It's already been signed.

BA is biological assessment. That is about

When that is complete in November, that

23 in 80 percent draft stage. That basically addresses

24 the biological impacts of the expansion on the area.

25 take land that was essentially contiguous to the

22 is one dwelling on the western side.

23

21 active commercial mine on the east side, and there

24 land was to minimize the impact on neighbors and

But part of the reason that we picked the

Page 29

1 will trigger a consultation with Fish & wildlife

2 Service where we will look at mitigation and

compensation packages to make sure that we can do

the training that we want to train without doing any

permanent damage to endangered species populations.

What we need to get from Fish & Wildlife

Service is what's called a no jeopardy opinion,

which means training at Fort Irwin under the

expansion, taking into account the mitigation

packages, will cause no jeopardy to the continued

11 existence of the endangered species.

12 WILLIAM HELMER: Yeah. What if it's found

that it can't be mitigated in terms of the 13

endangered species, that the study shows that it

just can't be mitigated? Then what? 15

16 TIMOTHY REISCHL: Then there are two

17 options

18 The first one is we don't train there in

19 that area.

20 The second option, under the Endangered

21 Species Act, there is a provision where we can file

for what's called a national security exemption,

which means the mission -- which means we would have

to demonstrate that the mission of Fort Irwin is

more important than damage that would be caused.

Page 30

And, therefore, we would be exempted from the

Endangered Species Act. 2

I'll tell you honestly, the Department of 3

Defense has never filed a national security

exemption. And our goal is to have a complete

enough mitigation package where it's not required. 6

Those are -- honestly, they are only two 7

options under the law. And we have not been 8

exempted from the law. So either we don't train

there or we get a national security exemption to

allow us to train there. 11

12

WILLIAM HELMER: And the area you're

talking about is that southern area? 13

TIMOTHY REISCHL: Actually, it's the whole 14 expansion area. And the next slide will -- when I

throw this open for questions, I will put it up, and

we can answer those questions. 17

But we anticipate the supplemental draft 18

being released to the public January of '03. 19

Sixty days later we will start the public 20

hearings. Currently we have 11 public hearings

scheduled. They go as far north as Sacramento and 22

San Francisco, as far south as San Diego, as far

east as Las Vegas. But they are Ridgecrest,

Barstow, Baker -- put in the Federal Register, MANDER REPORTING (760) 946-3247

1 advertised in the newspapers, and it's a time for

the public to comment on our proposal.

3 After those public hearings are complete,

we take into account all the feedback that we've gotten, finish the Environmental Impact Statement,

6

and then make a decision and publish that decision. 7

WILLIAM HELMER: So is that a 90-day

comment period? 8

> TIMOTHY REISCHL: The comment period actually goes from January -- excuse me. It goes

from January of '03, and we anticipate closing it

out in about June. So about five months. 12

Now, when we put the EIS out, we have a Web 13

14 page that will have it. We will put copies in all

15 public libraries, public places, city halls for people to read. 16

17 We have -- we will have it on CD if people

would like a CD. They just inform us, and we will

send them. 19

20 We will also make complete copies

21 available. Obviously we don't want to do a lot of

those. They're about \$100 a piece. But people just

have to demonstrate that they need one, and we will

send a paper copy of the entire EIS. And we

anticipate it will be over 2,000 pages long.

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Now, after that record of decision, which tells us what we are allowed to do, then we are

allowed to complete the mitigation, acquire the

land. And what we are looking at timewise is

probably not earlier than July of '06 or July of '07

that we are -- would be the earliest date that we

would be allowed to train. And that's assuming

success in all the things that I talked about.

There's lots of things that we're working

on. Complete the requirements. That mitigation 10

plan that takes into account the threatened and

endangered species. We have to work with the Corps

of Engineers to acquire the land.

Concern is probably a mild word for what 14 the environmental groups think about this. We have

had extensive numbers of comments about the plan.

Funding. It's about a \$140 million 17

project. And obviously, finally, must be integrated

with other modernization plans that are going on.

In working through all of these issues, we 20

spent a lot of time thinking about it. 21

I will just tell you that this is one of 22

the alternatives. There are six. If you want to

get further information, they're up here, and they are also in a handout, looking at -- we will pick

Page 29 - Page 32

1 one of these six alternatives. And Alternative

2 No. 6 is called No Action, which means we don't do

3 anything as far as the expansion goes. But it all

4 depends on our ability to mitigate and compensate

5 for what's going to happen when we expand.

6 This is really my last slide. So I would

7 like to open this to questions that you might have

8 on anything. I'm fairly conversant, and Mickey

9 Quillman and Bob Horalek also know lots about this 10 program.

Anything I can answer on any part of the project?

13 WILLIAM HELMER: I have one. Yes.

Since this is a supplemental EIS, could you to explain more of what this supplemental EIS is

16 referencing,

17 TIMOTHY REISCHL: Yes. In 1997, Fort Irwin 18 had a previous expansion plan. That expansion plan 19 envisioned a land expansion of about 330,000 acres,

20 which was essentially this area right here.

21 CHAD SMITH: Is that the Silurian Valley?

22 TIMOTHY REISCHL: It was the Silurian

3 Valley. It went up to the Bowling Alley, took the

24 Avawatz area in here, and went -- actually, it went

25 over Highway 127.

177.01

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We actually put out a draft EIS and had

2 public hearings. As a result of the public hearings

3 and public comments, honestly, we felt like it was

4 not a feasible option. So we essentially shelved

5 that option in 1997 and came up with this plan,

6 which was -- instead of 330,000 acres, which is

7 about 115,000 acres. It is closer to the

s installation. Serves the needs, and honestly, is

9 not more land than we need, which was one of the

10 things that we were accused of.

11 So this EIS, because we did not want to 12 throw out everything that was done on the previous

one, this one will be a supplement to that '97 EIS.

14 But I would emphasize that none of the alternatives

15 in the '97 EIS are currently under consideration.

16 They are in what's called a no longer considered 17 category.

This expansion out to the east, except for this piece right in here, is no longer being

20 considered.
21 CHAD SMITH: You say that that DEIS was
22 shelved. You did not go with the no build

23 alternative under the NEPA process and why not?

24 TIMOTHY REISCHL: It was -- simply, it was 25 not completed.

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1 CHAD SMITH: Well, I know we see so often

2 in the NEPA process that the undertakings is a

3 foregone conclusion and go out and do some studies

4 that okay it. Like with the Hoover Dam bypass

5 project or the bridge there, which will take out an

6 important sacred site to tribes. And I think it's

7 still hitting about one in 1,000 undertakings

8 through the NEPA process that the no action

9 alternative is chosen.

So in the process it seems to me that it
would have been better had the process been followed
to completion and formally stated through the NEPA
process that we're going to go with the no action

4 alternative on this expansion in the Silurian,

But also, was the corridor to Twentynine Palms one of the alternatives in that action?

17 TIMOTHY REISCHL: No. There is no -- at 18 the present time there is no consideration of a 19 corridor to Twentynine Palms.

20 CHAD SMITH: But it's only about 30 miles

from the southeast corner of the facility?
 TIMOTHY REISCHL: It crosses two

23 Interstates, two mountain ranges, and there is

24 approximately 5- to 7,000 people who live in

5 between.

So...

2 CHAD SMITH: But it was proposed in the

3 past.

1

23

24

4 TIMOTHY REISCHL: It has been proposed, but

5 it's -- you know, this is a \$140 million project.

6 That one would be --

CHAD SMITH: 500-?

8 TIMOTHY REISCHL: At least. Because you

9 would just -- of all the people that you would

10 displace and things like that,

At the present time there is no work being done on a corridor linking the two.

13 We do -- when we link with Twentynine
14 Palms, we do it electronically or we fly there. We

15 do not envision ground maneuver between the two.

16 CHAD SMITH: Or joint force maneuvers using 17 both facilities?

18 TIMOTHY REISCHL: And, honestly, one reason
19 we didn't — we believe the need for land expansion

20 has always existed. If we were to close the EIS

out, what we would say is, the need for land expansion no longer exists, so there is no action.

So that's why the Environmental Impact Statement was not closed out, because the need never

went away. We just have had to find or have to find

Page 37

1 the way to accomplish the requirement that the Army

2 has, which is expanding maneuver training.

3 CHAD SMITH: But there were other factors

4 uncovered through the studies in that DEIS that led

5 to the decision not to expand because those other

6 factors outweighed the value of expanding into that

7 area? That it was in reality a no action

8 alternative that was chosen?

TIMOTHY REISCHL: Well, no alternative was
chosen. But what the Army essentially believed was
its requirements were not -- its requirements, when
balanced against the costs of doing that, were not
well-served and for lots of obvious -- lots of

14 reasons that now seem obvious.

15

The fact that all of this area has now been proposed for wilderness. The fact that Highway 127 would have had to have been cut at several places and underpasses made. And effects on Baker.

18 and underpasses made. And effects on Baker.
19 And from the Army's operational
20 perspective, training out here is a long way from
21 the training base. It becomes very expensive to
22 train out there because you have to drive 50 miles
23 just to get there.

24 The -- all of the alternatives that we are 25 looking at now are a lot more modest in scope, and 1 standards.

2 The other part of it is -- I would tell you

3 is be careful of facts thrown around by people,

4 facts that don't -- one of the reasons that we have

5 not thrown around a lot of numbers is because we

6 want the studies on the street to back up the

7 numbers.

8 20,000 tortoises. Our indications are that 9 there's not 5 percent of that many tortoises here.

0 There are less than 5 percent.

11 CHAD SMITH: Well, that's an estimate of 12 life of use over centuries or for 50 years plus, the 13 potential.

TIMOTHY REISCHL: You know, again, be very
careful of the rhetoric. And there's a lot of
emotion that's flying around on this thing. And
what we are trying to do is back up what we say with
studies. We've spent a lot of money figuring out

19 exactly what the displaced tortoise population would 20 be.

And we believe that we can offset the damage to those number of tortoise by mitigation land which protects ten times that many tortoises.

There are mitigation efforts in place, for example, to assist with taking all the grazing

Page 38

a foot

24

16

1 cattle out of the desert.

2 There are -- there is offset Desert

3 Tortoise Critical Habitat that would now be put

4 into -- into a DWMA, Desert Wildlife Management
5 Area, if you're familiar with that. We have lots of

6 plans to do those kinds of things.

7 And that, coupled with our studies, have

indicated that there aren't and never were as many tortoises in the area as many people have said.

We believe that we offset the damage that the training is going to do with lots of mitigation

12 and compensation kinds of acts.

Honestly, a single rain probably takes more
 baby desert tortoise than a whole year of our
 maneuvering.

Mickey, do you want to comment?

17 WILLIAM QUILLMAN: The mitigation plans 18 that we have put together, not only for the

9 tortoise, but for the Lane Mountain milk vetch, are

20 very, very comprehensive.

One of the people on the Desert Tortoise
Recovery Committee, Dr. Dick Tracy out of Reno,

actually said in a meeting one time that the best

24 hope for the survival of the tortoise is the

25 expansion of Fort Irwin because of the funds that

1 they work better with the cost of training, the fact

2 that they are linked to current training areas,

3 things like that. So we believe it's a much better

4 alternative that not only suits the Army's needs,

5 but is environmentally a lot more positive.

6 CHAD SMITH: 1 understand that air quality
7 is apparent from satellite or particulates from
8 broken ground that's already been impacted and
9 ongoing activities. And that's one of the main
10 points of attack that the environmentalist groups

points of attack that the environmentalist groups are going to use.

And the word is in the environmental community that they're lining up to file suit. Also native tortoises concerns. Many of the tribes have direct concern with the fact that you estimate that it would take up to 20,000-plus tortoises by the expansion.

And along the air quality, there will be mitigating activities in the --

TIMOTHY REISCHL: We already monitor air quality. We have eight stations now; planning on putting in two more.

MUHAMMAD BARI: Six now.

23

24 TIMOTHY REISCHL: Currently -- correct me 25 if I am wrong, currently we are within the PM-10

21

23

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Page 41

1 we're going to provide and mitigation that we're 2 going to use for this tortoise.

3 TIMOTHY REISCHL: And I will tell you that

4 the Army has put more money into tortoise mitigation

5 than anyone else in the desert over the last five

6 years. Literally millions of dollars for studies

and barriers and things like that. Because we know

8 we have to train at Fort Irwin, but, therefore, we

9 believe we should help other places. And we spend a

lot of money.

And I will tell you, I've heard people -if you read the Blue Ribbon Panel Report which was

3 put out a couple of years ago, that piece of

14 literature said that it would be \$400 million to

15 mitigate for the damage to the land expansion.

6 That's one of those numbers that I caution you about

17 watching people throw out.

Because the \$75 million that we are proposing has an extraordinary effect on the

tortoise. Less -- about \$20 million of that money

21 will put about 240,000 acres of Desert Tortoise

22 Critical Habitat off the table for any development

23 or any tortoise-disrupting activities. That's a lot

24 of land. And that's not even all of the

25 compensation.

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So we -- you know, we believe and are

2 trying very hard to make sure we do the right thing.

And we understand that maneuvers tear up the desert.
 But as I tried to tell you before, we don't have

4 But as I tried to tell you before, we o

5 anywhere else to do it.

6 Do I have any other questions about 7 anything?

8 WILLIAM HELMER: I have another one.

9 If -- what in the draft EIS that came out

10 in '97 is still - will be referenced as not

11 obsolete?

12 And if there's sections in there that's not

13 obsolete, I don't know, how do you tell the

14 difference?

And, third, will that document be available since it -- this one is a supplement for people who

17 need that as a reference?

18 TIMOTHY REISCHL: The draft EIS is

19 currently available on the Web site. You just go up

20 and download whatever part of it you want to read.

21 What we've done is taken the pieces of it

22 that are still valid. And they will be incorporated 23 by reference in the supplemental.

For example, the environmental baseline study which was done in '96, what we've done is gone

Page 43
1 back and got the firm that did the original, and we

2 contracted with them to update the environmental

3 baseline study.

4 So what they did was go back and check

5 places that they had checked before, using that

6 study, and have updated an environmental base plan.

Same thing with cultural resources. Air

quality has been updated. Those kinds of things.

9 But the entire document will be available 10 to the public. The primary one would be the

supplemental. And it will have those pieces of

12 the '96 draft that still are applicable.

CHAD SMITH: You're referring to a previous study, a NEPA document for cultural. But as to the

5 current expansion proposal, those lands are going to

6 have an archaeological survey, are they not?

17 TIMOTHY REISCHL: You're going to hear more 18 about it. But we just spent about three-quarters of 19 a million dollars doing a cultural resources survey 20 on the expansion lands.

Specifically Tad's going -- Tad's focus

22 will tell you exactly what they did.

But we are, in fact, waiting for their results. They're due to us in about mid-September for incorporation. But a new study was done

25 for incorporation. But a new study was done.

1 We didn't just use the old stuff. We took

what was still applicable, made sure it was current,

3 and then added lots of other things.

4 We've done a -- the largest study to date

5 on the Lane Mountain milk vetch was done last year.

6 We had 30 people in the desert for three months

7 surveying about 400,000 acres of land for Lane

8 Mountain milk vetch. The population went from 80 to

9 800, to about 15,000, based on what we found out

10 there with those people walking around. We had

11 documented locations and all of those kinds of

12 things.

14

13 All of those things will be in the EIS.

BARBARA DURHAM: Was there any Native

15 Americans involved in the cultural resource study?

16 TAD BRITT: No, ma'am, not yet. Some

7 letters of notification, as well as seeking

18 information, were sent out from the installation to

19 each of your tribes.

20 Darrell can address the response. I don't

21 know.

22 DARRELL GUNDRUM: There hasn't been any up

23 until now.

24 TAD BRITT: But I can get into -- I will

25 get into all of that this afternoon or later this

Page 45 Page 4 I morning. 1 early. 2 CHAD SMITH: Are you integrating the 2 TIMOTHY REISCHL: Any other -- any National Environmental Policy Act with the 3 questions? Any other findings? 4 California Environmental Quality Act that has a 4 CHAD SMITH: It may seem that some of my 5 greater interaction with tribes? And were there no questions or comments are even adversarial towards 5 6 Native Americans involved going around with these expansion, but some of the issues that I raised in 6 cultural resource inventory archaeological surveys regard to some of the criticisms of the expansion that have already taken place, and why not? are what I get through the grapevine, through 9 TIMOTHY REISCHL: That was two questions. contacts, people that we work with in the CEQA - we are using CEQA where CEQA is applicable. 10 environmental field. 10 As you know, state lands -- these are federal lands. 11 And particularly under the present Some places CEQA is not applicable, but we are 12 circumstances, it may be indicated by the following the law where it is. circumstances that we find ourselves in. 13 13 14 The second one, on involvement of Native But also, the word no is not in the 14 Americans, I would have to defer. I think to the National Historic Preservation Act as to proposed best of my knowledge, the answer is no. undertakings. And to me, it's just barely in NEPA, TAD BRITT: Mr. Reischl is correct. It's as well, with the studies. That sometimes you have 17 not required on federal land. And it wasn't done on to say, well, there's a downside to this, or this is how we're going to address the downside to these. this project. 19 19 CHAD SMITH: But there is --20 What now the National Historic Preservation 20 Act -- they don't use the word "mitigate" with the TAD BRITT: But the process is not over 21 amended regulations. Efforts to reduce adverse with, by any means. 22 23 CHAD SMITH: There is the one point after effect to the cultural, of course, also overall to the graphic study that is underway that could the environment. involve some -- a lot of site visits to the areas 25 So on our side of it is sometimes a painful Page 48 Page 46 1 that have been surveyed. 1 process, to review the multitudes of paperwork and 2 TAD BRITT: Yes, sir. Exactly. And I the reports and cite objections from a traditional didn't mean to -- we would encourage Native American cultural viewpoint. But in cases with Nellis and Goldwater Range and Via Verde we have often had to participation. This is a process. What we're trying to do now is we sent out letters asking for comment after our reviews that the studies don't adequately address our concerns. information, also letting you know that we would be 6 sharing our information with y'all. 7 TIMOTHY REISCHL: This is an open process. CHAD SMITH: It's a process itself. Yeah. What we have done up to this point, we have 8 8 inventoried and are in the process of evaluating g TIMOTHY REISCHL: We are not interested in

12

22

24,000 acres. We've identified over 200 sites.

Obviously, certain types of sites, we, as

archaeologists, no matter how much education we

have, don't have the ability to evaluate TCPs and

sacred sites. Those are the types of sites we're

going to be consulting with y'all on. 15

We certainly want to encourage 16

participation, and we will be sharing our

information with you. 18

And, again, I'll get into a lot more detail

on this, and our methodology and our reasoning for

doing all this will hopefully make better sense to 21

you later this morning. 22

TIMOTHY REISCHL: I apologize. I've run 23

24 over.

TAD BRITT: No. You did good. We started

finding out objections when the lawsuit is filed. I 10

mean we want to know now.

We -- and, honestly, you haven't told me anything that Daniel Panderson hasn't told me and

13

Gary Wiener and all kinds of people. And --14 CHAD SMITH: As to whether tribes would 15

consider being co-litigants or friends of court in

an environmental suit against an expansion or bite

the bullet and stay out of it from Native American 18

concerns is what has to be decided back home and our 19

review process and running it by the elders, many of 20

whom are veterans and know what --21

TIMOTHY REISCHL: Right. We understand.

I will tell you, Fort Irwin has 422 - 426 23

identified cultural sites that we have seen. We are

trying to do the right thing. And we believe we can

17

Page 52

Page 49 1 do that. 2 This is just -- this is more opportunity for us to continue with that work. But we have four 4 full-time archaeologists on the post. We built a 5 building to house artifacts that we have collected. We have over 700 boxes of artifacts that have been 7 cataloged, and we can show you that. That's Darrell's life's work is all of that, And I'll just tell you. We are trying to

do the right thing. And we're -- and we think we 10 can. We believe enough in the importance of the 12 mission, but we are not mission-focused only. We are trying to take -- trying to take care of everything. That's been the way this place is run and will continue.

TAD BRITT: Thank you, Tim. 16

Just a couple of things. I know some of 17 y'all are taking notes. We've got our stenographer taking verbatim everybody's questions and concerns.

At the end of this, in about two months, 20 you will -- each of the tribes, not only those of you that are here today, but all the other tribes that we invited will all be getting a report,

including all of the transcripts, all of the PowerPoint presentations, information on materials

I we've got a list. We'll get your names added.

2 I do need to add mine.

3 So with that, let's take a 15-minute break. We'll start back at 10:45, and we'll talk about the

Cultural Affiliation Study then. Thank you.

(Recess taken from 10:30 a.m. to 6

7 10:56 a.m.)

TAD BRITT: Folks, I would like to get started again. I'm going to bump the agenda a little bit. David Earle was having trouble with the slide projector. This may be fortunate because I'm going to go right into an archaeological predictive model that we've developed to facilitate the land expansion.

What I would like to do is just walk you through this, tell you who, what, why, when and where

This is a tool we've developed in concert 18 with Darrell Gundrum and the Fort Irwin 19 archaeological staff to predict -- to be able to better predict archaeological and cultural site favorability. 22

23 This is a dynamic GIS tool that models existing geomorphic and environmental data in order 24 to predict sites as well as behavior patterns and

Page 50

I so that everybody has an opportunity and everybody

2 is looking at the same materials. So just to let

3 y'all know that that will be coming in a couple of months.

So thank you. At this time let's take a --5 Susan.

SUSAN PERLMAN: Has everybody had a chance to sign the --8

9 TAD BRITT: I haven't.

SUSAN PERLMAN: - field trip sign-up 10

sheet? 11

TAD BRITT: This is for the field trip 12 tomorrow morning. We'll be going by the curation facility. We'll pick everybody up at the Landmark Inn, convoy over to the curations facility. 15

Darrell and his staff will give us a 16 demonstration and tour of his facility.

Then we're going to go out into Goldstone, 18 NASA property, and look at some pictograph sites and 19 petroglyph sites and some other cultural sites.

20 We'll be back at the hotel by 12:00 and 21 hopefully have you on your road home by no later 22 than 2 o'clock. So we would love to have you. 23 We'll have food and refreshments. 24 So if you do -- or if you change your mind,

1 their favorabilities across the landscape through

time. And we're doing this from a regional

3 perspective.

Basically we're looking for where sites are 4 likely to be found, where sites are unlikely to be found. And then more importantly, what methods should be used to optimize site inventory, data

8 recovery efforts.

The variable that will be modeled is the 9 archaeological or cultural site. We'll be going -we're looking at all of the cultural sites that have been identified on Fort Irwin, BLM and the 12 surrounding regions. 13

We're going beyond the fence line, so to 14 speak. We're going to take the regional approach because we know the Mojave Desert doesn't stop at the fence lines. Particularly, we know there's a lot of trading routes through here. If we look at a bigger picture, we'll get a lot better idea of some of the types of sites that are going on here at Fort 20 21 Irwin.

Again, we're looking at different types of 22 sites, different ages of sites, different cultural affiliations. We're looking at everything from Clovis, all the way up to recent World War II and

1 Korea War. We're modeling all of these.

We're taking a three-dimensional approach. 2

3 That is, we're looking at sites that are on the

4 surface as well as below the surface and the

geomorphic factors. That is, what is the landscape?

6 How does the landscape affect the situation and use

of certain locales?

Another important thing to do from a

management perspective, are there some areas out

10 here at Fort Irwin that we can categorically exclude

11 based on the probability of very little site

potential to be there? 12

13

25

11

16

Those would be places that have either been 14 eroded or there's been some kind of catastrophic or

15 major geomorphic event where sites have either been

eroded or possibly deeply buried. These are areas

that we know that it's not prudent to look in. 17

We range these sites from -- the 18

probability of these sites from very favorable to

very low probability for favorability. 20

21 Now, the legal drivers for this predictive

22 model is the National Historic Preservation Act as

well as the National Environmental Policy Act.

24 Those are the laws.

The spirit of the law we'd like to take a

1 We'll finish up with the final report in May of

2 2003. We've already developed the prototype. We've

3 collected all the GIS data, multiple layers of data

4 from Fort Irwin, as well as the Mojave Desert

5 Ecosystem Project, ITAM, Charis, Crest data.

We've actually gone back in because a lot 6 7 of the problems with the data that were collected 5

8 or 10 or 15 years ago, they didn't have GPSs. Their

locational data was not that accurate. So we've

gone back in and taken a sample of 100 sites.

validated that. That is our control sample. And

those are from sites that have previously been

13 identified on Fort Irwin.

Then we've also gone out and looked at the 14

15 same 100 sites and characterized them with

geomorphic landform sampling.

And two other individuals that are working 17

18 with us on this is Marilyn Ruiz. She's a Ph.D. GIS

cartographer from the University of Illinois. As

well as Dr. Eric McDonald. He is the desert --

Mojave Desert geomorphologist. 21

Dr. McDonald has been out here four or five 22

23 times this summer, collecting data, as well as

24 looking at sites once they have been identified.

Here at Fort Irwin the biggest missing

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25

1 little bit further when we talk about things such as

2 stewardship. This is managing and devoting the

proper treatment and respect of the resources for

long-term management. Key to that is

sustainability. That allows us to plan and

prioritize our management strategies.

Again, we go beyond the fence line

mentality on this. It's like, what's going on in

the surrounding area? How do our sites tell us more

about what's going on in the Mojave Desert?

We feel that this strategy, this predictive 12 model is a proactive approach. It's going to be --

it's going to be more cost-effective as well as time

efficient to develop these tools to manage these

cultural resources. 15

And, finally, because it's GIS

17 computer-based technology, it facilitates well and

18 works well with existing computerized programs here

19 at Fort Irwin, such as the Integrated Cultural

20 Resource Management Plan, the Natural Resource

21 Management Plan, the Mojave Desert Ecosystem

22 Project, Fort Irwin's cultural resource database,

ITAM, range control, DPW, et cetera, you know, as

Work has begun. We started last August.

well as California historic resource inventory.

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1 component is the geomorphology. And not only does

2 it have benefits for cultural resources, but natural

3 resources, as well, because based on the landforms

and types of soils available, we can better predict

where endangered and threatened species may be

likely to occur, as well as protect those areas.

As Mr. Reischl has already pointed out, the

8 existing holdings are 642,000 acres. We've

9 withdrawn 113,000 acres from BLM. Total acquisition

10 is ultimately going to be about 775,000 acres.

This is the area that we're using for our 11 12 predictive model, but we're also, again, going

beyond the fence lines, looking at the area of

14 potential effect, about a 10- to 15-kilometer radius

outside of the project -- of the NTC. 15

16 This is a map you've seen already. You've

got the Avawatz area here. You've got basically

three areas of expansion. This is the Avawatz.

This corridor here is the Power Line. The area over

there is the Superior Valley. 20

Just kind of a status of knowledge, when we 21 began this project at the beginning of the summer,

27 percent of the site had been surveyed. A total

24 of 618 cultural sites have been identified on Fort

25 Irwin. Of those, 25 have been determined as

21

1 significant, that is, eligible for the National

Register of Historic Places.

3 By far, the large majority, almost 500 are -- have not been formally evaluated. These are

sites that we're going to be looking at in the next couple of years to determine their significance with

respect to the National Historic Preservation Act.

And we've already got 81 sites that are clearly not eligible. No further management or 10 treatment is afforded those sites. And then, again, we've got 14 sites with just minimal or inconclusive 12 data.

Those and the 498 we're going to be looking 13 at in the next couple of years to evaluate.

15 Kind of a breakdown of the prehistoric 16 sites. We've got 27 rock art and rock-shelter sites. Lithic reduction and lithic scatter is by far the most numerous, 479 sites. And then we've got 131 habitation sites.

20 We've also got a fair number and a variety of historic sites. We've got everything from 21 homesteads to mines, to historic trails and roads. We've got the Mormon Trail, the Old Spanish Trail here on the base. And a lot of these sites may have

multiple components. Page 58

These are the sites from NTC proper that

2 have been recorded just to give you an idea of the

3 distribution. 618 sites there. We don't have the

data for the Superior, Avawatz and Power Line up

yet. Surveys are almost complete. We've got a lot

of information, but we just don't have it in

PowerPoint.

8 Areas that have been surveyed in Superior, 9 percent of that area of the 600 - almost 63,000 acres have been previously surveyed. 17 percent of the Power Line has been previously surveyed. And 21 percent of the Avawatz area has been previously

surveyed. 13

14 For compliance perspectives for the supplemental EIS, we've agreed, based on the proposed impacts - which I'll show you in a

minute -- that are going to take place here at Fort

Irwin, we've determined that just for this document

we need to do 25 percent coverage in the Power Line

and Avawatz area, which is -- that would bring us up

to 25 percent. So we're looking at about 2,600

acres in those two areas. Those surveys have been 23 completed.

And then the large majority, because the 24 Superior is going to be subjected to more

Page 57

Page 59 1 substantial impacts of the proposed maneuvers, we've

2 agreed to recommend that we sample 50 percent of 3 that area. I'll show you the maps and the areas

that we're going to look at here in just a minute.

This is the proposed impact map. As you 5 can see, there's moderate impacts here in the

Avawatz, none in the Power Line, and then we've got

some high end moderate over in the Superior. That's

what we based our recommended coverages on. 9

Now, for the variables in the predictive 10 model. The deep-ended variable is the cultural 11

resource site, the archaeological site. Those are

positioned on the landscape based on a variety of factors. And these are the factors, the way we've

broken them down and we are analyzing them, are, for

instance, soil characteristics. 16

What is the average water content of that soil? What is the capacity of that soil to collect

and retain moisture? That's going to be a big 20 determining factor for prehistoric sites.

Depth to bedrock as well as soil texture.

22 Then we look at the landform and geology.

We look at the composition. What is it composed of?

What are the predominant rocks, and what type of

landform is it on? I'll show you some examples here

Page 60

in a minute. 1

Then we look at the terrain. We look at

things such as the slope, aspect and elevation.

Another important thing as we look, is that we know 8,000 years ago there was -- this was a much

more conducive environment. There was more water.

The lakes held water longer parts of the year. So

we look at distances between lakes and springs.

Other data that we're incorporating into our model are the 1-meter digital orthophotoquads as 10

well as digital elevation models. We've got the

Fort Irwin cultural resource database. 12 Darrell will show us -- give us a 13

demonstration of that tomorrow. It's basically a

spreadsheet, computerized spreadsheet, that has 79

different categories of classifications for

categorizing cultural resource sites. Everything

from slope, aspect - everything we've talked about

this morning. But there are 79 different

categories, the way we can classify those sites,

based on type, age, chronology, types of artifacts,

elevation, you name it. It's that data that we use 22

to put into the predictive model. 23

24 We're also taking into account the training compartments as well as Fort Irwin boundaries. What

Condenselt TM FORT IRWIN MEETING Page 61 Page 63 1 are they going to be doing at Fort Irwin? Again, 1 forms when he goes to one site and uses the same set 2 we're taking in the California Historic Inventory 2 of forms for another type of site so at the end we 3 database from the sites surrounding Fort Irwin. 3 can do an analysis and, again, we've got a Then, most importantly, we're taking into 4 cross-reference. account the biases, both methodological and These are the types of things he's looking 6 environmental. 6 at. Those items highlighted in red are the As I mentioned, the environment has changed observations that the archaeologists are recording 8 dramatically over the last 8,000 years. And, again, 8 in the field. Those are things such as artifact 9 that affects the way humans have interacted with the 9 type, the aspect and slope on the landscape, surface 10 resources here on the land. And it changes their 10 type. 11 subsistence patterns. 11 Out here we've got a lot of ancient 12 But more importantly is the methodological 12 surfaces that go back thousands -- tens of thousands 13 biases. This has probably been the biggest headache 13 of years that haven't changed typically or 14 for us developing this model because the BLM owned characterized by desert pavements. Desert pavements 15 the property, the Superior and Avawatz. When they 15 tend to develop a patina, real dark patina 16 had their archaeologists do surveys, they used a 16 manganese. 17 different set of standards for defining a site than 17 And that tells us some idea -- even if you 18 what Fort Irwin did. 18 find a lithic scatter, in order to diagnose these 19 The biggest problem we have had is cleaning artifacts, you can look at the color of those 20 up — looking at that data, cleaning it up, making artifacts. If they have been affected by the heat, 2) our definition of a site match what their they tend to turn red. That gives us some 22 definition -- or making the two -- making their indication on the age. 23 definitions fit Fort Irwin's definitions. That's He also looks at all of these other 23 24 been very trying, but it's -- it's necessary. variables when he's out in the field. 24 25 You've got to clean up the data so that you can be 25 This is an example of the way that the Page 62 Page 64 looking at apples and apples instead of apples and 1 geomorphologists would map the landscape. The image 2 on the right looks -- the mountains look pretty much oranges. So that's very important that we look at 3 3 the same. But as you can tell, going from top to those and, as well --4 bottom, you're looking at limestone, volcanic rocks, Yes, sir. granitic rocks, and then quartz rocks. 5 PHIL SWAIN: Can you stand over there so we 6 This is the detail that the geomorphologist 6 brings to this project that the archaeologist is not can see. trained to observe. TAD BRITT: Is this better? 8 9 PHIL SWAIN: For me. Now I can see. And, again, we've seen real close TAD BRITT: Tell you what. Let me grab a correlations to prehistoric habitation sites to this 10 10 11 chair, and I'll sit down. quartz monzonite. It's one of our preliminary conclusions that has not been observed out here yet. How is this? 12 12 13 CHAD SMITH: Are those dotted lines faults? PHIL SWAIN: That's great. 13 TAD BRITT: The geomorphologist, 14 TAD BRITT: Are you talking about right 14 Dr. McDonald, has been out here. He's done a

thorough literature of records review as well as the surrounding regions. As I said, he is the desert geomorphologist expert. 18 He's conducted reconnaissance at our 19 20 control sites. He's got a good baseline for 21 reference for the types of deposition and geology that we may encounter out here. And he's devised -- more importantly, he's 23 24 devised a system for classifying what he sees in the field so it's a standardized system. He takes his

15 here? CHAD SMITH: Yeah. 16 17 TAD BRITT: It looks like a fault, CHAD SMITH: East/west? 18 19 TAD BRITT: Oh. I don't know. CHAD SMITH: Monzonite has an "o" instead 20 of an "a," 21 TAD BRITT: Thank you. I'll correct Eric 22 23 when I got back. Thank you. This is, again, what Eric calls cartoon, 24 25 This is -- basically this bottom image here are the

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1 fluvial Lake Mojave. These are the lakes that were 2 formed by rains tens of thousands of years ago.

The last major peak was about 13,000 years ago. And then, of course, every couple of thousand 5 years we get a large influx of rain, and the lakes 6 are very deep.

But, of course, as you see, as we get more 8 up to modern time, things are getting drier. These 9 two images here show how landforms are formed and

10 how they corresponded into lakes over time.

11 The water, the rainwater and the wind 12 affect the way that the sands are being redeposited 13 out here.

This is a preliminary classification of the 14 15 types of landforms we've got at Fort Irwin, as well 16 as the expansion areas. The two major landforms we have are -- this kind of brownish beige color is 18 erosional highlands. And then the green is bajada as well as older alluvials across. Those are the

more dominant geomorphic landforms out here. The two types of methods that we're using 21 22 are chi-square, kind of descriptive, doing some geostatistical as well as map overlays to produce 24 the favorability maps. And then we're doing parametric methods, such as logistical regression.

1 deposits. That's a different strategy we're trying

3 This inventory that we're doing is that 4 we're looking for buried site potential, and we're 5 looking in those areas regardless if we find

artifacts or not.

Obviously if we do find an artifact, we put 7 several tests or excavation units at all of those locations. And, yes, we are finding sites that are buried out here. 10

11 So, again, this is a new approach that has 12 not been employed previously at Fort Irwin. And we are certainly encouraged by the results. And bringing on the geomorphologist has been a real

boost to understanding the archaeology out here. 16 These are the sample survey blocks for the

Superior. We're doing 178. Again, the crosshatched 17 ones are the ones that have been previously surveyed

by earlier inventories. These blocks, all of the

different color blocks, are the ones that we are looking at during this current inventory, 21

22 The color ranges from low to medium, to

high. We've actually got -- our highest 23 probabilities are around the Superior Lake bed. And

25 then we've also got a high probability over here.

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Again, this allows us to create a probability map of 2 site locations based on these types of analyses.

Again, we've constructed the model. We've taken our 100 percent sample and we go out and we

field-verify these 100. This will be our control 6 group.

16

19

21

22

23

24

7 This is where the archaeologists are looking in the Avawatz area. These areas here that are crosshatched are previously surveyed areas. They were done kilometer by half a kilometer.

Typically oriented north/south.

What we did is to get our 25 percent of 12 this area, we analyzed this and determined that we 13 needed 14 blocks. And we actually pieced a couple of these together to get our blocks. 15

Then the colors within those blocks reflect the geomorphologist's interpretations of potential for buried sites. 18

One important thing that I do want to mention, that as far as I know, that all surveys that have been conducted at Fort Irwin have all been pedestrian surveys.

When the archaeologists find a site on a pedestrian survey, they typically don't do any subsurface sampling to see if they're intact

Last Friday one of the crew members

2 recovered a Clovis point -- that's the earliest

3 known projectile point in North America -- recovered

it from this area.

The geomorphologists are going back out 5

there to look at the sites once they have been

identified. They open up excavation units. They

look at -- they examine them together. Obviously

we're looking at -- recording two different types of

data. But they complement one another very well. 10 Got a lot of gold -- I'm sorry. Up in the 11

Goldstone area, town of Goldstone, we've got a lot 12 of mines up there, a lot of homesteads around the

base of Superior. And there is military from either

World War II or the Korea War all over this entire

area. So we're getting a lot of varied

archaeological sites and artifacts from this area. 17

18 These are some maps that we produced based on the preliminary data that we got; we cleaned up.

The dark green is the highest. This is prehistoric site favorability. We had very little -- very low

potential in the Avawatz. We found a rock -- we

found two rock-shelters there that were cultural 23 24 material.

25 We're going to be going back and evaluating

- 1 those sites. The remainder were prehistoric lithic
- 2 scatters on desert pavements that have been there
- 3 for many thousands of years. No deposition to the
- artifacts.
- So we've got two sites there we want to
- test. None in the Power Line. No newly identified
- sites there. And then we've got some sites --
- obviously some sites that we're going to be testing
- in the Superior.

10 And Mr. Smith is coming in this afternoon, our contractor that is doing these surveys -- will

- tell you more about the results of this survey and evaluation.
- 13
- 14 Yes, sir.
- CHAD SMITH: When you say test, you mean 15 the shovel test, not the formal excavation unit?
- 17 TAD BRITT: No. sir. Let me clarify that.
- 18 What I've tasked our contractors to do is
- to inventory and evaluate all sites they encounter
- as one effort. Typically they come out, they
- 21 inventory, they write a report, they come back, they
- evaluate 22
- We felt that it would be much more 23
- 24 cost-effective and time-efficient to do that as one
- effort. And it's -- they're basically -- we're

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- doing -- we're doing shovel tests. We're also doing
- one-by-one hand excavation units. We've got
- mechanical excavations if necessary.
- We're collecting radiocarbon dates, as well 4
- as thermoluminescence dates.
- We're doing this, and this will all be
- combined into one report, which will be appended to
- the DEIS as well as the SEIS. And we'll be sending
- you the preliminary information here in a couple of
- 10 months.
- CHAD SMITH: We're going to need 11
- notification in advance of ground-disturbing
- activities in the nature of testing as a corollary
- to ARPA. And the DOD doesn't have to issue ARPA
- permits, but under Army guidelines in the Army
- regulations is specifically stated tribes will be
- notified of issuance of permission to excavate, 17
- TAD BRITT: Okay, Well, let's make -- can 18
- you make a note of that, and we'll come back and 19
- 20 revisit that this afternoon.
- CHAD SMITH: Because this has led to other 21
- things, more academic research-oriented excavation
- at Sally's Rockshelter by David Whitley that 23

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- involved the taking and curation of these medicine
- stones, these ^ ^ white quartz hammerstones that

1 didn't come from the immediate area.

- And the Mojaves at least feel that under
- 3 NAGPRA, those items should be returned to the site
- 4 where they were removed from and that the tribes
- should have been notified that, hey, Whitley wants
- 6 to go there and excavate the base of these
- petroglyph panels. And do you have any comments
- about us allowing him to do this?
- 9 But he taught -- well, he did have carte
- 10 blanche from various installations and BLM to do
- such things. And we want the opportunity to comment
- before he gets to go do it because often it would be
- that he shouldn't be allowed to.
- 14 TAD BRITT: Okay. I understand your
- concerns. 15
- 16 Again, that was something that was done
- before a lot of us were here. I understand it is
- still a concern, and repatriation of those objects
- is something that we want to address. And we can
- address the specifics of notification and what
- constitutes notification this afternoon. Let's
- please bring that back up. 22
- 23 Yes, ma'am.
- 24 BARBARA DURHAM: Do I understand that you
 - are doing radiocarbon testing?

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- TAD BRITT: On charcoal, on -- yes, ma'am.
- On certain types of objects we are doing radiocarbon
- 3 testing.

5

19

- BARBARA DURHAM: What constitutes a site? 4
 - TAD BRITT: A site is 20 or more -- correct
- me if I am wrong here 20 or more culturally
- related artifacts within a 10-meter radius.
- 8 WILLIAM HELMER: What's the BLM -- vou're
- saying there's a difference between --
- TAD BRITT: California -- for those of you 10
- who have done CRM in California, there are no 11
- clear -- they have a definition for a site. And
- then they said, well, if it's this, this and this -
- in other words, there is no clear definition.
- So what Fort Irwin has done -- and this is 15
- the -- I guess what's best for the Army is they have
- defined their own definitions of what a site is,
- what a site isn't, what an isolated find is. 18
 - These have been put into the Integrated
- Cultural Resource Management Plan. And those are
- 21 the definitions that we use at Fort Irwin.
- Again, I was going back -- when I mentioned 22
- earlier the BLM had different definitions for sites,
- different surveys at different -- under different 24
- leadership at Fort Irwin also had different

23

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Page 73 1 definitions for sites. So one of our biggest challenges for this 2 3 predictive model is to go back in and -- making a 4 consistent definition of what a site is and what it isn't WILLIAM HELMER: What's the BLM definition 6 7 of the site? TAD BRITT: I don't know. 8 WILLIAM HELMER: In California, it didn't 10 seem that unclear to me. I've done archaeology in California --11 12 TAD BRITT: Okay. WILLIAM HELMER: -- and they -- it was 13 more -- I think the last time I'd looked, something like seven flakes or one tool and three flakes within a 30-meter radius, rather than this, would 17 be --TAD BRITT: Well, I didn't define the 18 classifications. Those are just the classifications we have been given to go by --20 WILLIAM HELMER: Uh-huh. To go by. Okay. 21 TAD BRITT: - to use for Fort Irwin.

The federal agencies have some latitude on

how they manage their cultural resources. It's a

lot different than just a private - you know, a

Page 75 1 data to see, do they fit -- in essence, we 2 reclassify them. We don't tell the State that. We take those data, and we use that data to fit our model. We don't necessarily reclassify -- if the State or the BLM calls it a site, that's fine. But 6 for our purposes for analysis, we may rename it or reclassify it for the predictive model. 8 WILLIAM HELMER: Whether it's a site or 9 not. TAD BRITT: Right, Whether or not it fits 10 a site under our definition just so we can do the analysis. WILLIAM HELMER: Okay. 13 14 TAD BRITT: But that is a big problem. We acknowledge that, 15 But these are some maps. This is historic 16 site favorability. You see a lot of sites up here in Goldstone. These are mines that -- again, dark green on all of these show the high probability. 20 And these are going to change a lot once we complete our survey. We're doing almost 25,000 acres of inventory and evaluation. We've probably

1 tonight.

isolated finds.

This is just a blowup of the Superior 2 Valley area. Again, you've got real high

probability for the Superior Lake. And these, I

identified over 300 new sites, probably 1,000

Again, Mr. Smith will talk about that

believe, are little streams coming into the

Superior.

And we've got -- like I said, we've got some good data from over in here, a lot of prehistoric sites. Getting ceramics. Some pretty

exciting --10

What's interesting to note, the Superior 11 represents one extreme of the Mojave Desert that's a dynamic, changing, kind of evolving component of the Mojave Desert. And on the other extreme you have the Avawatz, totally different extreme. It's very stable. It's been there for thousands of years, and it's probably going to be there for thousands of years. The landform hasn't changed a whole lot. So it gives us the whole range right here

at Fort Irwin. Looking at these two areas, it gives us the whole range of what we might expect in the Mojave Desert. 23

Then, finally, this is the model's performance up to this point. We're finding that 48 percent of the habitation sites occur in 7 percent

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state agency or something like that. And those are the parameters that we were given. Those are the ones that best fit Fort Irwin's needs. So ... WILLIAM HELMER: I was just wondering, since you're in the -- near the BLM areas, if you're -- Fort Irwin is doing that, say, in the Superior Valley, but BLM, are they still using the Imax form, or does anybody know? The -- which is another --TAD BRITT: We're not getting our data from 10 11 BLM. We're getting our data from CREST system, the 12 California -- from San Bernardino, the regional center. So we're, you know, trying to be consistent 14 with as much of the data as we can. And so, 15 therefore, we're going -- that's our clearinghouse 16 for data that's outside of the Fort Irwin and expansion areas. WILLIAM HELMER: Yeah. I could -- there 18 might be some problems if there's a site -- if you 19 get off the Fort Irwin survey and then you're on BLM 20

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different from BLM.

24

land and then they have another site. And then if

California state system, which might be slightly

you have, you know, state land or somebody using the

TAD BRITT: Yeah. Well, we look at those

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1 of the areas found within Fort Irwin. That is, that

they're highly localized to certain geographical and

geomorphic landforms.

And, again, these correspond -- rock art.

Again, you're going to find certain types of stone,

the salt. Again, 44 percent occur in a very small

area here at Fort Irwin, the expansion.

8 Lithic sites. It's a little -- very low

number. And they - this is not a real good

representation. They basically occur anywhere and

everywhere. 11

And then historic sites, again, are very 12

13 localized. Majority of them occur in a very small

area here at Fort Irwin.

Again, these are our recommendations that 15 we made at the beginning, was to proceed with this 16

as quickly as possible. We want to inventory and

evaluate as one effort. We feel that we could get

better information quicker, and it's much more

cost-effective to do it this way. You've got one 20

21 report to review.

22 We're following the guidelines of the

predictive model. We're following the research

objectives on the Fort Irwin Integrated Cultural

Resource Plan. We're also addressing research

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25

questions in the California Historic Preservation

2 Plan.

And that is the end of my presentation. 3

I'm certainly open to questions.

And Mr. Smith will -- we'll come back to 5

these this afternoon if that's okay with you. I

want to try to keep on our schedule.

CHAD SMITH: You're integrating the 8

approach to the small, limited activity, low side of

the lithic scatters through the care adapt approach

under the California Historical Preservation Plan? 11

TAD BRITT: I'm not familiar with care 12

13 adapt.

21

CHAD SMITH: That in general they are not 14

national register eligible. They're limited

activity, local stuff.

TAD BRITT: Yes, sir. I understand what 17

you're saying. 18

And pretty much from what I -- that is our 19

approach here. 20

Is that correct, Darrell?

We don't adhere to the care adapt approach 22

because -- what I was saying is that Fort Irwin does

not adhere to the care adapt approach for managing

the small lithic scatters because Fort Irwin has its

Page 79 1 own management and treatment plan for these small

lithic scatters.

3 And, yes, we're pretty much in agreement

that the information that they contain is limited.

And they're typically not significant or eligible

for the national register.

What we are learning from this survey is

that we are being better able to collect new

information because of the geomorphologists.

They're training the archaeologists to look at

things such as the degree of desert pavement, the

degree of patination. Are these artifacts -- when

they pick them up, there's a rubification on the

underside of these artifacts that tells you a lot

about the age and how long those artifacts have been

on that surface. 16

So, yes, we are getting - actually, we're 17

getting more information. But probably if there are

no diagnostic tools or any kind of dateable material

associated with those, the management's

recommendation will probably be that they're

insignificant. 22

CHAD SMITH: Similar approach. 23

DARRELL GUNDRUM: Very, very --24

TAD BRITT: Although I'm not familiar with

Page 80

I that approach, but from what you're telling me, I

would agree.

DARRELL GUNDRUM: If I can add for a 3

second.

Even the small lithic scatters under the 5

care adapt program, if it's on desert pavement, are

not required to subsurface test. Then the

evaluation that's going on in the land expansion

area, even with the small lithic scatters, if they

are on desert pavement, we are still shovel-testing

them just to make sure that the deposits are

shallow. 12

13

16

21

22

So it is even a little more intensive of

what we're doing versus the care adapt standards.

But it's the similar -- similar idea.

Every site we find out there in the

expansion area we're going to evaluate them to see

if they're significant or not. 18

BARBARA DURHAM: Darrell, are these 19

artifacts being collected or just being recorded?

TAD BRITT: They're being collected.

BARBARA DURHAM: I kind of find that

disturbing, that this is taking place without 23

consultation. I mean the Timbi-sha people probably

passed through this area and traded with neighboring

1 tribes, and I think it was probably a joint area

- that was used by the Native Americans. And I just
- find that disturbing, that they're being collected.
- 4 TAD BRITT: We appreciate your concerns,
- And that's certainly why we invited you here, is to
- hear those. That's something -- make a note of
- that. We want to talk about that this afternoon as
- well. 8
- 9 WILLIAM HELMER: Are they curated on site here --10
- TAD BRITT: They're curated here. You will 11 12 see the curation facilities tomorrow.
- I know the BLM doesn't collect artifacts. 13
- Fort Irwin's approach is different. That doesn't
- mean that we're locked into anything. We certainly
- would like to hear your side of the story and what
- your wishes and concerns are. And hopefully we can
- 18 agree to proper treatment.
- 19 That's our objective here today, is to help
- us better -- my job is to help y'all understand 21 their program, as well as to help them understand
- 22 your concerns.
- BETTY CORNELIUS: If they have been 23
- collecting, how many years has it been, you know,
- from the beginning to now? Has it been -- because I

record forms, submit them to the State -- the

1 in-house, yeah. We do surveys in-house, report

- 2 archaeological sites, prepare archaeological site
- archaeological record forms to the SHPO, to the
- information center here in San Bernardino County for
- trinomial assignment.
- We have larger projects here at the
- installation which we contract out to private
- cultural resource management firms. If there are
- sites that we need to evaluate or have testing done
- at, we would likely contract that work out.
- 12 BARBARA DURHAM: Have you found grave 13 sites?
- 14 DARRELL GUNDRUM: Not yet. There's one
- site -- actually, it was recorded during the late
- 1970s. And notification letters were sent out to
- several tribes. Actually, Chad, I believe, at
- Ft. Mojave received letters. Colorado River Indian
- Tribe received letters of a potential cremation
- 20 burial here at Fort Irwin.
- And this was found in the Drinkwater Basin 21
- right adjacent to the Drinkwater Lake. There was a 22
- little bit of human -- we don't know if it was human
- bone, but there was a little bit of bone found. At
 - that time nobody knew if it was human or not.

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- know --1
- TAD BRITT: Since the 1980s? 2
- DARRELL GUNDRUM: We have archaeological
- collections primarily since we became the National
- Training Center in 1980, about 20 years.
- The policy at Fort Irwin is to preserve 6
- sites and see to it as much as possible. What we
- collect on the base here is we're reporting sites if
- there's projectile points. 9
- In order to record the sites, we document 10 the locations of where those finds are, collect
- those things.
- Our general policy is to leave sites in 13
- situ, in care of the installation. But we need to
- evaluate them for significance for the national
- register. If they are not eligible, then nothing
- further is required, treatment of those sites or
- protection. If they are eligible, then our general
- policy is not to excavate them, but leave them in.
- BETTY CORNELIUS: And the archaeologist 20
- does all the documentation of these, whatever they
- 22 are picking up?

23

- DARRELL GUNDRUM: Of the sites?
- 24 BETTY CORNELIUS: Yeah.
- DARRELL GUNDRUM: For stuff that we do 25 MANDER REPORTING (760) 946-3247

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- We notified the tribes, and the responses 1
- we had back were it could be potentially cremation
- 3 burial. The installation agreed to treat it as
- 4 such, and that's one area that we have fenced as off
- limits.
- It was never conclusively shown to be 6
- human, but it was a possibility that it was. And
- that's one instance where, you know, we consulted
- early 1980s with some of the tribes in the region,
- and it was felt that it would be best just to fence
- off that area and protect it. And it's protected
- today. 12
- BARBARA DURHAM: That's the only site? 13
- DARRELL GUNDRUM: That's the only site we 14
- know of. 15
- 16 BARBARA DURHAM: The rest are just
- 17 artifacts?
- DARRELL GUNDRUM: Most of the sites we have 18
- at Fort Irwin are small lithic scatters that Chad 19
- alluded to. About 46 percent of our sites end up
- being small lithic scatters. We'll see those
- 22 tomorrow on the field trip.
- Some of these are nothing more than 2 or 3 23
- flakes, 7 flakes, 20 artifacts maybe scattered over
- the size of this room. Other sites are several

I kilometers big. They're rather large. But

generally the predominant sites we have here is

3 lithic production stations or lithic scatters.

4 BETTY CORNELIUS: so there's no way that

you guys or, you know, Fort Irwin personnel and the

archaeology department, that they can declare an

item a NAGPRA item, right? I mean who --

8 DARRELL GUNDRUM: It's not for us to

declare if it's a NAGPRA item or not. That's one of

the reasons we invited y'all here today, is we need

to discuss what items you feel fall under the NAGPRA

12

13 We have a collection summary that was done

14 in 1996, I believe. We have a copy of that report.

15 We can certainly make that available to all of your

16 tribes.

17 It's really -- that's something I think is

pretty clear under NAGPRA. It's not for us to

decide. It's for all of you to see what you feel

20 about some of these items.

21 Generally, though, in the collections we

22 have no human remains, no human bones. Most of what

we have are flakes and debatage, just lithic

24 reduction artifacts.

BETTY CORNELIUS: Well, I see traditional

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1 you to take back, and we could start that. And

2 certainly you could review the collections that we

3 have and decide if there are any items that fall

under NAGPRA.

5 TAD BRITT: Could -- I don't mean to cut

you off, but I want to get back on the agenda.

7 We're going to be talking about NAGPRA and

our standard operating procedures in-depth this 8

afternoon, and then we'll have an opportunity to

discuss whatever we want for a couple of hours this

afternoon as well. 11

So to keep us back on the agenda, I'm going 12

to turn it over now to Mr. David Earle. He's an 13

anthropologist, cultural anthropologist. He's done

a lot of work in the Mojave Desert. He's been

brought on board to help us with the Cultural

Affiliation Study.

He's going to give you the preliminary

19 results, his methodological approach and then be

talking to y'all about maybe setting up some 20

21 interview times later.

I apologize for the heat. We're going to

be making every attempt possible to make this more

24 comfortable this afternoon.

DAVID EARLE: Thanks, Tad.

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1 elders, you know, remove this stuff over at your

2 curation facility. So there's probably a

3 recommendation or possibility recommendation,

4 though, that we have traditional committee for the

5 NAGPRA

25

So I don't know, you know, if there was any 6

7 funding for a NAGPRA committee, you know, using

traditional people, but that would probably be their

next step, you know, is to get this viewed

immediately because they have been stored for 20

years. 11

12

15

DARRELL GUNDRUM: Uh-huh.

13 What we have is you'll see -- well, you're

coming tomorrow.

We can show you the artifact collection we

16 do have at the curation facility.

We do have an inventory of all the sites 17

for work that has been done in the last 20 years.

Any contract work that was done here at the

installation, contractors returned that material

back to Fort Irwin, and we have it stored in a 21

climate-controlled room. It's all been inventoried. 22

We had the collection summary work prepared 23

24 a couple years ago. It would be a good idea, I guess, if we provide copies of that report to all of

First of all, I would like to kind of

emphasize that the portion of the project that I'm

working on hopefully will involve all of you folks

who have been kind enough to come on over here to

Fort Irwin and get involved in this whole process.

The Cultural Affiliation Study has got

several objectives. Our approach is fairly

straightforward. The focus of the cultural

affiliation portion of our effort here is focused

10 primarily on the period of maybe the last 300 years

or so of Native activity and occupation or use of

the Fort Irwin area. 12

Now, it's very important to keep in mind

that Fort Irwin, a little bit like Edwards Air Force

Base, is something that we sometimes call the kind

of hole in the ethnographic donut.

This means that there are areas where

various Native groups were based that were sometimes

found on the periphery of the military installation

itself. And that often places like Edwards or Fort 20

Irwin at certain periods of time in the past were

used by a group or a number of groups perhaps on a

23 somewhat seasonal or temporary basis.

We often will find core areas of Native 24

settlement that are located a little ways away from

1 the military installation itself.

One of the things that this means is that a project of this kind that is aimed at giving an

4 adequate picture of how Native groups, families,

5 communities or larger groups were using a particular

6 area like Fort Irwin, this has to be a regional

7 rather than installation focus sort of study because

8 the groups we are interested in were occupying a

9 much larger area than portions of the installation

10 itself.

And a lot of the processes, like trade
interaction between different groups, migration and
historic events that have occurred in the last 300
years in this part of the desert, these are not all
necessarily going on inside the base boundary.

6 There are a lot of things that have gone on in this 7 part of the desert.

For instance, the use of the Mojave River corridor, that had a real impact on activities right here on the base. But, of course, the lower and upper Mojave Rivers are not within the base boundaries.

But we have to have a kind of a wider focus in order to look at what's going on inside the boundaries of our installation here.

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And one of our issues of interest here --

2 TAD BRITT: Dave, excuse me. Could you

3 tilt your screen down just a little bit.

DAVID EARLE: One of the principal purposes

5 of the study is to identify what are called

6 traditional cultural properties. And there is a

7 definition that's used within federal cultural

8 resource management that includes archaeological

9 sites, sacred sites, places of cultural

10 significance, recognized by an existing cultural

1 group. And that is of significance to them.

There has been, as you all probably know, a debate in recent years over the issue of the discovery of archaeological sites, for instance,

15 that a particular group may not have previously been

6 aware of.

17 In the case of a specific site, let's say,
18 maybe in the southwest a kiva that had existed in

9 the past and for various reasons was -- the location

20 of which was not known to a particular Native

21 community. But, of course, the kiva as a

22 representation or a representative element of the

23 religious practice of a particular group would be

24 important to them, whether or not they had

25 previously been aware of the existence of a

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Now, we're interested in occupation and settlement, any kind of indications of what groups or possibly family groups may have been using the base area, and any indications of population levels.

Obviously economic use of the region is something that's always of interest to rarchaeologists because they often can kind of get a handle on things like subsistence, ways that Native groups are making a living in a particular area.

But we're also interested in kinship
arrangements, social organization and religious
practices.

The issue of religious practices is
particularly important, of course, because disposal
of the dead, funerary rights, these kinds of
cultural practices are core aspects of the way of
life of these groups.

They're also important as Native
communities and archaeologists and environmental
managers work together to deal with issues such as
repatriation of both human remains and of
religiously significant objects through mechanisms
such as NAGPRA.

24 So this issue of social and religious life25 is also a very important aspect of the study.

1 particular kiva in a particular location.

So the interpretation of traditional
 cultural properties does include locations. It

4 might be something like a cave containing rock art

5 that is newly discovered. That would be considered

6 to be a place of cultural significance to a

7 community, whether or not the community had

8 previously been aware of the fact that that cave

9 existed in a particular location and had rock art in

10 it.

Now, in addition to traditional cultural properties, also there are natural resources that may be of interest to Native communities.

14 Here in California, in many areas of
15 California, of course, basketry materials are
16 important to Native communities. And locations on
17 federal land, for instance, where particular types

18 of basketry materials are available may be the

19 object of both interest and discussion or 20 consultation between managers of federal lands and

21 Native communities.

So these natural resources are things that
the affiliation study will want to document where
these may occur on base, what are the types of
natural resources that were traditionally important

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1 to Native communities, how these were used.

Now, in addition, the study will attempt to 2

identify other types of cultural resources. These

4 would include, for instance, camp or village sites'

5 special use areas. Also, there may be -- and this, 6 in fact, has occurred -- information contained in

7 archival sources -- and I'll be getting to those in

8 a minute -- that may identify sacred sites or places

of religious significance for particular Native

communities. Now, our sources that are being used for 11

the project include three principal types of -- or 12 categories of information.

14 First of all, there is documentation. And 15 what we mean by that, written records, particularly from the -- dating from the 18th and 19th centuries that deal with not only Fort Irwin itself, but the surrounding areas of the Mojave Desert, 18

19 And these -- this historic documentation begins in the mid 1770s. And because of particularly the importance of the Mojave River as a travel corridor, beginning very early on -- in fact, in the 1770s with the travels of Father Garces, the 24 traffic of non-Native people through this region

25 early in the nineteenth century begins to be

Page 94

2

21

25

1 sacred sites.

1 significant. And there's a good deal of information that can be gleaned from travelers' accounts.

Later on mining. Occasional military 3 4 expeditions during the era of Mexican rule. And by

5 the 1830s, we have caravans that are traveling the Old Spanish Trail. All of these left a paper trail.

And it's possible today to find some really quite

surprisingly useful information about Native life in

this area in the 19th century in many of these

11

Newspapers, for instance, connected with 12 mining operations here in the Mojave Desert is a source that has sometimes been neglected, just to cite an example.

Now, another important source and perhaps 15 the core area of information of a historic kind that we're working with in this project is commentary provided by Native elders to anthropologists and other interested researchers, particularly beginning 20 at the beginning of the 20th century.

We did have information collected by Powell 21 22 in the 1870s, but later on, after about 1900,

23 Kroeber, John Harrington and his wife, Carobeth 24 Laird, who did -- collected very useful information

25 on the Chemehuevi.

And through the reminiscences of her

husband, George Laird, Isabel Kelly has collected

information -- there are field notes that she

collected in the early '30s that are now at UC

Berkley that have very interesting information

directly relevant to the Fort Irwin area.

And the work of Julian Steward in -- among

R the Shoshone and Southern Paiute is relevant.

9 Maurice Zigmond worked with the Kawaiisu or Nuooah in the Tehachapis. And they ended up having 10 quite a debate about the status of an area,

including Fort Irwin, who was living here. Their

field notes are very helpful in working on this

problem of occupation of Fort Irwin during the last

200 years. Also Stephen Cappannari, 15

Now, in addition, a critical part of the 16 project is the development of a program of collaboration with Native communities and Native people who may be able to provide commentary and

information about places and resources of cultural 20 21 significance.

22 Particularly important here would be providing information about both traditional

cultural properties that may be of current interest

to Native communities and also the identification of

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One of the elements of all of this that's

very important for the Fort Irwin area is the fact

that we have got groups who may have been

historically located quite a distance away from the

Fort Irwin area, but who use this area or traveled

through it. 7

One of the examples I always think of, 8 given that I live in the Antelope Valley, we have an area in the west part of the valley, northwest part of the valley, near the road up to Tehachapi where 11 there appears to have been a place mentioned in Mojave oral literature as a sacred place.

13 We're a long, long way away from the 14 Colorado River, but, for example, both Chemehuevis and Mojaves had places that were sacred to them that they would have visited that were often located some distance away from the core areas that they had settled in the 18th and 19th century. And this certainly could turn out to be the case here at Fort

22 I'm just going to quickly show you a few of the slides here and discuss a little bit this issue of how the area was being used. 24

And one of the things we keep in mind here,

1 looking, for instance, at rainfall, we have a kind

2 of an ethnic frontier just to the east of us that

3 existed in the late 18th century. That we could --

DARRELL GUNDRUM: I'm sorry. David, is

5 there a length on the cord? Is it possible for you

6 to stand off to the side here, or we can change the

7 slide for you?

DAVID EARLE: See how this does.

9 This area right here, just to the east of

10 us, that was a kind of a frontier zone between 11 area -- core areas of Chemehuevi occupation in this

12 area and Serranos and other topic speakers down

13 here.

8

14 What is important with this map is that you

can see areas of higher altitude that had

5 particularly important resources that Native groups

17 in this part of the Mojave Desert could utilize. It

8 was a great importance of being able to work upward

and downward in an area, for instance, like in the

20 Providence Mountains where there are springs at high

21 altitude.

25

22 And different groups could use resources

3 located either on desert floors or in mountain areas

24 at different times of year.

The issue of rainfall over the short term

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25

15

1 in the last 300 years is really important. Our

2 study of Native use of this region is focusing on

3 some of the climate changes that have occurred

4 during this period.

Short-term droughts. And we now have fairly reliable data for the last 3- or 400 years on

7 the local occurrence of these kinds of events.

Also important in the history of the area is, as I've mentioned before, the Mojave River as a

0 cultural and trade corridor. And this was one of

11 the circumstances that helped shape the occupation

and use of the Fort Irwin area, which lies to the

north of this section of the Mojave River.

And we do have pretty reliable information beginning in the 1770s about where various groups

were located in the Mojave Desert.
 This is a carving left by Francisco Garces

in 1776 in the Antelope Valley.

And I'm going to just quickly go through a few more of these, but I wanted just to discuss a

21 little bit this issue of some of the longer term

22 changes in population location that we find in the

23 Mojave Desert from the 1770s until, let's say, about

24 1900.

25

These were affected by the process of

1 missionization in Southern California and the fact

2 that groups located in the deep desert and certainly

3 Fort Irwin would fit that definition with their

4 reliance on a range of different environments, from

5 playas, to high mountain areas.

6 This is the Providence Mountains.

7 Their use of a range of different

8 environmental zones.

9 Under these circumstances, this kind of 10 intermediate area here, south of Death Valley, was

one of different groups using the region. And in

this particularly low and arid area here there was

13 kind of a frontier between a number of different

14 groups, crosscut by a trade corridor running down

15 the Mojave River and over towards the Colorado.

After the 1820s, there were a series of events that happened in the Mojave Desert,

18 particularly the abandonment of Serrano villages in

19 this, the upper Mojave River, parts of the Antelope

20 Valley, and gradually a migration of a number of

21 other groups, particularly Chemehuevis and Southern

22 Paiutes. Some Kawaiisu living in the Tehachapis

23 also moving southward even into what is now Angeles

24 National Forest.

But a number of areas that had not

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1 traditionally been occupied by groups and families

2 living in the deep desert end up by the era of the

3 Civil War or later, moving into new areas.

4 This phenomenon, I think, is one of the

5 things that Julian Steward was looking at when he 6 was doing his research in the 1930s, although he

7 didn't necessarily understand the historical

8 background of what was going on.

9 Some people have criticized his work on the

10 basis that the kinds of economic activities that the

people -- Native people he worked with were doing in

12 the 1930s were probably not traditional and affected 13 by working on local ranches or other non-Native

14 economic enterprises.

I have been, to the contrary, very

16 surprised to discover with work I've done recently,

17 and also with this project, that right up through

18 the end of the 19th century, in a number of

19 locations in the Mojave Desert, we find communities.

20 And I could cite an example of a Chemehuevi

community living in Palmdale or right outside Palmdale in 1890 who were following a very

23 traditional way of life, using traditional food

24 processing, hunting and plant-gathering. They were

25 not simply attached to local ranches or mining

FU	KI IKWIN MEETING CORC	-	9-4-	U.
1	Page 10	5.70	Page I	03
1	operations, but were continuing a very traditional		they're really primed for a little bit of lunch	
2	way of life.	2	here.	
3	One of the things that the study will help	3	WILLIAM HELMER: Is this going to be	
4	determine is to what extent was this sort of thing	4	discussed in the afternoon as well? Or is this	
5	going on in the Fort Irwin area at quite a late	5	DAVID EARLE: There are issues, for	
6	date.		instance, traditional cultural properties and that	
7	But I want, in wrapping up, to reiterate	7	sort of thing.	
8	and emphasize that it is certainly our wish and	8	WILLIAM HELMER: In terms of consultation	
9	intention that we be able to work with Native people	9	and your effort that we could talk about more?	
10	and Native communities to gather information that	10	DAVID EARLE: Yeah.	
11	will help contribute to this affiliation study.	11	TAD BRITT: Mr. Earle won't be here this	
12	Are there questions?	12	afternoon, but we can	
13	CHAD SMITH: A lot, but we will address	13	WILLIAM HELMER: Oh, you're not going to be	
14	those through the course of consultation just that	14	here this afternoon.	
15	much of the ethnography done is at variance with	15	DAVID EARLE: But I will be what is	
16	Mojave culture and history.	16	going to happen, we're going to kind of get the ball	
17	And we don't refer to them as trade	17	rolling here with this. But as kind of a local	
18	routes, but transportation corridors because Vision	18	desert dweller, I certainly will be available in	
19	Quest and military expeditions and other things took	19	person or otherwise to be getting in touch with	
20	place.	20	everybody.	
21	DAVID EARLE: Oh, yeah. And that's an	21	WILLIAM HELMER: You'll be contacting,	
22	important point.	22	doing formal letters to tribes about this project?	
23	There is perhaps a tendency for - if	23	DAVID EARLE: Well, we will, but we'll also	
24	you're looking at sites dating from 6 5- or 600	24	be doing it informal.	
25	years ago on the Mojave River corridor for	25	TAD BRITT: It will probably be coming from	
	Page 10	2	Page 1	04
1	archaeologists to phrase things in that way.		the installation. Mr. Earle is a contractor to the	
2	The point you're making is really good.	2	installation.	
3	And one of the there certainly are a number of	3	Any letters or any additional letters will	
:4	interesting issues involved here.	4	be coming from the installation.	
5	I'm currently doing a project on the Buena	5	WILLIAM HELMER: How do you	
6	Vista Lake area, and there are very extensive	6	DAVID EARLE: But I will be	
7	contacts there even as late as the 1830s and '40s of	7	TAD BRITT: He's working on behalf of the	
8	yokus villages with the Mojaves. And obviously this	8	installation.	
9	is not simply a trade issue. There are fiesta	9	WILLIAM HELMER: Can we get your card or	
10	considerations that are going on here, a whole	10	something?	
11	series of social interactions that are going on.	11	DAVID EARLE: Yeah.	
12	One of the things I also might want to	12	WILLIAM HELMER: Just real quick question.	
13	mention, that reconstructing things like marriage	13	Does this go into the 20th century?	
14	patterns and the operation of fiesta systems is	14	DAVID EARLE: It will be, yeah.	
15	something that is really important to this kind of	15	WILLIAM HELMER: Okay. Because I thought	
16	work.	16	it said just to the 18th and 19th. But it's through	
17	And, generally speaking, we really need to	17	the 20th century?	
18	have ethnohistorical work done in California that	18	DAVID EARLE: Yeah. And particularly there	
19	focuses a lot more on the fiesta systems as a core	19	are a whole series of issues having to do with	
20	element in ways of life and not so much emphasis	20	interpretation of ethnographic data that people have	
21	maybe on purely economic kinds of behaviors.	21	provided in the 20th century.	
22	Hopefully archaeologists will be able to	22	WILLIAM HELMER: What's the main purpose of	
23	find a way of operationalizing that for dealing with	23	this study? Is it keyed to the land expansion? Or	
24	prehistoric sites and so on.	24	is that where the funding comes from? What's the	
	Any other comments? Everyone looks like		purpose?	

			2 4 02
١.	Page 10	5	Page 107
I	DAVID EARLE: Well, it's keyed to the land	1	answer them, I'll get him to get an answer and get
2	expansion, but it's also keyed to longer term	2	back in touch with you.
3	management issues, I think it would be fair to say.	3	Thank you.
4	TAD BRITT: Yeah. It's just we don't	4	(The proceedings were adjourned for
5	Fort Irwin, they don't know where to begin the	5	noon recess at 12:14 p.m.)
6	consultation process other than the tribes that	6	
7	we've invited, the 14 tribes.	7	
8	We just the picture is incomplete on the	8	
9	prehistory. And that's what we're trying to do, is	9	
10	to conduct the study so that we have a better	10	
11	understanding of who we need to consult with, as	11	
12	well as just a general understanding of what	12	
13	happened here. This will allow the cultural	13	
14	resource manager to have a more effective program in	14	
15	the future.	15	
16	WILLIAM HELMER: It's keyed to NAGPRA	16	
17	issues as well?	17	
18	TAD BRITT: It's keyed to NHPA, NEPA,	18	
19	NAGPRA, ARPA. Any kind of laws that pertain to the	19	
20	DOD and Native American, it's integral to all of	20	
21	those.	21	
22	DAVID EARLE: And it also has the purpose	22	
23	of providing, you might say, some ethnographic	23	
24	insight that will be useful in allowing	24	
25	archaeologists to interpret what is going on here	25	
i	Page 10	6	Page 108
1	both in prohistoric times and earlier. There's some	1	WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 2002
2	basic import.	2	1:02 P.M.
3	TAD BRITT: It's going to benefit the	3	TAD BRITT: Well, it seems to have cooled
4	government, benefit the Native Americans, benefit	4	off a little bit more since this morning, and the
5	those people that have interest in the Mojave	5	fan is on now.
6	Desert. It's got multiple benefits, and it's going	6	What we'd like to discuss this afternoon,
7		0	That he dilite to discuss this witchfood,
1	to be a collaborative process.	7	as we're back on track we're going to have
8	to be a collaborative process. WILLIAM HELMER: And you mentioned	7 8	
		7	as we're back on track we're going to have
8	WILLIAM HELMER: And you mentioned	7	as we're back on track we're going to have Mr. Craig Smith, project manager for the
8	WILLIAM HELMER: And you mentioned something about interviews before? TAD BRITT: Yes, sir. Mr. Earle will be	7 8 9	as we're back on track we're going to have Mr. Craig Smith, project manager for the Archaeological Inventory and Evaluation Study that's
8 9 10	WILLIAM HELMER: And you mentioned something about interviews before?	7 8 9	as we're back on track we're going to have Mr. Craig Smith, project manager for the Archaeological Inventory and Evaluation Study that's ongoing, I was talking to you about a little bit
8 9 10 11	WILLIAM HELMER: And you mentioned something about interviews before? TAD BRITT: Yes, sir. Mr. Earle will be contacting y'all, appropriate tribal elders, appropriate tribal representatives to discuss his	7 8 9 10	as we're back on track we're going to have Mr. Craig Smith, project manager for the Archaeological Inventory and Evaluation Study that's ongoing, I was talking to you about a little bit this morning.
8 9 10 11 12	WILLIAM HELMER: And you mentioned something about interviews before? TAD BRITT: Yes, sir. Mr. Earle will be contacting y'all, appropriate tribal elders, appropriate tribal representatives to discuss his findings, as well as to record oral histories if	7 8 9 10 11	as we're back on track we're going to have Mr. Craig Smith, project manager for the Archaeological Inventory and Evaluation Study that's ongoing, I was talking to you about a little bit this morning. He's going to provide a little bit more
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1 morning.

2 I do have one request. Kimberli is having

3 a hard time hearing everyone. She may either -- ask

4 you to speak a little bit louder when you ask a

5 question or respond. If not, we may ask you to come

6 up to the microphone.

So with that, we'll turn it over to

8 Mr. Smith and let him get started,

9 CRAIG SMITH: Well, as he said, my name is 10 Craig Smith, and I work with TRC, which is the

11 company that we have been contracted with CERL to

12 complete the archaeological inventory and testing

13 and geomorphic studies out there in the expansion

14 areas.

7

15 As you probably have gone over already 16 today, there's three parts of the area. There's

7 three study areas: the Avawatz, the Power Line and

18 Superior Valley.

19 The Avawatz, we did 19 study blocks, which

20 were 124 acres apiece, totaling 2,356 acres, which 21 is about 25 percent of the entire Avawatz area,

22 study area.

23

25

And then in the Power Line area we did four

24 blocks, which is also 25 percent.

And then Superior Valley, where we have

Page 110

1 been directing most of our efforts in the past

month, is 178 study blocks, totaling 22,000 acres.

3 I just want to go over some of the methods 4 that we have been using in our work out there.

5 Each of the study -- 124-acre study blocks

6 is walked by archaeologists spaced 15 meters apart,

7 50 feet apart. And we use GPS units to find the

8 first corner of the block.

9 Then we walk east/west or north/south 10 across it, back and forth, using the GPS unit to

know exactly where we are when we hit the edge of

12 the block. We do that until we get to the last

13 corner so we know exactly where we are on doing this

14 inventory.

15 A few years ago before there was the GPS
16 units, it would have been very difficult to do this
17 inventory, especially in the more flat areas because

8 you would never know exactly where you are.

But with this technology, we're able to know, you know, within a submeter where we are.

Out there we record the sites and isolate artifacts. Isolate artifacts are -- well, it's not

23 a site. And a site as defined for the purpose of

24 this study is more than 20 artifacts in a 10-meter

25 radius area, significant features or three artifact

I types in the area.

2 If they don't meet that criteria, then we

3 record them as isolated artifacts.

4 We record isolated artifacts by filling out

5 a two-page California form and photographing them

6 and taking a reading with the GPS unit with the UTMs

7 for that exact spot.

8 So all the isolated artifacts will have

9 locational information so later we can put it in the

10 GIS system and have plots of where all the various

11 different kinds of artifacts and other materials are

12 found.

13 Sites are more extensively recorded. We

14 record it on the California site form. And they're

15 photographed. And we map them using the GPS unit,

16 map the site boundaries and any significant features

17 within it. And they're also -- we also photograph

18 them

19

And in addition to recording, we test all

20 the sites to see if there's any subsurface remains

21 present. Every site gets at least one shovel test.

22 And if the shovel test encounters some

23 archaeological material subsurface, then we space

4 other shovel tests out from that until they are

25 negative so we can get an idea of the boundary of

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1 the site subsurfacely.

In addition to Native American remains and

3 Euro-American remains, we're also recording all the

4 military remains out there. And in some areas we

5 have been finding quite a bit of remains, like

6 foxholes and shells and other miscellaneous -- sea

7 rations and so forth out there.

8 And those, we're recording the UTM

9 coordinates of it, so we'll have a plot of where the

10 activities in the past have occurred out there,

11 military.

12 The Avawatz study area, the first one we

13 looked at in the first part of the summer consisted

14 of, you know, 2,356 acres. And we found a total of

15 68 sites out in that area. Two of them are

16 rock-shelters. 64 of them are prehistoric where

17 just flaking debris are found, flakes and so forth;

18 and two are historic mine sites. And also, in

19 addition, we found 120 isolated artifacts.

20 Okay. Out there in Avawatz, most sites

21 are -- except for the rock-shelter, sites were found

2 mostly in the desert pavement area where you can see

23 there, it's kind of a photograph of the desert

24 pavement.

25

And on this desert pavement we found flakes

1 and cores. And most of them are kind of a few

2 scatter of flakes with individual napping (phon.)

3 areas where someone sat down and flaked a stone

4 tool, and these were recorded. But they're

5 scattered across this desert pavement.

Here's another picture of the desert

7 pavement and then recording a site out there on the desert pavement.

And then this is a picture of one of the

10 rock-shelters that was found. It was found up in 11 the northern area of the study area. It is in

12 limestone, and it's about 25 meters across. And it

13 faces to the south.

Here is a picture of the inside of it. 14

15 We -- up to this point we've dug seven shovel tests 16 in it and have found some charcoal and some flaking

17 debris and some bone there.

And, also, in Shovel Test 2 we found the 18 19 remains of a feature that consisted of -- kind of

20 diffuse feature that consisted of charcoal.

And then here is another photograph of the 21

22 rock-shelter.

And the Power Line study area here is a 23

24 very small study area, only four study blocks. And

25 we did not find any sites there.

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Superior Valley study area is where we have 2 been focusing most of our attention, of course,

3 because it's 22,000 acres of inventory, and we

4 didn't get a chance to start this until the late

5 part of July.

So in August we've had 40 archaeologists

7 out there, broken up into 10 or 11 crews. And we 8 had 10 -- you know, that mean GPS units out there

and that many cameras and everything out there

walking. And we're not quite finished with it yet.

11 They're out there as we speak recording sites.

We've -- as of last week we've walked all

13 the acres. And now we're going back and recording

14 the last hundred or so sites that we still have left

15 to record.

12

25

Right now we have eight to nine crews out 17 there recording sites and another crew doing some

18 more testing of some site in some areas off the

sites to see what's below the surface.

We found approximately 234 sites. That 20 number will change slightly after we finish

recording all the sites. But it's around there. And 162 of them are prehistoric and 72 are 23

historic Euro-American sites. 24

And on top of all the sites, we have found

1 1,500 isolated artifacts out there.

2 And I didn't put it on the slide, but we

3 also found about 1,700 instances of military remains

4 as well.

5 TAD BRITT: Those were in addition to the

6 isolated --

7 CRAIG SMITH: Yeah, Uh-huh. You can just

see the man with the paperwork. Each of these

isolated artifacts require two sheets of paper. So

10 right there that's 3,000 sheets of paper,

photographs.

12

And what's going to be the most interesting 13 part is the plot of them on all the GIS and the maps

14 showing the distribution of different kinds of

15 isolated artifacts. And also the military remains

16 all have locational information, too, so those will

17 all be plotted so we can see a distribution of

previous use by the military.

Okay. Now I'm just going to go through a few of the different kinds of sites we have found

out there and different locations of these sites. 22

I tried to put a map up of the study area 23 to try to show you, but I might point up to this map

over there.

25

This is a huge site complex that was found

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1 along the south and east shores of Superior Lake,

2 all along here, it goes on for several miles along

3 the -- just along the edge of the lake on the

4 southeast side there.

As you can see here, there's an old beach 5

6 ridge that was formed when there was water in the

7 lake, and our geomorphologist says that there was

8 water the last time really in this lake 8,000 years

9 ago.

So this beach stand here was formed at 10

least 8,000 years ago. And all the artifacts occur

on the surface there. And according to the

geomorphologist, they also occur below the surface,

but they're in kind of a mixed context.

And, also, there's a scatter of artifacts 15 16 on this side of the ridge and on the other side of the ridge. 17

Here's another picture of the same site. 18

You can see the lake bed there. And here's the

20 shoreline feature here where most of the artifacts are being found. 21

Among the stuff that was found on this site 22

23 is remains of old cooking hearths where the stones

24 had been heated and cracked and reddened, and we 25 found many of these kind of concentrations of what

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1 we call fire-cracked rock.

Here's another small concentration of 3 heated rock mixed in with a few military remains in 4 there.

5 Most of the remains found on this site are basalt and rhyolite materials that -- and there's б quarries of that in the study area.

8 And here people going out on the weekends, I guess, or something walk across the site and collect it and leave the materials in piles. You walk along this site. You find piles of this, you know, material, where people in the past have collected it and left them in piles.

14 And also you can see recent shotgun shells and some more military material in this. 15

Okay. In addition to the site that's along the beach stand there, there's a sand sheet that occurs around Superior Lake in the Superior Lake Valley and it continues to the east and it goes up 20 to the central part of the Superior Valley study 21 area.

And in this whole area is where we found 22 the densest number of sites, is in the sand sheet. The sand sheet is about 40 to 60 centimeters deep. And most of it, according to the geomorphology, is 1 flakes as they're found.

2 And then in addition to the sites found in 3 the sand sheet area, on the alluvial fans and plain sites, you find more diffuse scatters of flaking

debris. And they're not as dense in those areas. б And one very interesting site was a basalt

quarry. And that occurs up in the northeastern part

of the study area, up in this area up here.

9 In this picture here basalt outcrops all 10 along the ridge here. And the basalt erodes out.

11 And the people in the past for thousands of years have come here to collect the basalt. And while they're there, of course, at the quarry, they would test the material. And so we're finding lots of cores and early reduction flakes from them testing the cobbles that have eroded out from the 17 basalt ridge there.

Here is another picture of it. Here's the basalt ridge there where -- the source of the basalt. And it's eroding out here. And then there's materials scattered all across here for over, you know, thousands of years where people have

flaked the material. 24 And a lot of material appears to the geomorphologist to be quite old. You know, some of

Page 118

18

20

1 it could date back to the very -- what

archaeologists feel is the very earliest part of

occupation in the area. 4

Okay. In addition to the prehistoric

sites, we also have found Euro-American historic

sites. And one of the kind of sites are homesteads. And these occur mostly around Superior Lake and that

Superior Lake Valley. And they consist of a lot of

concrete foundations of old wells where they had

windmills and stuff. 10

And here's a picture of some of the 12 concrete foundations that we have found out there. Here's a picture of a few more of the foundations of

a well. 14

11

And, also, the homesteads had, you know, 15 housing depressions that we found like this. And a lot of these housing depressions have really dense

scatters of trash -- you know, tin cans and trash

and so forth -- scatters adjacent to it. These

homesteads date from the 19 teens to the 1920s when

21 I guess that part of the valley was heavily occupied and used. 22

I don't have any slides of it, but also in 23 addition to the homesteads, we found a lot of mining 25 remains. And most of the mining remains occur up in

1 in mixed context, even though we have found an

intact feature in one of the sites.

The sites along by the lake -- here's the 3 4 lake again -- along by the lake mostly have basalt 5 flakes on them, which is in contrast to the central

part of the study area. There you get mostly chert,

which are crystalline types of flakes.

Here's another view of the sand sheet sites in the Superior Valley by the lake.

And then as you get into the central part 10 11 of the study area, you get a little higher elevation. You start getting the Joshua trees and 13 the cholla cactus. And these sites in the central 14 part of the study area is where we found all the 15 ceramics. Pottery sherds is from this area. And, like I say, one of the sites that we extensively

tested, we actually found a buried feature, a hearth 17 feature. 18

And here's another picture of us recording 19 20 the sites.

21 When we find some flaking debris on the ground, we go around and flag them all with these pin flags so we can get an idea of the distribution of the remains while we record it. 24

So here you can see the crew flagging the

25

19

22

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I the northeastern part of the study area, up here.

- 2 One of the major ones is the old town of Goldstone.
- 3 But there's several other mines up in that area that
- 4 we've recorded.
- 5 The mines consist of maybe a single add-it
- 6 or some raised buildings. And we also find a lot of
- 7 mining claim cairns out there and a lot of
- 8 prospects, as well, for the mining.
- 9 And then we also have recorded the historic 10 roads out there. These roads, mostly the ones in
- 11 the Superior Valley area, are roads that were
- 12 developed to get access to the homesteading down by
- 13 the lake and also to the mining areas up in the
- 14 northeastern part.
- But in the Avawatz area, we also have the
- 16 historic Spanish Trail, Mormon Trail, California
- 17 Trail going through the Red Pass there in that part
- 18 of the study area.
- 19 WILLIAM HELMER: Did you find artifacts
- 20 along those roads?
- CRAIG SMITH: Not really, no.
- 22 The reason I consider them historic roads
- 23 is we went and took -- looked at the government land
- 24 office surveys that were done in the 1920s, and if
- 25 the roads occurred on that map, if they were named
- med 25
 - Page 122
 - roads, we were considering them historic roads.
 - 2 So...
- 3 WILLIAM HELMER: I was just talking about
- 4 the Old Spanish Trail, Mormon Road through Red Pass
- 5 area. You didn't see a --
- 6 CRAIG SMITH: Actually, that's one thing
- 7 still on our list to do. We haven't quite got that
- 8 all recorded yet. That's going to be done this
- 9 week. But that's one of the outstanding things over
- 10 there in the Avawatz that needs to be done.
- 11 But my feeling is probably people have
- 12 visited that over the years, past hundred years, and
- 13 probably collected most anything that's there.
- 14 BETTY CORNELIUS: Is there -- where the
- 15 basalt is up in the mountains, is there any obsidian
- 16 with the basalt up in that area?
- 17 CRAIG SMITH: We do find obsidian on some
- 18 of the sites, but not up in that quarry area, no.
- 19 And we don't know where the obsidian is coming from.
- 20 And that would be an interesting study for the
- 21 future is -- we've collected the obsidian, so if we
- 22 have a chance to source it at some future time, that
- 23 would be very interesting to see, what location the
- 24 obsidian is coming from. And I would guess that's
- 25 probably coming from several different locations and

- 1 being brought into the study area.
- 2 BETTY CORNELIUS: Did you say the basalt,
- 3 where you showed us that black ridge, is that on the
- 4 foothills of Avawatz?
- 5 CRAIG SMITH: No. That's in the Superior
- 6 Valley study area. That occurs I guess you can't
- 7 really see this map from where you're sitting, but
- 8 it occurs up here in these hills, up here, in the
- 9 Superior Valley area.
 - BETTY CORNELIUS: Okay.
- 11 CRAIG SMITH: Okay, Now I'm going to show
- 12 some of the artifacts that we've collected off some
- 3 of the sites. And it's been a wide range of
- 4 artifacts collected.
- 15 We found projectile points that
- 16 archaeologists would classify that would cover the
- 7 whole prehistory human use of the area. From --
- 18 these are the more recent arrow points.
 - And we have, you know, desert side notches
- 20 that archaeologists call desert side notches and
- 21 rose spring points.
 - And most of these, I think they're found
- 23 both around Superior Valley and up in the central
- 24 sand sheet areas.
 - TAD BRITT: What are those materials,
 - Page 124

1 Craig?

2

- CRAIG SMITH: All kinds of sherds. I'm not
- 3 sure. I haven't really seen all these -- actually
- 4 seen them myself, so I'm not sure exactly what the
- 5 materials -- the crew out there photographed these
- 6 for me so I could show them. But it might even be
- 7 obsidian.
- 8 TAD BRITT: I've seen some obsidian points.
- 9 I can't recall if they were dark.
- 10 CRAIG SMITH: Yeah. I think there is some
- obsidian points. I know we've collected some
- 12 obsidian bifaces and some obsidian flakes out there.
- 13 So...
- 14 And we also found pottery out there,
- 15 pottery sherds. We found some black on white
- 16 pottery sherds pictured here. And all this is from
- 17 the central part, central sand sheet area. That's
- 18 where all the pottery has been found.
 - And here's another wider range of them.
- 20 Here's some of the black on white again. We've got
- 21 some redwares and brownwares here too.
- 22 And then going back to some of the dark
- 23 points, what archaeologists call the Elko and
- 24 Humboldt points there.
- 25 And then here's some other dart points that

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1 really don't fall into types completely.

And now we're getting back into some older
 points. These are Lake Mojave points here. And

4 then some other Lake Mojave points.

5 And we also found one Clovis point up in 6 the northeastern part of the study area. And

7 archaeologists believe that's the earliest point

8 type that was made in the area. And that was an

9 exciting find, to find one of these Clovis points.

Okay. Just to conclude, in addition to testing sites that we actually find stuff on the surface, we also are testing other areas to see if there's buried materials.

And we've used backhoe trenching as one way
of trenching and getting a good look of what's below
the surface, and we've done a lot of that by
Superior Lake. And what we're in the process of
doing now is doing shovel-testing in select areas in

19 the sand sheets and stuff to see exactly what might

20 be buried below the surface.

21 WILLIAM HELMER: Have you found sites doing 22 the backhoe trenching or shovel-testing?

23 CRAIG SMITH: We're right in the process of 24 doing the shovel-testing right now, so I can't

5 really say yet for that.

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For the backhoe trenching, not a lot of

2 sites. The backhoe trenching was mostly to help the

3 geomorphologist characterize more the deposits in

4 the area and stuff like that.

5 WILLIAM HELMER: Okay. It's not --

6 because, of course, that could wreck a site if

you're looking for it that way.

CRAIG SMITH: Excuse me?

9 WILLIAM HELMER: You could wreck a site,

0 you know, if you tear through an area with a

11 backhoe.

8

14

12 CRAIG SMITH: Yeah, that's true.

13 Yes

CHAD SMITH: On the other hand, some of these sites that are shovel-tested and don't yield

subsurface artifacts present, it's the needle in the

haystack approach with these STUs. And there may

8 not have been sufficient excavation in terms of

19 backhoe trenches to identify subsurface presence of

20 artifactual materials.

And then on the historic roads and wells, we feel that many of those roads were originally a

3 one-track Mojave or other tribe trail. And the

24 first time a wagon or, really, the prospector goes

over it with the burro, but then the wagon, it

1 becomes an historic road. And that some of these

2 well sites were either a seep or possibly a

3 prehistoric walk-in well.

4 CRAIG SMITH: Yeah. My guess is a lot of

5 the roads we have out there now, the Euro-Americans

6 that came into the area followed the existing trails

7 that were there. I would guess that would be the

8 best paths to follow. They probably didn't recreate

9 the -- there was already trails, you know. They

10 just followed what there was.

11 CHAD SMITH: And we've discussed on the 12 shovel-testing, and now it appears there's been even

13 more extensive ground disturbance testing, that it

14 is required that tribes be notified in advance of

15 issuance of a permit for excavation, even in these 16 evaluations with shovel-test units.

17 So that's something we're going to be

8 addressing, to need to be in on the -- and in

19 particular some of the testing that has occurred as 20 shown in that one rock-shelter was so extensive with

21 carbon samples being retrieved, as well, there may

22 have been objections by tribes to such activities or

23 a need to be present when such work is done.

24 CRAIG SMITH: Uh-huh.

CHAD SMITH: And so it needs to be worked

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1 through.

2 CRAIG SMITH: Were the groups notified of

3 that?

25

4 TAD BRITT: They were notified that the

survey was being undertaken. Because we're doing

6 this on Fort Irwin -- and, again, we can get into

7 this on more detail. We're not required for an ARPA

8 permit.

9 It's certainly not our understanding that

0 we needed to have Native Americans present or

1 consulted in the inventory and evaluation phase.

12 That's not to say that that's not something Fort

13 Irwin will not change. It's just that it was not

14 Fort Irwin's impression that that was required.
15 CHAD SMITH: Well, it's in the Army regs,

CHAD SMITH: Well, it's in the Army regs, too, though, that equivalent procedures to ARPA

16 too, though, that equivalent procedures to ARPA 17 permitting will be followed and that does include

18 notification to the tribes.

TAD BRITT: I believe the tribes were

notified. There were letters sent out to all 14

21 tribes.

19

25

22 CHAD SMITH: We'd want to see something

about methodologies and research design and then, of

24 course, the reports.

TAD BRITT: Sure. Sure. Those are

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1 certainly, you know, valid concerns, and that's something we'll talk about this afternoon.

They weren't - I mean TRC followed the 3 4 scope of work that I wrote. So I'll be accountable

for that,

Okay. And just -- just one other thing I wanted to mention on this off-site testing. All of their investigations were predicated on the site -the site favorability maps we generated from the predictive model.

11 So a lot of those sites had different areas delineated for high, low and medium burial potential. And a lot of those sites are the ones that we focused on, the medium to high potential 15 sites.

16 Because, again, as I mentioned this morning, typically inventory that's been done out here is totally surface, totally pedestrian where you're literally only skimming the surface, and you're not getting enough information to make -- to even delineate the site, much less begin to make informed evaluations.

And we're trying to improve that 23 methodology so that we can collect enough information so that when we do consult with the

1 Native Americans, we have a good understanding of what we've got and the extent of what we've got.

So that's kind of the reasoning behind the 3 research design.

CRAIG SMITH: And I just wanted to conclude

the final slide about the geomorphic studies.

In addition to all the archaeological studies, we have a geomorphologist out there, trying

to characterize the different landforms and trying

10 to estimate the age of these landforms and also giving us information like, he was just saying, on

areas that have the highest potential of buried

remains, so we direct our testing in those areas. 13 But most of his thoughts are that most of 14

the sand areas have been turned over and are mixed.

So with the archaeological and geomorphic 16 information, that all will be combined to test the model that you've talked about earlier.

TAD BRITT: Uh-huh.

19

DARRELL GUNDRUM: If I could say something 20 21 as well.

During the trenching that has occurred out 23 there on the expansion area so far, archaeologists 24 were present to make sure that no sites were being impacted as well as a wildlife biologist to make

1 sure that no desert tortoise were affected. So

there were people there, monitoring those trenches

and making sure that things were --

4 CHAD SMITH: Well, on the geomorphological

trenching, of course, that's separate from testing.

Within a site, you would not even enter into

equivalent of ARPA, permitting or anything, as well.

8 CRAIG SMITH: And the backhoe trenching was 9 pretty much for the geomorphic studies.

10 CHAD SMITH: This sand sheet is not just Aeolian deposition, but it was like a sheet wash, 11

massive flooding event redistribution at the time of 12

these inundations? 13

TAD BRITT: My understanding, it's Aeolian. 14 The beaches are a result of wave wash. And then you've got over time because the winds prevail, you gradually are transporting those particles further 18 east, and you're creating the sand sheet.

19 CHAD SMITH: I don't see how the artifacts themselves would be inverse or jumbled 20 21 stratographically.

22 CRAIG SMITH: Since the deposition of the sand, the geomorphologist thinks that the sand has 23

been there for thousands of years, and through that time, processes have turned the sand over and stuff.

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1

15

CHAD SMITH: Or deflation.

CRAIG SMITH: Deflation and then 2

deposition, just kind of mixed materials up. 3

But the artifacts would still have their 4

relationship to each other. 5 6 TAD BRITT: I agree.

CRAIG SMITH: In a general way, yeah.

There's some relationship.

CHAD SMITH: Because at Nellis, they tried 9

to argue lack of integrity and context to these,

according to China Lake, extremely important and valuable early man sites that are many of these late

margin playa manifestations and the sand sheet manifestations. 14

And even if they are deflated, they're

16 still in the same orientation proximate to each 17 other. And in going with that logic like they

wanted to use at Nellis, the old DeJuan sites in

Africa would not be worthy of investigation because

they're deflated and, of course, they're critical.

CRAIG SMITH: The horizontal information is

still there, but any remains of different time 22 periods being piled up is mixed. So you get

materials from several different -- like this big 24

site along the shore of Superior Lake. That was

1 probably visited by people over thousands of years, 2 and materials are all kind of mixed together from,

3 you know, many, many thousands of occupations.

CHAD SMITH: So in that case, if it's

5 multicomponent, it wouldn't have the same horizontal

6 relationships as one episode or one area would.

CRAIG SMITH: Yeah.

TAD BRITT: That's something that we look

9 at, is the orientation of the artifacts. Are they

pointed down or flat? We look at all of that,

And, of course, this type of setting, this 11 12 highly dynamic setting requires us as archaeologists

13 to conduct analysis to look at this from a new

14 perspective by taking into account all

15 archaeological sites, wherever they may be. They've

16 all suffered some degree of disturbance; here maybe

17 a greater degree.

But we have to develop an analysis method 18

19 so we can better assess and evaluate the

20 significance of those. So, yeah, that's something

21 we've taken into consideration.

CRAIG SMITH: But about the sand sheets. 22

23 you know, most of them are to the east of Superior

24 Lake, you know, prevailing winds. And they're

25 probably blowing off the lake, you know, 10,000

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19

10

15

1 years ago or more and deposited out there.

Is there any other questions? 2

WILLIAM HELMER: How is your predictive 3

4 model tested for its accuracy?

TAD BRITT: That's another question for me. 5

Well, we're hoping to achieve 80 percent

accuracy. Until we get the data from TRC from these

new areas, we're going to rerun the models.

Again, all of the sites now we have, you 9

10 know, absolute GPS. We have much better

11 information. We made sure when they went out and

12 collected the data, we would be collecting not only

13 the data that was required for compliance, but the

14 data we needed for the predictive model.

So we have much more highly active data. 15

16 We're going to take those data, combine it with our

preexisting data, run the models again and see what

18 the improvements are.

Ultimately, we're hoping to get better than

20 80 percent accuracy. I can't tell you right now,

21 you know, how we validated it or how we've refined

22 it until we do that.

CRAIG SMITH: And just roughly looking at 23

24 some of the data, there is some interesting

25 distributions at the various different kinds of

1 sites throughout at least the Superior Valley study

2 area because you find different kinds of projectile

3 points at different areas, indicating that through

4 time there's different use of the different areas

5 and so forth too.

TAD BRITT: And another thing that you

pointed out earlier, talking about trails. We're

also beginning to see some traffic patterns

prehistorically, different types of sites, their

positions on the landscape of how they went across 10

the valleys. It's interesting. 11

12 WILLIAM HELMER: So you still have some

analysis to do. 13

14 CRAIG SMITH: We haven't done any analysis

15 yet. We're still in the collection stage.

16 WILLIAM HELMER: What about going in the

areas to where you're not going now because, you

know, that's not part of your model?

TAD BRITT: Those -- the areas that aren't

being surveyed for the EIS, the supplemental EIS,

all of those areas will eventually need to be

surveyed. Or if we can justify because of the

predictive model they don't need to be surveyed,

24 they still fall under the requirements of

25 Section 110. That is, basic inventory, knowing what

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1 you've got so you can manage it, as well as 106 if 2 they're going to be -- in the future if they change

3 some training patterns and traffic patterns, we'll

4 certainly go out and look at those areas prior to

any disturbance.

ROBERT HORALEK: I think the question was,

7 have you been in any of the areas your predictive

8 models said would have nothing and surveyed them to

see if, in fact, they had nothing.

TAD BRITT: Yes.

11 DARRELL GUNDRUM: One of the neat things

12 about the model also is, as Tad mentioned

13 previously, a lot of it has been pedestrian or

14 surface survey out here.

And some of the work that TRC is doing now 16 is going back into some of these sand sheet areas

where nothing was detected on the surface and put

shovel tests in to see if there actually were

burying sites there, if there was a possibility of

20 burying sites.

And this is going to work back into the 21

22 model, and the model is going to continue to be

23 refined for years to come. Every time we do a

24 survey, if we get more information, get it back into

25 the model, the model will be refined a little more.

CondenseIt TM FORT IRWIN MEETING Page 137 Page 139 But we do have -- the way the strategy has So what I would like to do is on behalf of 2 been set up is the test areas for these different 2 the National Training Center, a small token of our 3 resources, also the test areas where none were 3 appreciation for you taking time out to come out 4 expected or where they haven't been detected in the 4 here and help us get that. 5 past because of pedestrian surveys. BETTY CORNELIUS: Am I supposed to salute? 5 TAD BRITT: We feel like that's a real COL. FLINN: No, you don't have to salute. 6 strong bias and we're not getting the full picture 7 All right. Thank you very much. And hope of what's going on culturally out there your stay has been set up well for you. prehistorically because of the way the methods have 9 And, again, thanks for coming out here and been done in the past. taking time out of your schedule to help us. Okay. 10 11 Of course, once we find sites, refine the All right. Good-day. model, we'll be able to change our methodology to be TAD BRITT: Thank you, Col. Flinn. 12 better able to identify and evaluate sites as well. It will take me just a minute to set up my 13 14 CRAIG SMITH: Well, thank you. next slide. I'm going to give a presentation on the TAD BRITT: Thank you, Craig. NAGPRA standard operating procedures. We'll have a 15 Col. Flinn. moment for some questions. Then we'll take a break, 16 And then we'll come back and discuss NAGPRA SOPs. COL. FLINN: I'm sorry I can't stay with 17 whatever else y'all want to discuss for the you for the duration of the day. I've got to go. I've got other business to do. But it's been remainder of the day. educational for me. 20 For this session, if you'll get the draft 20 I know I have to look up Aeolian. I don't NAGPRA standard operating procedures out. I really 21 21 need to go over this line by line. We'll go through 22 know what that means, but I'm about to get educated. it in whatever detail we need to, but there are some As a learning adult, as part of the adult learning terms in here that maybe we can skip over. If not, model that we try to use here at the National Training Center in training units, I've taken three we can refer to them by page and paragraph, except Page 140 Page 138 1 we don't have page numbers. tasks back to myself to figure out what those words CHAD SMITH: Maybe everybody could just go mean today. So I appreciate the kind words and the 2 through and number them. opportunity to get educated also. TAD BRITT: That's true. I'm following the Jeff, if you will hand me these. 4 format of this. So it should be -- I will start off One of the things that we do out here at 5 the National Training Center is things called after with introduction. 6 These are the legal drivers behind NAGPRA. acts reviews, designed to take a look at what 7 NAGPRA is Native Americans Graves Protection and happened and how can we improve as an organization Repatriation Act of 1990. in our ability to train and fight. This is supporting legal drivers for And one of the things that we're anxious to 10 consultation that NEPA, NAGPRA, NHPA, American 11 get from our experts here is some feedback on how 11 well we're doing in our processes out here, taking Indian Religious Freedom Act, ARPA, various 12 care of the cultural and historical resources out presidential memorandums all dated in the '90s 13 dealing with government-to-government relationships, 14 here.

23

So in your session this afternoon, I would 15 16 ask that you be free with your ideas so that we can 17 do better out here. Because we are as interested in 18 preserving the cultural artifacts and cultural history and the heritage that is resident at Fort Irwin as you are. And only through your insights do we get better at doing that, 22

So in anticipation that it's going to be a profitable afternoon, we give out to soldiers who do 24 well on the battlefield little mementos of their 25 superior performance.

access to sacred sites, consultation requirements with federally recognized tribes, as well as the

environmental justice, as well -- and the Department of Defense, American Indian Alaska Native Policy,

and the Army's implementing regs, AR 200-4, and Army pamphlet 200-4. 20

These are the federally recognized tribes 21 that we invited to participate in this meeting.

Those tribes that are highlighted in red are represented today except for the San Manuel. I 24 25 believe they were from Las Vegas, were not able to

1 come today. But there are 14 tribes. We will

2 continue to consult with them until they indicate

3 that they don't want to be consulted.

Again, as I mentioned this morning, the

5 tribes that weren't here today will get copies of

6 all of the presentations, the transcripts. So that

7 it's unfortunate they couldn't be here, but at least

they'll have an opportunity to comment on what was

happening, what was said.

We've gone through the introduction. We'll 11 start off with some definitions. We'll talk about 12 policies and procedures, the notification process, 13 identifications and the treatment and disposition of

14 NAGPRA items.

And then kind of logistics, we'll talk 15 16 about how we deal with time conflicts and dispute 17 resolutions. Then we'll also, if there's additional parties that may come in at some time later during

the consultation process, how we handle that.

And then, finally, the resumption of 20 21 activity. All of this standard operating procedure

22 is with respect to the inadvertent discovery of

23 Native American human remains and associated

funerary objects, sacred objects or objects of

cultural patrimony. I will tell you exactly what

Cultural affiliation means that there's a

2 relationship of shared group identity which can

reasonably be traced historically or prehistorically

between members of a present-day Indian tribe and an

identifiable earlier group.

Funerary objects mean items that, as a part 6 of the death rite or ceremony of a culture, are

reasonably believed to have been placed

intentionally at the time of death or later with or

near individual human remains. 10

11 Funerary objects must be identified by a preponderance of evidence as having been removed

13 from a specific burial site of an individual

affiliated with a particular Indian tribe or being

related to specific individuals or families or to

known human remains. 16

17 Sacred objects are those items that are specific ceremonial objects needed by traditional

Native American religious leaders for the practice

of traditional Native American religions by their

21 present-day adherents.

22 While many items, from ancient pottery to arrowheads, might be imbued with sacredness in the 23

eyes of the individual, these regulations are

specifically limited to objects that were devoted to

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inadvertent means here in a minute,

First off, Fort Irwin is engaged in a

continuing cultural resource inventory and

evaluation.

Because of the unique mission of the

training requirements at Fort Irwin, as well as the

geomorphic processes out here, there is the

potential for previously unidentified human remains

and NAGPRA objects to be identified, whether they be

10 burials and cremation sites or sacred sites, that

may have some NAGPRA significance, those sites may

vet be identified. And if human remains or funerary

13 items are discovered, compliance with NAGPRA is

14 required.

Some of the definitions. These are taken 15 16 directly from NAGPRA. We've got burial sites.

17 That's basically any natural or prepared physical

18 location, whether originally below, on or above the

surface of the earth, into which as a part of the death rite or ceremony of a culture, individual

21 human remains are deposited.

These may include rock cairns or pyres 23 which do not ordinarily fall within the ordinary 24 definition of a grave. This is verbatim from 25 NAGPRA

Page 144 1 a traditional Native American religious ceremony or

2 ritual and which have religious significance or

3 function in the continued observance or renewal of

such ceremony.

5 Objects of cultural patrimony is defined as

those items having ongoing historical, traditional

or cultural importance, central to the Indian tribe,

rather than property owned by an individual tribal

or organization member.

These objects are of such central

importance that they may not be alienated, 11

appropriated or conveyed by any individual, tribal 12 or organization member. Such objects must have been 13

considered inalienable by the culturally affiliated

Indian tribe at the time that this object was

separated from the group. 16

17 Indian tribe means any tribe, band, nation or other organized group or community of Indians which is recognized as eligible for the special

programs and services provided by the United States 20

to Indians because of their status as Indians. 21

Inadvertent discovery is defined as the 22 unanticipated encounter or detection of human 23 remains, funerary objects, sacred objects or objects

of cultural patrimony found under or on the surface

Page 145 Page 147 of federal or tribal lands pursuant to NAGPRA. 1 necessarily removing them from the ground. The According to this definition, if an object 2 2 ideal situation is to leave them in place, protect and preserve. is recovered that is not recognized as defined under 3 4 NAGPRA when found, but is subsequently identified 4 Sites also will be stabilized, and they during laboratory analysis, this qualifies as will be monitored so that if they are exposed, they detection and, therefore, constitutes inadvertent will be monitored and protected until final treatment and disposition is determined. discovery. There will be no removal of items until In other words, if they find something in 8 8 the field, they get it back to the lab, they clean compliance with these rules and the resumption of it up and begin the analysis and realize that either activity is completed. it's human bone or a funerary item that was It's important to note that the NAGPRA 11 investigations take time. The cultural resource previously not detected in the field. Once they make that determination, it becomes an inadvertent manager, as well as the criminal investigative division here on the post, should have a plan of 14 discovery. action, including specialists identified and 15 Cultural objects specifically refer to available to conduct field analysis. funerary objects, sacred objects and objects of cultural patrimony. And those would likely be tribal elders. 17 They would also likely be physical anthropologists 18 Basically the NAGPRA SOP policy is to or forensic anthropologists. They should have a protect, to identify proper ownership, and to ensure rightful treatment and disposition of the human plan of action ready to go should an inadvertent 20 discovery take place. remains as well as funerary objects. 21 22 The next major step is that the cultural 22 Now for the procedures. 23 This involves preliminary assessment, resource manager notifies the commander. Immediately they need to make a telephone protection and verification. Cultural resource communication. It's either the commander or his manager must make a site visit within 24 hours of an Page 148 Page 146 official designee. inadvertent discovery. Then he goes through a 2 process. If they're nonhuman, he determines The cultural resource manager will follow up with a written report, with a plan of action, a archaeological association and whether or not list of those parties that need to be consulted, and Section 106 procedures apply. If he determines that the remains are preliminary recommendations on the treatment and 5 disposition of the items. 6 associated with a recent crime scene, he then The commander has a responsibility to contacts the appropriate authorities on base, the notify the cultural resource manager that he has -provost marshal's office, criminal investigation he or she has indeed received the report and is division, as well as the county sheriff. taking action. He is required to write back to the All activities cease within a 50-meter 10 cultural resource manager. radius, and the investigation takes place, 11 11 The clock starts ticking, or it's already If they're not associated with a crime 12 started ticking when he's notified, yes, he's been scene, with authorities concurring, they notify the informed and we're on this and we are processing California SHPO. If they are or appear to be Native this NAGPRA inadvertent discovery. American, the cultural resource manager will prepare 15 a written report of finding, noting all 16 At the same time, any types of ground-disturbing activities within a 50-meter circumstances, including the content and context of the discovery, a general assumption of their age and radius must cease. And that involves all components, whether it be DPW, G3, which is their significance, 19 operations and training or range control or ITAM. Evaluations will be conducted in situ. 20 Everybody's put on notice. There's no activity in That means if they find what appears to be human 21 this area. The commander's ultimately responsible remains or any kind of funerary objects in the to ensure that there are no disturbances to this field, they will observe - they will expose just enough of those remains or artifacts to determine --24 25 The commander has three days to notify all

vou know, to better evaluate them. They won't be

1 possible lineal descendents and other lineal tribes

2 that may claim custody of the objects.

3 The decisions on which tribes will be

4 notified is predicated on NAGPRA and the list of

5 tribal contacts. Initially, telephone calls may be

6 made either from the commander or his designee.

7 Those phone calls will be logged. A written record

8 will be written: time, date, place, person, the

9 extent of the conversation.

These will be immediately followed up by certified mail, including the written report,

12 preliminary plan of action so that all the federal

13 tribes know what's been found. You know, they

14 basically have the same information that the

15 commander has.

16 The next component of this is notifying the
17 Native Americans. And there is a priority ranking

18 of determining ownership or control of NAGPRA

19 objects. And in ranking order they are lineal

20 descendents, Indian tribes that may be holding

21 tribal lands where the remains were found,

22 culturally affiliated Indian tribes, Indian tribes

23 recognized as the aboriginal owners of the land.

24 That could be a tribe that we know, based

25 on the oral as well as archaeological records, they

1 mentioned earlier, in situ analysis. That is

2 analysis in the field with the least amount of

3 disturbance, least amount of exposure to the human

4 remains and/or objects that are identified.

5 The cultural resource manager will employ

6 special assistance appropriate. Again, physical

7 anthropologists, tribal elders, forensic

8 anthropologists, ethnographers. Cultural

9 affiliation shall be determined by a preponderance

of evidence.

That is, for instance, geographical
 affiliation, kinship, biological, archaeological,

3 folklore, oral traditions.

14 Preponderance means that there's -- it

5 doesn't -- it's not an absolute. It's kind of a sum

6 of all of the variables combined, what is the 7 preponderance?

18 Lineal descent will be determined with the

19 potential lineal descendents. Again, in other

20 words, if we think they're Paiute, we'll consult

21 with the Paiute and find out which group is most

closely affiliated.

23 Consultation must result in either a plan

4 of action or a comprehensive agreement. All parties

25 covered in the comprehensive agreement must agree to

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1 were in this geographical area a couple hundred

2 years ago. They moved to another geographical area.

3 We knew that they were there at the time. They may

4 be the legal claimants.

Then the next in order are the Indian tribes with the strongest demonstrated cultural

7 relationship to those objects.

And then, finally, we have an unclaimed category when there can be no -- none of the aboves

10 can be satisfied, that there is an unclaimed

11 category.

The list of the tribal contacts is kept by
the natural and cultural resource manager, which is

14 Mr. Quillman. And these will be verified and/or

15 updated annually in coordination with tribal

16 election schedules.

And we've already been informed that there's been a change since we sent our letters out

in July that one of the people that we've

20 corresponded with is no longer a tribal official.

We probably, before y'all leave, would like to get your tribe's election schedule so that we

3 would know what time of year to update our list.

24 That would be helpful.

Now, for the identification. As I

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1 be signatories. Can't be part of a contract unless

2 you sign it.

3 Information gained from the consultation

4 that should be included in the written plan or

5 comprehensive agreement are the kinds of material to 6 be considered as cultural objects. Hopefully we'll

7 get into some of these either later today or in our

8 next meeting.

9 These are types of information that we need 10 from your tribe so that we will know that should we

11 find some objects out there, what types of materials

12 y'all are most concerned with and how we need to

13 consult with you on those.

14 Specific information used to determine

15 custody is that is potentially information that the 16 tribal elders may hold about significance of these

17 objects.

18

We also need to consult regarding

19 treatment, care and handling of the human remains

20 and cultural objects, what types of analysis or

21 identification of human remains and cultural objects

22 may be appropriate.

23 Steps to be followed to contact Indian
24 tribes at the time of the inadvertent discovery.

25 The kind of traditional treatment to be afforded the

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1 human remains or cultural objects.

2 That is -- I just want to make a point

3 here, is that anytime there are NAGPRA or funerary

4 objects, the commander is -- the commander is

5 required to allow Native American religious

6 specialists to come on base to conduct ceremonies

that may be deemed necessary.

8 And, again, we'll go over with you the 9 nature and type of reports to be prepared.

10 And then finally, the disposition of human 11 remains and cultural objects.

12 Regarding the treatment and disposition.

13 It shall be -- that shall be determined in

4 consultation with lineal decendents of the tribes,

one of the tribes that demonstrate priority of ownership as per that list.

17 Tribes must demonstrate affiliation by 18 preponderance of evidence. The single claimant 19 cannot be identified. And continue consultation.

As per NAGPRA, if no agreement can be reached, refer to the dispute resolution process, which I'll discuss in a minute.

Then you want to make every attempt to specify treatment for inadvertent discoveries within

30 days after the certified notification has been

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1 sent.

13

2 If, for instance, in situ preservation,

3 in-place preservation is not possible, repatriation

4 with tribes of lineal descent or cultural

affiliation should be undertaken.

To continue, each restoration or reinternment shall afford Fort Irwin an opportunity

8 for tribal religious participation. This is what I

was talking about earlier. The American -- the

10 commander is required to allow traditional religious

leaders on base to conduct ceremonies, as per

12 American Indian Religious Freedom Act.

Prior to the disposition of NAGPRA objects, public notices shall be published of the proposed disposition in the area of the lineal and culturally affiliated tribes.

16 affiliated tribes.
17 Typically, this is done -- this is per
18 NAGPRA. You put in two notices with the inventories
19 in the nearest available newspaper that would be in

the -- wherever the tribe resides currently. Like

21 if it happened at Fort Irwin, if it's the Timbi-sha

22 Shoshone, it would be the Death Valley area and 23 likewise.

You do that twice, two weeks apart. Of course you've already made phone calls and sent 1 reports. So this is just a public responsibility in

2 case there may be other interested parties out there

that wish to make a claim

4 Unclaimed Native American human remains and

5 cultural objects shall be returned in accordance

6 with the regulations developed by the NAGPRA review 7 committee.

8 On the rare occasion that Fort Irwin and

9 Native Americans that are being consulted have

trouble or conflicting schedules, they'll notify

11 each other as quickly as possible. Emergency

12 actions will be conducted by telephone, e-mails and

13 fax.

14 And, finally, for the dispute resolution --15 again, this falls pretty much in NAGPRA -- they'll

16 follow the NAGPRA procedures. Fort Irwin shall

17 follow the procedures set forth in the standard

18 operating procedures for consultation with all 19 interested tribes.

20 Should any interested tribes make any

21 conflicting claims of cultural affiliation or

22 dispute the methods of treatment or disposition, the

23 installation commander shall notify - it used to be

4 FORSCOM, Now, the Army has been -- what's the word

5 I'm looking for -- reorganized -- southwest region.

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It's just something we need to update.
 But basically it gets elevated from the

3 installation level to the regional level of the

4 Army.

5 In the meantime, Fort Irwin will continue

6 consultation with the disputing parties, suggest

7 that the disputing parties seek resolution among

8 themselves. And if they can concur, hopefully they9 can concur or go before the NAGPRA review committee

to make recommendations on the resolution of the

11 disputes.

12 If upon the recommendations of the NAGPRA
13 review committee the most appropriate claimant still
14 cannot be determined, Fort Irwin shall retain the
15 disputed remains or cultural objects until the

6 question of custody is resolved.

And, again, as I mentioned earlier,
additional parties. Basically any interested tribes
claiming lineal descent or cultural affiliation may
join the procedures at any time should they express

20 Join the procedures at any time should they expi

However, if an interested party fails to make a written claim prior to the time human remains and cultural objects are duly repatriated or

5 disposed of to a claimant, the interested party is

FOI	RT IRWIN MEETING Condo	nsc	9-4-0
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1	deemed to have waived any right to claim such items	1	there may be a vested interest in human remains in
2	as per NAGPRA.	2	the collection,
3	In other words, speak up early or, you	3	TAD BRITT: Of keeping them in the
4	know, once the process basically, if the remains	4	collection?
5	have been repatriated, it's too late to make a	5	CHAD SMITH: Being determined to be
6	claim,	6	indeterminate as to cultural affiliation or
7	And then following for the resumption of	7	genetics.
8	activities. NAGPRA specifies that in case of an	8	And it doesn't seem to be as much an issue
9	inadvertent discovery of human remains or cultural	9	here.
0	objects, work can resume within 30 days after	10	And then, finally, elsewhere in California,
1	certification of the installation commander. Or	11	some of the federally recognized tribes have been
2	activity may resume if the treatment is documented	12	able to partner with a nonfederally recognized
3	in a written, binding agreement between the	13	tribe, kind of like in the one example where a tribe
4	installation and the affiliated Indian tribes, as	14	once was in an area and then was not.
5	per NAGPRA.	15	And the Luisenos have been able to partner
6	However, no event or activity may resume	16	with the San Luis Rey tribe, which is not federally
7	until the SHPO or, if involved, local law	17	recognized, and effect a repatriation even though a
8	enforcement officials approve.	18	reburial on Luiseno lands of San Luis Rey remains.
9	Questions or discussions.	19	So there's ways to work through this.
0	Yes, sir.	20	TAD BRITT: We understand that that is
1	CHAD SMITH: I think the role of the SHPO	21	certainly a way of repatriation.
2	is sort of tangled up in this. And after the	22	CHAD SMITH: Yeah.
3	discovery is found to be human, SHPO's involvement	23	TAD BRITT: And it's an effective way,
4	with NAGPRA ceases.	24	particularly for those unfederally recognized
5	And cultural affiliation determination on	25	tribes.
	Page 158		Page 16
1	preponderance of the evidence can be with only one	1	CHAD SMITH. And then especially in
2	line of evidence, that is, the oral tradition of the	2	California, with the recent state reburial law,
3	tribe. It doesn't take a saliva test of various	3	repatriation act, there are many tribes that are
4	archaeological theories and science doesn't trump	4	recognized by the State of California, but have not
5	traditional culture in this.	5	achieved federal recognition.
6	TAD BRITT: Exactly. Exactly.	6	So
7	CHAD SMITH: And I don't know about this	7	TAD BRITT: And they may yet here in the
8	one, but I proved it on U.S. Forest Service, that a	8	near future.
9	discovery under 106 does not have to be a material	9	CHAD SMITH: Yeah. It all could come
0	finding of cultural resource by a backhoe blade, an	10	together right here on Fort Irwin.
1	inadvertent material discovery. It can be	11	ROBERT HORALEK: To address that very
2	information that was not recorded or incorrectly	12	briefly, I think you're exactly correct, and you're
3	recorded. That can be discovered, like, through	13	right. Our interest is perhaps not the same as
4	TAD BRITT: Reanalysis or	14	perhaps some other types of agencies. Our interest
5	CHAD SMITH: - like in court trial, the	15	그렇게 살아 하고 하고 그렇게 하면 가게 하게 되었다면 하는 그렇게 되었다.
6	discovery process.	16	your satisfaction.
7	TAD BRITT: Sure.	17	And so if you saw the priorities that we
8	CHAD SMITH: There could be information	18	would give to who would have the right say, as long
9	about location of burial or presence of burial or	19	as that group that is affiliating with the highest
0	mortuary practices that could lead to findings of	20	one on that list and you all agree, folks, we're
1	human remains.	21	going to agree.
2	But it seems to me that the Army here	22	And we can draft that in any way you want.
23	doesn't have some of the same concerns or background	23	TAD BRITT: Yeah, the nature
24	that some of the museums we have to deal with and	24	Go ahead, ma'am.
67	universities and others and NAGPRA issues to where	25	BETTY CORNELIUS: On the Nellis Air Force

CondenseIt™ FORT IRWIN MEETING Page 161 Page 163 Base we have three affiliated tribes that dealt with 1 has been set with --2 the NAGPRA and reburial. They were the Paiute, the ROBERT HORALEK: We have places right now 3 Southern Paiute, the Western Shoshones and --3 where --4 there's three of them anyway. Let's see, there's 4 CHAD SMITH: And with many tribes it's a 5 the Paiute, there's the Western Shoshones, and policy that the remains should go into the ground as 6 there's Southern Paiute. close as to where they came out of the ground, but Did I already say Southern Paiute? out of harm's way or future projects and that kind 8 The Paiute, the Western Shoshone, and the 8 of thing. Southern Paintes were all affiliated with that area 9 TAD BRITT: I know Fort Benning has set 10 on whatever was discovered on the test range anyway. aside a Native American cemetery. 10 11 And I think that's what he's kind of saying here, 11 When I worked for the Vicksburg Corps of affiliating the 14 tribes, maybe extending it to Engineers, we created a Caddo cemetery on some corps 12 them. 13 property and a lock and dam. 14 Is that what you're saying, Chad? 14 The precedent is there. 15 CHAD SMITH: Yeah. If there's some others 15 CHAD SMITH: Huachuca. that would have a concern on that --TAD BRITT: Yeah. I don't think that would 17 BETTY CORNELIUS: And that worked for us up be -- but, again, you know, there have been no 18 there. You know, we all were in consensus, so that conclusive NAGPRA items found here that would be what we would strive for here, is a archaeologists know. I don't mean to say that there 20 consensus. aren't any, but we don't have - there's a potential 21 TAD BRITT: The Army has pretty much for a cremation site. 22 realized that they don't have the expertise to 22 Have beads been recovered here? Do you determine lineal descent. I mean basically the ball have beads in your collection? is in the Native American's court. CRAIG SMITH: 1 believe there are several. 24 25 And usually it's been my experience that if TAD BRITT: Okay, Well, no, at West Page 162 Page 164

1 Cronese right off the installation in the '20s,

1 there are conflicting claims, they're worked out

2 among the Indians. And then one tribe steps forth

and takes the remains, and they deal with it that

way. It's a pretty efficient process.

CHAD SMITH: One other thing. In all, the 5

6 Mojaves did participate on base with a recremation

7 and reburial on base. And I know at Fort Polk.

8 Louisiana, the tribes there were able to cross a

9 threshold with Army in NAGPRA, that up until that

10 time DOD haD not been able to set aside on a

military establishment, something like a cemetery

area, where there could be reinternments from

remains found on post. And some that came from the

post before it was military establishment and were

15 in museums and that.

TAD BRITT: Uh-huh. 16

CHAD SMITH: And it worked quite 17

18 successfully. And it's a protected area, ultimately

protected because it's on the military

establishment. And then it's fenced within the

establishment itself.

22 TAD BRITT: Exactly.

CHAD SMITH- So reinternment within the 23

post, I take it, would not be insurmountable? TAD BRITT: No, it's not. The precedent

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2 Rogers took out numerous Mojave cremations with the

little stone beads. That's something we're working

through with Museum of Man right now where they are.

And the Southwest Museum as well. And probably the

same is true on post.

And ideally those are a meter or more

beneath alluvium. Some of this recent deposition

stuff as they found on this fiber optic line, it

just comes right in over the top - you've got a

11 veneer of stuff from 500 years that's right over the

12 top of 10,000-year-old stuff or a thousand-year-old.

Yeah.

22

TAD BRITT: That was our main purpose, to 14 initiate the subsurface sampling. Because we just

really felt like the types of studies that had been

done under here were inadequate for today's needs.

CHAD SMITH: Just scratched the surface? 18

TAD BRITT: Exactly. 19

WILLIAM HELMER: I had a question, 20

21 TAD BRITT: Yes, sir.

WILLIAM HELMER: Couple of questions.

Are all the artifacts found on base here at 23 the museum here, or are they -- any curated at any

other museum?

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- 1	1 1150 10	~	i age	
1	DARRELL GUNDRUM: There are some material.	1	TAD BRITT: Some installations actually	
2	Our collections are really just starting to come	2	or core districts actually have a Native American	
3	together here at the facility.	3	specialist. That's what they they deal with all	
4	The base itself has been active during	4	types of whether they be environmental or	
-5	periods and inactive during other periods. There is	5	cultural resources. They interact on a	
6	some material my staff has been uncovering recently	6	nation-to-nation basis.	
7	where we're finding that there are collections in	7	I believe that's what she's referring to.	
8	some other museums around Southern California.	8	WILLIAM HELMER: Okay, And just the other	
9	TAD BRITT: But y'all are working to get	9	question to that.	
10	those back here?	10	TAD BRITT: I don't think she says they	
11	DARRELL GUNDRUM: Right.	11	have to be Native Americans. She's just saying, do	
12	TAD BRITT: The objective is to get all the	12	you have a Native American liaison officer?	
13	artifacts from Fort Irwin here at the curation	13	BARBARA DURHAM: Although one would be	
14	facility. And it's a curation facility. It's not	14	preferred.	
15	really a museum, it's a curation facility.	15	WILLIAM HELMER: If I heard you right in	
16	WILLIAM HELMER: It would be good to have a	16	terms of determining cultural affiliation, Fort	
17	list of those museums.	17	Irwin is not like some museums or agencies that	
18	DARRELL GUNDRUM: It's been a real process	18	present the argument, anything older than 500 years	
19	because we have been really going through all the	19	is culturally unidentifiable.	
20	reports that were generated over the years here at	20	Is that not your position?	
21	the installation. There were periods when this	21	WILLIAM QUILLMAN: That is definitely not	
22	really wasn't an active installation, and there were	22	our position.	
23	amateur archaeological groups out here with the	23	I think Bob is speaking pretty clearly.	
24	San Bernardino County Museum and whatnot.	24	They don't wish to have in possession any human	
25	We do have some collections even in	25	remains or funerary items. And I believe that's	
	Page 16	6	Page	16
1	Barstow, at the local museum in Barstow, that we're	- 1	that's the consensus.	
2	seeking to get back.	2	I mean this is the mission of Fort Irwin	
3	WILLIAM HELMER: Okay, Yeah. There's	3	is training military readiness. It's not to amass	
4	also you might need to check out people's	4	archaeological collection. Their main objective is	
5	garages.	5	to preserve and protect and manage.	
6	ROBERT HORALEK: You're going to have a lot	6	And certainly, you know, we're not into	
7	of that. Because particularly in the Superior Lake	7	we don't have the kind of research objectives that,	
8	area, that area has been open to the desert rats for	8	you know, pure science, so to speak, has. So that's	
9	years. And we have no idea what's been hauled out,	9	not at all in Fort Irwin's interest.	
10	if you will.	10	BETTY CORNELIUS: 1 have another question.	
11	And Bill Mann from Barstow has ran tours	11	This, to me this document, it doesn't	
12		12	have a title. I mean	
13	long. So, yeah, there's bound to be stuff we don't	13	TAD BRITT: I don't believe you have	
14		14	BETTY CORNELIUS: Is this the current?	
15	BARBARA DURHAM: Is there a Native American	15	This is the one that you sent me. Is that the	
16		16	LTC OGDEN: It says draft?	
17	TAD BRITT: For the NAGPRA consultation?	17	TAD BRITT: You can have this one.	
18	BARBARA DURHAM: Yes. Yes.	18	BETTY CORNELIUS: This is mine, the one	
19	TAD BRITT: No, ma'am.	19	that you sent me.	

20

21

23

22 different.

BARBARA DURHAM: It's the same thing.

ROBERT HORALEK: I think what you're

24 referring to is the draft that we want to eventually

25 have you have a chance to go through, look at,

TAD BRITT: Well, it's just a little

23 manager, Mr. Quillman. He is the PUC for all

natural resources and cultural resources.

BARBARA DURHAM: Okay.

21 in a position like that?

BARBARA DURHAM: Is there a thought to fill

MUHAMMAD BARI: At the moment we have a

Page 169 Page 171 1 modify, comment on and so forth. 1 up yet, which will start October 1, we're going to We'll, in fact, say "The Names of the 2 have a number of little issues like that, and we're going to have to refine that as we go. Tribes and Fort Irwin" as the title thereof. 3 BETTY CORNELIUS: Okay. One other thing, Right now this is nothing but a very rough 4 In this section right here, where it says -- this draft to start you in that process of helping us get a good agreement that we can all work with, section, okay. It says the procedures to be followed in an event of inadvertent discovery. BETTY CORNELIUS: Right here where it says, "Fort Irwin," I think it should include the National 8 Now, it makes it sound like this document here is all about inadvertent discovery, and I know Training Center, you know, behind that, because it's not. that's the only place that explains what this 11 ROBERT HORALEK: Actually, it is. 11 document is about. The other thing, is that the national or 12 BETTY CORNELIUS: It is. 12 ROBERT HORALEK: And, in fact, my the natural and cultural manager? Is that the same 13 13 suggestion to you all is we're going to need to do a person? Because they have -follow-up document very similar to this, but not WILLIAM QUILLMAN: That is, in fact, me. 15 necessarily the same, that will deal with the Yes, ma'am. 16 planned work that we do in archaeology so that we, BETTY CORNELIUS: Okay. In this document 17 18 they either leave the natural out or they leave again, have you involved from the day one and have your input on those types of activities. the -- or they stick Fort Irwin in front of you. I Right now this is aimed at if I'm out there think you should be consistent in how you're 20 digging a foxhole with a backhoe for a training 21 describing your position. 21 exercise and inadvertently come up with something I And I also think that it should go in 22 had no intentions of doing, this is the document 23 place -- you know, in front of your installation manager. Now, who is that? I mean is that that will deal with that. 24 25 But when I'm going out there to do regular Col. Flinn?

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1 archaeological work, we need another document very 2 similar to this that will deal with that issue.

MUHAMMAD BARI: That document will be in 3

4 the cultural resources management plan. TAD BRITT: This is the comprehensive 5 agreement or programmatic agreement that the

installation will enter in with each of your

individual tribes on how -- it could cover

everything from NAGPRA, inadvertent discovery, to

Section 106 undertakings, Section 110 compliance,

NEPA compliance. 11

We need that between the installation and 12 the Indian tribes so that we have one consolidated 13

document that tells us how we operate with each

tribe on every issue.

CHAD SMITH: That's what we're --

TAD BRITT: Eventually we're working toward 17

18 that.

16

19

CHAD SMITH: We're negotiating the

comprehensive agreement with human proving ground 20

right now along these lines to address the various

legislation, NAGPRA. ARPA. National Historic

Preservation Act all in one document, which will be 23 24 an MOU.

TAD BRITT: Uh-huh. 25

ROBERT HORALEK: Actually, we're not --2

BETTY CORNELIUS: The installation

3 commander?

ROBERT HORALEK: This sounds like a dumb 4 5 answer, but right now we are going through what he

called TIMs, which is now called IMA. We even

changed the acronym before we got it in place.

But how we're going to divide out the 8 responsibilities between the NTC and the

installation commander who is responsible for

missions and the actual running of the physical

property is still in the process of being

determined. 1.3

And I wrote myself a note down, that when 14 15 we are dealing with a NAGPRA type issue, it's very

unclear to me whether that is, in fact, the

installation commander or if that is the garrison

commander. 18

The garrison commander, what I'm calling 19 the IMA, in fact, commands these resources. But

when you've got an issue out in the training area

that can shut training down and must be addressed.

that may, in fact, be an NTC installation commander 23

24 issue.

And as we have not even got this thing set

	RI IR WIN MEETING	CHO	7 1 02
	Page 17	3	Page 175
1	CHAD SMITH: Yeah,	1	And we had the position that, well, it's
2	BARBARA DURHAM: Yeah, We're currently	2	- (14대), '14) - (14대) (14대) (14대) (14대) (14대) (14대), '14대), '14대) (14대) (14대) (14대) (14대)
3	trying to negotiate one with China Lake, an	3	for. It's their time and effort involved in
4	agreement, an MOU for access, as well as	4	participating in the process.
5	repatriation.	5	BARBARA DURHAM: And their expertise.
6	I think this document, as well as the	6	CHAD SMITH: Yeah.
7	document for doing ARC surveys, you need to cover	7	TAD BRITT: Yeah. They're subject area
8	you need to have something in there for Native	8	experts.
9	American involvement. A lot of our tribes, we do	9	CHAD SMITH: Same as a geomorphologist.
0	get funding, but not enough funding. We need	10	TAD BRITT: Exactly. I'm not disagreeing
11	funding for tribal consultants to come out, our	11	with you there, but that's not
12	tribal elders, our tribal historic preservation	12	CHAD SMITH: And under the latest
13	committees to come out and be a part of this.	13	regulations for 106, it is stated that ethnographic
14	TAD BRITT: I understand.	14	studies are an allowable cost of the Section 106
15	BETTY CORNELIUS: I don't know. Tad, maybe	15	process, which was a major breakthrough for tribes.
16	I'm picky. I don't know. But right here where it	16	Because we came up against that roadblock to
17	says that going back to his position again, the	17	involvement and participation.
18	natural and cultural resource manager, now they gave	18	And ten years ago we were being told, well,
19	him is that his phone number?	19	if you want your important sacred places protected,
20	TAD BRITT: It is.	20	then it's up to you to man the or field the
21	BETTY CORNELIUS: That's his phone number.	21	people at your expense to come off reservation,
22	TAD BRITT: Except for the 760.	22	where we're doing this project that could impact
23	BETTY CORNELIUS: Should that be in the	23	things important to you.
24	policy or something like that? Same as up here.	24	We said, well, you know, we're not the ones
25	The G3. Now, what is that?	25	building it, and it's off reservation. You should
	Page 17-	4	Page 176
1	TAD BRITT: That's operations and training.	1	compensate us for the time and effort involved.
2	BETTY CORNELIUS: And that's their code	2	And we've achieved a lot of that over the
3	number?	3	years. So it's not so much an issue.

13

TAD BRITT: Why it's called G3, I don't 5 know. CHAD SMITH: You've got G2, which is spook 7 stuff. LTC OGDEN: G3 is operations. It's just 9 the way. But we put positions rather than people 10 because people change. So it's always that office 11 is responsible. TAD BRITT: Yeah. We agree. This is a 12 13 draft. There's certainly -- it's written from an 14 Army's perspective using Army acronyms. And --LTC OGDEN: We could add in there 15 16 definitions, you know, what acronyms, identify acronyms. TAD BRITT: And Ms. Durham brought up a 19 good point about compensation for tribal 20 participation. That's something we'll need to

TAD BRITT: Folks -- yes, ma'am.

BETTY CORNELIUS: Under the archaeology 6 sites, you know, you said that they were immediately

7 declared having a 10-meter radius or something like 8 that. And that the State of California issues their

archaeologist sites a 30-meter radius. 10

Now, under the NAGPRA here, we have a 50-meter radius, and it says that all work is going to be halted and stopped. And it says the site will be protected and stabilized.

Now, my question is, isn't the ARPA 14 supposed to be covering this and then the NAGPRA comes behind it in collecting, you know, what you guys have been collecting?

TAD BRITT: ARPA pertains to outside 18 entities doing work on a federal installation. This work that Fort Irwin is doing, they're doing it for themselves. Therefore, they're exempt from ARPA. So, therefore, they don't have to comply with ARPA. They comply with NAGPRA. 23

The stipulations in NAGPRA, they're not --24 25 the 50-meter radius has nothing to do with what a

23 ago with U.S. Forest Service and developers and

24 others. And they would say, well, you know, we

25 can't pay for information that your elders have.

CHAD SMITH: We ran into this a long time

21 discuss at Fort Irwin.

	Page 1	77	Page 179
1	site definition is. It's just basically a buffer	1	the ultimate goal of this. So that should the rare
- 2	zone for participation.	2	occasion that it does occur, we know exactly what
3	BETTY CORNELIUS: What about AIRFA, doesn't	3	needs to be done, who needs to be notified and so
4	it apply? AIRFA because	4	on.
5	TAD BRITT: AIRFA applies, yes, ma'am.	5	And I would imagine the plans are going to
6	That's basically allowing access for elders to come	. 6	be fairly consistent across the board with all of
7	in to conduct religious ceremonies.	7	the tribes because we certainly don't want to give
8	BETTY CORNELIUS: Maybe I'm dumb, I don't	8	one tribe more or less any claim or, so to speak,
9	know. But what's a 50-meter radius? How big is	9	you know, to the items, whatever they may be. We're
10	that?	10	going to try to make them as fair and objective.
11	TAD BRITT: That's 150 feet.	11	The process is people how we may contact people
12	WILLIAM QUILLMAN: That's just to protect	12	may be slightly different.
13	that site so we can actually make a determination	13	But the procedures are going to be very
14	together as to the importance of that site. Then we	14	similar so that we don't show favoritism or
15	can pare that down to a workable size. It's not	15	discrimination.
16	going to say it's 50 meters off limit.	16	MUHAMMAD BARI: This is a type of a draft
17	BETTY CORNELIUS: That's it's own	17	document. And we will appreciate some more emphasis
18	right-of-way, you might say?	18	on this one so that we can finalize it
19	TAD BRITT: Yes, ma'am. And it's not	19	TAD BRITT: Sure.
20	written in stone that it won't be bigger than that.	20	MUHAMMAD BARI: - as soon as we can,
21	The point of that statement is to ensure	21	And in the meantime, I don't know if Bob
22	the site is going to be protected and preserved and	22	can tell me on that. It's a draft. If something
23	monitored until the treatment and disposition has	23	comes up, like, tomorrow or something
24	taken place. That's the intent of that buffer zone,	24	TAD BRITT: We follow that.
25	is to if there was some construction or activity	25	MUHAMMAD BARI: we follow this one?
	Page 1	78	Page 180
:1	in that area and they had an inadvertent discovery,	1	TAD BRITT: Yeah. This has been approved.
2	all construction ceases within a 50-meter radius of	2	It's in place at other installations. It works. It
3	that or training or whatever.	. 3	may not be the best thing. It may not be the ideal
4	BARBARA DURHAM: That's two times the size	4	thing for Fort Irwin, but it works. It's been
5	of this room.	5	demonstrated.
6	BETTY CORNELIUS: Two times the size?	6	And until we get sounds like we need to
7	TAD BRITT: Yes, sir.	7	get with you and get right on the legalese and
8	WILLIAM HELMER: The reason you're doing	8	collect some language.
9	the drafting this is because under the NAGPRA	9	ROBERT HORALEK: I'm rather interested in
10	regulations, if you don't have this, you defer to	10	what you said a moment ago. You had a comprehensive
11	the regs and everything stops for, what, up to 30	11	agreement that you're almost ready to finalize with
12	days?		Yuma
13	TAD BRITT: They can, yes.	13	Does it come pretty close to what you're
14	WILLIAM HELMER: Yeah. So this kind of	14	looking for?
15	makes things more expedient	15	CHAD SMITH: Yeah.
16	TAD BRITT: Yes, sir. It is. It's a plan	16	ROBERT HORALEK: That might be a real good
17	of action. This is what we're going to do should we	17	starting point for this. Take that agreement,
18	find something.	18	modify it for site specific Fort Irwin, and we might
19	It also has the list of things, information	19	be able to get there a lot quicker.
20	that we need from the tribes should we find	20	CHAD SMITH: I'll get them to send the
21	something. These are the types of things we're	21	framework over to Darrell for sure. Yeah.
22	going to be concerned about.	22	TAD BRITT: All right. That will help us
23	And if we can get more of this worked out	23	but a lot.
24	and formalized into a final standard operating	24	ROBERT HORALEK: No reason to reinvent the
25	procedure with each of the individual tribes, that's	23	wheel.

FU	ORT IRWIN MEETING Con	dens	elt 9-4-02
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Page 1 TAD BRITT: Exactly. I agree wholeheartedly. Why don't we take a 15-minute break. When we come back, the floor is y'all's, and we'll revisit some of these issues and go off in your directions. Thank you. (Recess taken from 2:39 p.m. to 2:59 p.m.) TAD BRITT: Folks, if y'all are ready, we'll get started. This time is for y'all. If you want to, we can start off by revisiting some of the issues we said we would this morning. But before we do that, Darrell has got copies of Tell me exactly what you've got.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Page 183 of archaeological sites and that they would like to see the methods testing plan, as well as the reports. There's another on the collection of artifacts on the which artifacts should or should not be collected during inventory. There was the mention of a Native American liaison position here at Fort Irwin. There were some concerns regarding the title of a SOP, as well as some clarifications regarding the natural and cultural resource manager's position, listing of all the tribes, as well as some legal refinements to the proper format of the document that we're going to address. Another major concern was the request or request to discuss funding for tribal consultants, as well as for travel to do consultation. Basically
9	[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[9	There were some concerns regarding the
9	p.m.)	9	그 그들을 보다 그는 것은 이번 프로그램은 이 아이를 받았다. 그리고 아이를 하는 것은 이를 모르는 것이 아름지 않는데 하는데 그리고 있다.
10		10	
11		11	
12	This time is for y'all. If you want to, we	12	
13	can start off by revisiting some of the issues we	13	well as some legal refinements to the proper format
14	said we would this morning.	14	of the document that we're going to address.
15	But before we do that, Darrell has got	15	Another major concern was the request or
16	copies of	16	request to discuss funding for tribal consultants,
17	Tell me exactly what you've got.	17	as well as for travel to do consultation. Basically
18	DARRELL GUNDRUM: The collection summary	18	it's compensation for tribal participation. And I
19	report for NAGPRA that was done a few years ago here	19	guess that's about it.
20	at Fort Irwin.	20	At this time if you one of those you
21	TAD BRITT: So it's all of your collection.	21	want to address right away or if there's something
22	It's not just NAGPRA.	22	else you want to move on to, they are noted in the
23	DARRELL GUNDRUM: Right well, no. It's	23	record. We can if we don't address them today,
24	for NAGPRA inventory.	24	we can address them later. But at this time I'm
25	TAD BRITT: Comprehensive collection.	25	going to turn it over to whoever and whatever y'all
	Page 1	82	Page 184
1	He's going to present those to the tribes,	1	want to talk about.
2	and we will send copies to those tribes that aren't	2	CHAD SMITH: I just couldn't save up some

3 here today. DARRELL GUNDRUM: Also, copies of several

5 rock art reports. Some of you have requested these previously, and we've sent them out to you in the 7 mail. Just some of the rock artwork that has been 8 done out here over the years.

I just want you to be able to take these 10 back to your nations and tribal elders to show them 11 what kind of motifs and rock art we have here at 12 Fort Irwin because many of them might be concerned

13 with these resources. TAD BRITT: What I'll do is we made some

15 notes this morning on some of the topics for 16 discussion. And let me just run through the list. 17 And then I'll turn the floor over to y'all. And if 18 there's one you want to address, we'll go right into 19 it.

But I don't want to -- I want to give y'all 20 21 this time to talk about those issues and concerns 22 that are -- that y'all may have.

One important concern was the Army regs 23 24 concerning notifications. There was concern that 25 the tribes were not being notified about the testing 3 of it for this point, so we've touched on a lot of 4 the issues or concerns that the Mojave have.

5 TAD BRITT: Uh-huh.

CHAD SMITH: We did have a staff meeting 7 and a discussion specifically about the installation and the ongoing activities and the consultations.

I'll brief our board when I get back.

And our board is elders and other 10 11 knowledgeable tribal members. And I think - I 12 think we'll do some good work with you guys, with 13 the installation and for the culture as well. Both 14 sides can benefit.

TAD BRITT: I believe it's the intent of 15 16 the installation to have real meaningful 17 consultations. And that would include bringing in 18 tribal elders, subject matter experts to address some of these concerns that we may not be fully qualified to evaluate. 21

They understand the need as well as the compliance directives for consultation. We won't ge: it all addressed today, but certainly hopefully we've established a good and open dialogue to begin 25 to address some of these questions and concerns.

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ROBERT HORALEK: If I may touch on one issue as a starting point only, because obviously I don't have any definitive answers right now.

The concept of being able to pay the tribes 5 to assist in this process. There's kind of two parts to that. As far as negotiate an agreement 7 between the U.S. Government and your nation, it's 8 very difficult for me to pay you to come negotiate

9 with me. That's just about as difficult under our 10 physical law theory as I can think of.

11 On the other hand, when we are starting a 12 cultural resource project and we're going to go out 13 and do research and surveys and so forth, or we, in 14 fact, come up with some definite sites and so forth, 15 it makes a great deal of sense for me to at that point go out to the tribes and ask for people that 17 have the expertise in this area to come in and consult with us. And obviously as consultants, we would contract with you to do that and be able to

pay all your expenses. 21 So as you're kind of mulling through this, that would be one of the thoughts that I would put out to you on that issue.

24 TAD BRITT: I think you said that very 25 clearly and concisely. I think that's --

20

Page 187 1 that makes sense, and we're using your expertise and

2 paying for that expertise and so forth. 3 So what I'm saying is we kind of have to 4 make that division between which activity are we

5 involved in? One I can clearly have a justification

6 for using your expertise and paying for it. The 7 other one, I'm actually doing a negotiation with

8 from a totally independent thing. It would be like

me walking into the courtroom and paying the other guy's attorney.

11 BARBARA DURHAM: I understand what you're 12 saving.

TAD BRITT: And let me -- we're not 13 breaking new ground here. I mean we are for Fort Irwin, but there are precedents that have been set regarding the payment and proper compensation for these tribes. And we certainly need to look at those precedents and do what's best. 18

19 BARBARA DURHAM: Considering that your 20 sister agencies, the department of -- the Air Force, Navy -- well, not Navy yet, but we're working on 21 it - they're already doing this with the tribes.

23 MUHAMMAD BARI: 1 am the program manager here on the environment side. I will look into the precedents from the DOD entity and also the federal

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BARBARA DURHAM: I kind of see this as a steppingstone to what you want. Those people should

3 be here with us -- our elders, our tribal

4 consultants -- to lay down the framework now. And I see it as no separation there.

ROBERT HORALEK: Let me see if I can put it 6 in slightly different terms.

At the moment what we're negotiating is an 8 agreement between two nations. And that would be very similar if I were negotiating with the Soviet Union or China or anyone else.

Clearly, I don't pay their expenses to 12 13 enter into those negotiations because that's to 14 their benefit. And we're adversaries to a certain degree in the sense that, yes, we both want to come up with the right answer at the end of those negotiations that's good for both of us. 17

But if I pay you to negotiate with me, then 18 have I already bought your answer with my pay? 19

That's one issue. 20 On the other hand, the issues of sitting 21 22 down and working out a cultural resource program that meets the standards that we all believe it should meet, that's not a negotiation. That's where we're working together to establish an end product

I laws. What allows us, we will do that.

BARBARA DURHAM: Okav.

3 BETTY CORNELIUS: We're not -- the base

4 here has all these archaeology sites. And we're not 5 here to stop your program or your projects. We're

here as a voice of what our ancestors left here.

And so in a lot of ways, you need us

because the people that we represent here today, you

know, they are the ones with all the answers, and

they are considered to be the experts. 10

So in other programs that we go to, they do receive an honorarium. So I think that --

ROBERT HORALEK: Ma'am, I agree with you a 13 14 hundred percent.

What I'm trying to say is right now, just working out an agreement as to how we will proceed between ourselves is one aspect.

Once we start the program, we absolutely 18 need your expertise to help us with that, and that 20 we can pay for.

21 And you're absolutely correct. Once we start the program and are trying to work all of the cultural resource issues here, we can't live without your expertise. And that we have every reason to pay for. 25

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TAD BRITT: Yeah. We have to follow our

2 laws, the federal laws. But, you know, we also 3 realize -- I think we're all in agreement that we

4 agree that you need to be compensated, but we also

5 need to make sure that it's done legally and within

6 the limits of what the government can provide.

7 I don't think in the long-term there's 8 going to be any problem. I think that we'll look at

9 existing precedence. I know there are ways to work 10 through this. And I don't really see this as a

11 hinderance, but it is a concern and I understand

12 that. And that's -- you know, we want to address 13 it, and we want to do -- or Fort Irwin wants to do

14 the best thing they can that's legal.

15 And eventually I think that all parties 16 will be happy.

17 And Fort Irwin, you know, as well as the

18 Native Americans will ultimately be the
19 beneficiaries of this relationship. We'll get a lot

20 better information and exchange of information.

21 MUHAMMAD BARI: I want to bring up a point. 22 To accomplish the mission over here, we are asking

23 you to assist us and work with us to take care of

24 the cultural resources over here. The first major 25 step that we are going to do is the NAGPRA hearing

Page

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1 we are doing here.

I need help on two sides, two things: one
 is on the NAGPRA issues. The other thing is on the

4 integrity operations over here. We are in the

5 process of finalizing that draft on the cultural

6 resources management plan. And that will be a live

7 document that will be sent to you for your comments

8 and review.

In the meantime, what we have established,
as Darrell can, I think, confirm that for me, we are
writing you letters. We are writing you letters
first informing you and asking you any information
regarding a certain area about ancestral

4 relationship and any information you have on us.

15 And at the same time we are telling you 16 that we are going to perform this operation on this 17 project in this area.

Then we do the surveys of that area. And if there are some sites, we note those sites for the evaluation and send you the plan of action, what we

want to do on that.
 If we are sending those letters to the

tribes, we are expecting some speedy response, if you may. And is there any possibility, any way of

25 us understanding, yeah, you have received the letter

and you have received the report for the comments?

2 And is there any duration we can expect, maybe

3 within 30 days, regards some response and we can

4 proceed on that?

BARBARA DURHAM: A lot of times tribal
 councils will hold monthly meetings. So sometimes

7 there is a time crunch, you know, whether you're

8 going to get a response back within that 30 days,

9 you know, depending on when we get that letter.
10 So sometimes it could be over 30 days when

11 you'll -- before you'll get a response back if we 12 have to take it to our tribal councils.

MUHAMMAD BARI: Maybe if we can somehow get maybe a telephonic or some sort of response that,

15 yes, we are working on this issue, we can wait for

16 the response. If there is no response, we take it

17 as an understanding as you agree with our request or

8 with our information or with our report, and we

19 proceed on that.

21

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20 That's what I was asking.

BARBARA DURHAM: Uh-huh. Currently the

22 Timbi-sha tribe has worked out a consultation

23 agreement with the Death Valley National Park where

24 information comes in, that they'll get a response.

Bill, maybe you want to explain that,

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WILLIAM HELMER: Yeah. We worked out --2 and that might be -- we can give you these copies.

3 They have been signed by the superintendent of Death

4 Valley National Park and the Tribal Chair, working

5 out exactly that issue of consultation and phone

6 calls and trying to get this as soon as you can, but

7 if -- but, you know, we had it a 40-day, at the

8 extreme, 45 days, but with phone -- with trying to

9 narrow that down and special circumstances and 10 things like that.

So that could be a model here as well.

At the same time, we worked out an MOU with them, the Heritage Stated Transfer MOU, working out

14 an agreement that gave the tribe access to

5 confidential archaeological site records, which

16 would then be -- so the tribe can use that in their 17 database and also for working with the -- Death

17 database and also for working with the -- Death 18 Valley in protecting those resources.

And there are procedures in there for

20 keeping with limited access, lock case, you know,
21 procedures for keeping those documents confidential.

22 So that could be another example we could 23 give you.

24 MUHAMMAD BARI: Thanks.

TAD BRITT: I think we're probably all in

7 8 asking is also when we do send out letters, that if 9 we can at least get some feedback that, in fact, you 10 received it. Because we're not sure in many cases 11 whether you received it or not. 12 13 mail. 14 15 on. 16 17 that we got it, we're looking at it. WILLIAM HELMER: That's a good point 19 because there is certified mail, but then making sure that the proper people have seen that, you know, to get that feedback. 21 MUHAMMAD BARI: We send the information by 22

17 plan? TAD BRITT: Yeah. Let me go back on this. 18 19 I'm going to get Reagan's transcripts in a couple of weeks. I'm going to supply -- Susan is going to be compiling the final report. She should have a draft report in about a month. 22 I'm going to look at it. I'm going to 23 insert all of our presentations and the transcript so everybody has everything. And then I'll mail

24

25

certified mail. We do that. And we get the receipt

But I think the personal contact or some

CondenseIt[™] FORT IRWIN MEETING Page 197 those out. I'll mail them out from my office. 1 EIS. Probably at the same time we'll be asking 2 TAD BRITT: Correct. 2 3 Darrell and his staff to draft a letter for Mickey's 3 signature announcing a new meeting with some new -with these topics that we'll talk about. thing be --We've kind of given you the perspective of 6 Fort Irwin, what the mission is, what the programs 7 information, no. 8 are. I see us at this next meeting really 9 10 getting into the issues. And I think the top one should be this -- standard operating procedures. Then maybe looking at some other types of agreements for more routine-type activities. 13 I don't want to set the tone for that now, 14 but those are obviously some things that we are all in agreement on that need to be talked about. review one report. I would say anywhere between three and six 17 17 months would be a good time to have the next meeting if y'all are ready for that. Give ourselves plenty excerpts? 20 of leeway. We could have it off site. TAD BRITT: Correct. Right. The EIS will You know. We'd like to -- we'd certainly 21 21 like to get more tribal participation. It may be, you know, because of the remote location, just could have been a number of factors why they weren't able to come. But if we could have it in a more Page 198 1 favorable location and really get into the matters

at hand, that would probably be more productive. SUSAN PERLMAN: How much lead time -- I'm 3 4 SOTTY. 5 TAD BRITT: Go ahead.

TIMOTHY REISCHL: One question I would like 6 to ask before we set a date is, do y'all see any more stoppers for the land expansion because of the time line -- because of what you heard today that I have to consider now that might drive requirements, 11 more than just the setup of the nation-to-nation agreements, things like that? 12

Because I'm operating on a Congressional 14 time line that basically says my document has to be out in January. And it has to be approved in June as per the law that was passed.

13

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And what I'm looking for is do you see --17 do you see big problems with what you have heard today and what is happening with the land expansion? WILLIAM HELMER: Well, one question is, 20

21 when would that -- the archaeological report be out? 22 Because that would be kind of key to the cultural

component of the EIS.

TAD BRITT: Sure. Let me explain. TIMOTHY REISCHL: It will be in the draft

WILLIAM HELMER: But will that - will the whole thing -- I mean isn't there some confidential information in there that won't -- or will the whole

TAD BRITT: There won't be any locational

WILLIAM HELMER: Okay.

TAD BRITT: What we're doing is attempting to kill two birds with one stone by satisfying NEPA compliance and NRHPA by -- the revised regs now allow us to include that information in the NEPA document. That is our intent, to do that, so that we have one report. That way you only have to

CHAD SMITH: But as an appendix of the SEIS, the draft, there will be the complete archaeological survey report rather than just

have the affected environmental -- you know, the little thousand pages condensed down to one

paragraph type thing, but the full and complete

report will be appended to that document. And

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1 obviously it won't be sent out to parties that don't 2 have a demonstrated interest in knowing that

3 information.

TIMOTHY REISCHL: Now, it's -- once it goes out, it's a matter of public record. And it -- now, there -- I will tell you, there -- we've recognized the need to not put out all of the specific 8 information.

For example, in our milk vetch study, we have exact locations of every plant we found. But 10 that's not going to go into this public report. Densities will go in there and things like that and

by whatever is right. 13

But whatever goes in that EIS, in the 14 draft, is a public document. And anybody can take it. Anybody can copy it. So --

TAD BRITT: We'll work this out.

But there are certain provisions for 18 sensitive information that doesn't -- that is not in the public domain -- archaeological site locations, things like that. We can cross that bridge --21

TIMOTHY REISCHL: And they won't be in there

WILLIAM HELMER: But we would like to see 24 25 those.

17

22 23

V	KI IKWIN MEETING COM	uchsc	J-4-0
	Page 2	01	Page 20
1	TAD BRITT: Sure you would. And we can	1	TAD BRITT: Yeah. I don't see however
2	supply those to you.	2	y'all want to see it is fine with us.
3	CHAD SMITH: So it would be as a	3	TIMOTHY REISCHL: There's a question when
4	confidential appendix.	4	it's going to be prepared.
5	TAD BRITT: Yeah,	5	BARBARA DURHAM: What about the tribes
6	CHAD SMITH: And that the interested	6	being considered cooperating agencies?
7	parties, Sierra Club or others, could get expurgated	7	TAD BRITT: Question for him,
8	reports that wouldn't have site location	8	TIMOTHY REISCHL: 1 don't think you want to
9	information.	9	be because of the requirements of a cooperating
0	TIMOTHY REISCHL: Somebody with a need to	10	being a cooperating agency puts on you.
1	know would have access to that information.	11	But we can give you anything you want. I
2	CHAD SMITH: Yeah. Yeah. Yeah.	12	mean we don't - we can almost consider you a
3	TIMOTHY REISCHL: But there's a lot of	13	resource, you know, to proof and things like that.
4	things like that that we're dealing with.	14	But cooperating agency requires has
5	Everything from mine sites to everything else.	1.5	mand according to NEPA, has requirements for you
6	TAD BRITT: Uh-huh. Yeah. There are ways	16	to do things that I don't think we want to put on
7	to deal with that.	17	you. Mandatory reviews and things like that.
8	WILLIAM HELMER: Is there a way to get	18	But honestly, we want to solicit input from
9	ahold of that report before the EIS is out?	19	you. So we would just send you call me and we'll
0	TAD BRITT: You'll look at the draft. It	20	send you whatever you want. If we've got it, we'll
1	will be included in the draft EIS.	21	send it to you. It's all public. The Army is
2	WILLIAM HELMER: Is there a way of getting	22	paying for it all, which means we're all paying for
3	it beforehand? Because that might be if we're	23	it all.
14	just on the same time frame, if it's 1 don't	24	WILLIAM HELMER: All right. That sounds
25	know.	25	good. Yeah.
Т	Page 2	02	Page 20
1	TIMOTHY REISCHL: When are we going to get	1	TIMOTHY REISCHL: But in terms of the
2	it?	2	cultural resources study itself, it's just a
3	TAD BRITT: We're getting field management	3	question of when we have something to send you.
4	summary the 15th of September.	4	TAD BRITT: We can send you some stuff by
5	CRAIG SMITH: The final report is March	5	the end of September, preliminary information
6	or our draft is in March.	6	sites, types of sites, management-summary type
7	TAD BRITT: The final report is March.	7	information,
8	TIMOTHY REISCHL: I need it earlier than	8	But, you know, it will probably be 90
9	that,	9	percent accurate. There may be some final
0	WILLIAM HELMER: That's during the comment	10	refinement of consolidating sites or low side into
1	period. The comment period begins when? In	11	one side or, you know, getting results back from
2	January?	12	test analysis that won't be ready by the end of
3	TIMOTHY REISCHL: In January.	13	September.
4	WILLIAM HELMER: So how does that work?	14	We're doing thermoluminescences and
5	TAD BRITT: We'll have to go back and look	15	radiocarbon. Those certainly won't be in there.
6	at the schedule because I know we had all of this	16	They'll be in the draft, in the final. It shouldn't
17	worked out.	17	change that much.
18	TIMOTHY REISCHL: I will tell you that	18	But, again, it will just be in a management
		19	fashion. It won't be - you're not going to get the
19	and all of that stuff.	20	cultural history and an in-depth methodology
20	And if I could get ahold of it, I see no	21	section, and, you know, you're not going to get the
21	reason why we couldn't send it to you for comment.	22	106 type of stuff for this management summary.
22		23	You'll get that later, the draft stage.
23	WILLIAM HELMER: Okay.	24	WILLIAM HELMER: Okay, And that was
24	TIMOTHY REISCHL: Because obviously we'd	25	another question I had about this section.
25	like your input.	44	another question r had about this section.

OKI	IRWIN MEETING C	ondense	9-4-0
		ge 205	Page 20
1	How exactly are you handling this	1	this relationship so we can answer any of your
2 Se	ction 106 consultation?	2	questions.
3	TAD BRITT: For the land expansion?	3	Our bottom line is we want to do the right
4	WILLIAM HELMER: Yes,	4	thing. We want to train the troops, but we don't
5	TAD BRITT: We're following the regs.	5	want to destroy the heritage that was here.
	e're consulting with you should have received		CHAD SMITH: 1 think it's going to be
	ter with some maps, explaining the undertaking.	7	necessary for tribes and some of the agencies to
	nose are the maps you didn't get. You got the	8	question California SHPO on its performance in its
let	ter, but didn't get the maps.	9	duties of administering Section 106 under the
)	DARRELL GUNDRUM: Just got the letter	10	National Historic Preservation Act because recent
too	day. For some reason it didn't get through.	11	budget cuts, even before the latest ones, led to
2	TAD BRITT: Did the rest of you groups get	12	And it was not California, SHPO, NOX
the	e letter in the mail?	13	(phon.) or Mr. Abeyta's fault. It was as much Gray
+	CHAD SMITH: We got our letter, yeah.	14	Davis' fault as anyone's because he vetoed portions
5	TAD BRITT: Okay. Basically it explains	15	of the funding bill that would have funded reviewers
	undertaking, and we're seeking information.	16	at Sacramento for CEQA projects under the State
	e're sharing information. Gives you a time line	1.000	Environmental Quality Act.
	ean't remember the letter. Maybe if we can pull	18	And those positions were not filled. And
on	e out.	19	it led to on the Owens Dry Lake Dust Abatement
)	WILLIAM HELMER: And so you're consulting	200	Project, no one at Sacramento reviewing the
I W	ith SHPO at the same time?	21	so-called archaeological survey reports that were
2	TAD BRITT: Correct. We're consulting.	22	based on vehicular reconnaissance rather than
3	WILLIAM HELMER: That's one thing that we	23	pedestrian survey.
	ve had from bad past experiences is we'd like to	4 000	And I'm still looking to tear those
5 ha	ve a cc of all correspondence with SHPO to the	25	archaeologists up in the professional meetings over
		ge 206	Page 20
1 tri	be so that we're on the same page and not	1	using ATVs and calling it survey.
2	TAD BRITT: That's the installation	2	And I feel that lack of staff and lack of
3 ne	eds to decide that.	3	funding is now cutting into not just state projects
4	WILLIAM HELMER: Because it's public. It's	4	having their proper review, advice and consent or
5 nc	et confidential information.	5	concurrence by SHPO, but these federal projects.
6	TAD BRITT: I have no problem with it, but	6	And I think you'll start seeing no response
7 th	at's the installation -	7	within the 14 or the 30 days by SHPO and projects
8	WILLIAM HELMER: The tribe has had probler		proceeding on. And it's not a good situation.
	the past to where SHPO has signed off on -	9	And it's not SHPO's fault.
	ithout consulting with the tribe on what should b		TAD BRITT: Right.
1 S1	gned off.	11	CHAD SMITH: It's a funding problem.
2	TAD BRITT: And there is an inequity	12	TAD BRITT: Every indication I've had with
	etween the tribes that don't own federal land and	The second secon	Fort Irwin is they follow the California guidelines,
	e SHPO. I mean the way the regs were written is	1.00	but their standards are much higher than those, the
	at you don't have to have concurrence with the	15	reporting standard. I mean I've worked with Darrell and I've
6 tr	ibes. That's the law.	16	
7	WILLIAM HELMER: But at least to have that	17	worked with Mickey. They you know, they're way
	orrespondence cc'd so then that gives the tribe th		above the minimum compliance standards. They're
	oportunity for them to talk to SHPO before	19	about stewardship, doing the right thing, protecting
() ar	nything's signed off.	20	and preserving and managing. And that's, you know,
1	TAD BRITT: 1 think that's a reasonable	21	the way it should be. They have the resources. You
	equest.	22	know, the State doesn't always have the resources. MUHAMMAD BARI: We have to accomplish the
23	WILLIAM QUILLMAN: I have no problem with	The second secon	the state of the s
CO. 100	oing that. There's nothing we're trying to hide.	24	2.1
24 d	his is an open-door policy. We're trying to buil	d 25	postproduction to want to tall into any political

FORT IRWIN MEETING Page 209 1 trap. If CEQA doesn't have the funding or the State 2 isn't doing something, we don't want to fall into 3 that. 4 As we have already discussed this, that 5 anything related to the tribes, we can copy to you that we are sending -- which we are sending to the SHPO. But certainly we don't want to become a party, whether they are doing the right review or not TAD BRITT: Based on your experience, the 10 SHPO has -- there have been no problems with the SHPO. right? 12 DARRELL GUNDRUM: No. They're underfunded, 13 14 of course. TAD BRITT: As I said, Fort Irwin has a lot 15 better resources. I'm sympathetic because I have been in that situation where the SHPO literally rubber-stamped things, and that's not the right way to do -- carry out their responsibilities. DARRELL GUNDRUM: Probably not only the 20 21 SHPO office, but federal agencies everywhere or state agencies, there's manpower problems and

Page 211 1 acceptable to all. 2 TAD BRITT: Sure. Yeah. 3 LTC OGDEN: Anybody got any ideas? What would be the most convenient place for the majority? 5 CHAD SMITH: Tribal casino. SUSAN PERLMAN: What is a central location? 6 7 TAD BRITT: I actually wrote down in my agenda 120 days we need to schedule a next meeting, talk about the comprehensive agreement, brief you on the results of the predictive model, finalize the NAGPRA, kind of the things we have been talking about today. But we can send out a letter with 13 discussion topics. Hopefully we can get a lot of this done via correspondence before we meet. If we 15

could get some written comments back on these standard operating procedures. I will certainly incorporate what we've recorded today. 18 19 But if we could get in a little bit better format and send it out again and get some comments, 20 we may have that taken care of at our next meeting 21 where we can --22 23 LTC OGDEN: I think, too, if we can update maybe our points of contact because there have been 24

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21

25

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1 numbers and maybe possibly e-mail addresses, that 2 will help because we might be able to pass a lot of 3 stuff.

some personnel changes. And with the relevant phone

By the way, when we did present the 3 predictive model to the California SHPO. I would say

funding problems, and that's just part of life. And

I'm sure the people in those positions and jobs are

25 trying to do the best job that they can. It's just

TAD BRITT: Yeah.

1 resources.

2

For instance, you know, the NAGPRA, once we get Yuma's, send that out and get some comments so

they were impressed and were waiting for the 6 outcome. There was some interest in basically using

that hopefully when we come back to the next meeting we'll have another draft, but with all your comments

7 that model as a model for other -- Twentynine Palms, China Lake. That's -- the whole purpose of our

incorporated in them. 9 TAD BRITT: What I did to compile the list

regional approach, was that we could take and build something that could be used across the Mojave

for this meeting -- and I began a couple months ago, 10 but since then there have been tribal elections. I

11 Desert. So ... Any more questions? Comments? 12 Do you want to go back and revisit some of 13

looked on the federal Web site for Bureau of Indian Affairs. It gives the federally recognized tribes,

these topics we covered this morning? 15

chairperson, other officers and contact information. I called those numbers, got updates because 15

I do want to go back. Let's talk about setting a next meeting. 16

that list is only updated periodically. And since that time, unfortunately, there have been some elections, but, you know, we'll do that again.

Is three to six months a reasonable amount 17 of time? I know that's three months -- a window of three months, but we realize that these people have other jobs and y'all have other jobs. 20

19 We'll call and follow up and try to keep as much 20 current.

WILLIAM QUILLMAN: Probably January or 21 February would be a good time frame, after the first 22 23 of the year.

would help us a lot when you have change of staff. Send us an e-mail. Send us a postcard. That would 24 be, you know, appreciated as well.

And ideally, if y'all could notify us, it

TAD BRITT: Okay. Is that acceptable? 24 LTC OGDEN: And at a new location that's

MUHAMMAD BARI: In the next few days we

will be contacting Yuma proving ground for the copy
 of the NAGPRA SOP, what we were talking about. And
 also we will talk to the Death Valley folks and get

4 whatever we can get to finalize this document.

But in the meantime, we would request,

please review this draft as what we have and see

what you don't like or what you want to add and what

would you like to see in this one.

9 So that way we can talk informally or 10 formally to meet the final role of finalizing the 11 SOP.

12 We are working on the ICRMPR too.

13 And I think Darrell is going to give you 14 some deadlines on that one.

DARRELL GUNDRUM: Hopefully within about a month or so we will be able to get the ICRMP out.

7 This is the ICRMP. It's actually two parts. This

18 is confidential site information of all the sites we

9 have here at Fort Irwin. And then there's the main

20 body of the text.

21 It's a rather large document. It's a 22 living document. It's revised yearly, and it goes

23 under a major review every five years. But this is 24 where we need your comments on this draft to be

24 where we need your comments on this draft to be 25 incorporated into the final.

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WILLIAM HELMER: Is that a new draft? When

2 is that -- this draft, it's going to -- the new

3 draft is coming out next month?

4 DARRELL GUNDRUM: We could probably have it

5 done in about a month.

7

6 TAD BRITT: Can you put that on a CD?

DARRELL GUNDRUM: Yeah, It could be sent

out on a CD, hard copy form.

9 WILLIAM HELMER: And when was the old one 10 done?

DARRELL GUNDRUM: Originally it was put together in 1998. It has a long history. It was

13 initially created in 1998 by Science Applications

14 International Corporation.

The staff here at Fort Irwin, cultural resources personnel updated it last summer. It was completed last summer, August of 2001.

18 WILLIAM HELMER: Okay.

19 TAD BRITT: And hopefully we can get our

20 data in there this week.

21 WILLIAM QUILLMAN: What I would like to do,

22 also, is once we get the draft from Yuma, we can put 23 that in the appendix of that so you will have just

24 one document to look at within the next 30 to 60 25 days.

MANDER REPORTING (760) 946-3247

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Also, one more point. If anybody needs to talk to me, I've given out my cards. I've got more

here. Don't hesitate to call me.

But for consistency and continuity, if you

5 have just a general run-of-the-mill question or

6 something like that, your real point of contact

7 should be Darrell. Dr. Gundrum is well versed in

8 what's going on here at Fort Irwin.

9 I'm not always around, unfortunately, 10 because I'm out at meetings and other stuff. But 11 normally he is, so he would be the more logical 12 person to contact.

But if you have any questions for me, please don't hesitate to call me, and I will do whatever I can to answer them.

MUHAMMAD BARI: That's all three, even four of us: Darrell, me, Mickey and Mr. Horalek also. We are all here. And I think we are on the sign-in

19 sheet also. You have our numbers.

And any one of us you can ask any question.
If I don't have, I will ask these guys and get the

22 answer to you.

16

17

23 TAD BRITT: Any more questions? Comments?

24 BARBARA DURHAM: Have we decided where

25 we're going -- our next meeting is?

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1 TAD BRITT: No, we haven't. We've picked a

2 couple of months. I think we've all agreed we will 3 do it off site.

4 What we'd like to do is maybe one of the

5 tribes would like to host it. We could do it there.

6 I'm just throwing some ideas out. Or at a location

7 that's easier to -- that's more centrally located.

8 MUHAMMAD BARI: I can suggest Palm Springs,

9 Riverside, Las Vegas. Pick one.

10 TAD BRITT: I don't know exactly where you
11 all came from. I know Mr. Swain came from Utah.

12 Some folks came from Arizona. So there's -- looks

13 like we may want to look east of here. I'm not

14 sure.

16

15 CHAD SMITH: Possibly Las Vegas.

BARBARA DURHAM: That's what I was

17 thinking.

18 MUHAMMAD BARI: Laughlin is good place

19 also. Laughlin is not bad either.

20 CHAD SMITH: Well, then, our casino and

21 hotel where we do have conference rooms, facilities,
 22 is in Laughlin, of the Mojaves, the Avi, which means

3 mountain and also means cash in the Mojave language.

24 And I can inquire and get back to you on

25 that.

1	Page 21	7	Page 219
1		*	rage 219
25	We have hosted the Intertribal Water	1	TAD BRITT: Yes, sir.
2	Protection Network meetings.	2	PHIL SWAIN: Are we?
3	And probably in October, next month and	3	TAD BRITT: Well, we've got we can stay
4	I haven't made the arrangements yet we're going	4	here until 4:30.
5	to be funded by BLM to host an organizational	5	MUHAMMAD BARI: I started packing already.
6	meeting to establish a site steward group in the	6	PHIL SWAIN: Well, no. I usually save my
7	Needles area in collaboration with Needles BLM. And	7	comments for the last,
8	we already work closely with the Kingman BLM site	8	TAD BRITT: Okay.
9	stewards.	9	PHIL SWAIN: What I've heard today, you
10	And the site stewards is archaeologists and	10	know, from the chairman's office we're a small
11	average people, as well, that take an interest in	11	tribe. And like you mentioned before, you know, we
12	protecting the cultural resources in the back	12	all just can't get up and come here on the Army's
13	country, doing everything from picking up trash,	13	beckoning and drive out in the middle of nowhere,
14	doing, like, an adopt-a-site that they can even	14	okay.
15	some can see a mile away through binoculars from	15	And what I see here and I hear the
16	their house, a site that has had vandalism or that	16	comments about, you know, not being able to pay our
17	they are protecting from getting vandalism.	17	people to come down here to do these things, you
18	And there isn't one organization in the	18	know, to assist you with this draft.
19	Laughlin area, but there is in the Las Vegas area.	19	And I think if you're going to not reinvent
20	So some of them are coming down to the meetings as	20	the wheel but, you know, make the wheel better, then
21	well.	21	you're going to have to go out and get something to
22	So we'd be finished with the aftershocks of	22	add to this thing, that I'm sure that somewhere the
23	that, planningwise. And it's a pleasure to spend	23	Army
24	BLM's money to do a positive thing like this too.	24	And this is my first meeting to a NAGPRA
25	So January or February we could do it. And	25	event here. And I see that from our tribe, you
	Page 218	8	Page 220
1	I'll go ahead	1	know, it's hard for us to just get up and go. And
2	TAD BRITT: Does that sound good to	2	we're not as, you know, cashy as some of the other
3	everybody here?	3	gaming tribes, but, you know, we get around. And we
4	CHAD SMITH: I can start the ball rolling.	4	do a lot of these things too.
5	Also, there's reduced rates, prearrangement, and	5	And, in fact, that's what I was going to
	it's it's good.	6	ask the attorney here, you know, how much
7	TAD BRITT: Okay. Well, we'll write that	7	involvement do they really have into this draft
8	up and tentatively plan on that.	8	agreement in itself, you know, because I think
9	For those groups that aren't here, is that	9	there's a lot of things in here that's probably
10	a good location, that you know of? If you know	10	missing.
11	those groups.	11	I did have a time, like the young lady
12	PHIL SWAIN: We'll make it.	12	here, to go through this, and she's probably been at
13	MUHAMMAD BARI: I think I would personally	13	this for ten years. And I commend the people that
14	request you guys, if you convey the message to the	14	are here because they are interested in stuff.
15	other tribes if you are in communication with,	15	But, to me, if I turned this over to my
16	please encourage them to attend this. We all want	16	attorney and I have him look at it, you know, we may
17	to do the right things here.	17	have a different situation here. And I don't know
18	TAD BRITT: Certainly at our next meeting	18	if I want to do that.
19	we'll have, Mr. Earle will have spoken with all the	19	And I'm listening to this gentleman here
20	tribes. Should have his report finished or	20	talk all day, and he seems to know quite a bit about
21	certainly a draft ready for review.	21	this stuff. So I'm thinking, you know, with the
717	We'll update you on everything that we've	22	people that we have here, whether or not we could
22	[10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10] [10]		
22 23	done, talked about today.	23	actually look at this and it says a draft on
22 23 24	done, talked about today. Yes, sir, Mr. Swain.	23 24	actually look at this and it says a draft on here. And I guess we're using it, you know. And I

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1 on here or if he actually approved this or, you

2 know, it's what they're using today. It, being a

3 draft, you know -- I mean what are you using --

TAD BRITT: He wouldn't sign that until 4

it's been approved.

PHIL SWAIN: What are you using if you're 6 7 not using this, you know, for many of the things

that are happening here, you know?

And where the guy wants a response in 45 days, you got to remember that a tribal office, you

know, just doesn't get, you know, a request from

Fort Irwin for a Land Expansion Project, you know.

We've got Yucca Mountain, we've got Nellis, we've

got Hoover Dam bypass. We've got every federal

agency here in the free world beckoning us to read

documents this thick.

17 TAD BRITT: Sure.

PHIL SWAIN: And if we don't have -- seems 18

to be part of the Mojave tribe where he has a job to

do that. Many of us don't have that luxury of

hiring a cultural resource person. We have to

depend on our volunteers to do that, and it's hard

to get a volunteer to go down there to Fort Irwin,

you know.

25

I tried to tell them that's where General

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1 Patton was trained, you know. We can see his head,

2 you know. But, no, they didn't really care about

3 that, you know. So I'm the one that's left to come

down to listen to this stuff, you know.

And so the guy here is talking about all 5

these other things, and I'm just appalled. And I

guess it's possible that you can do this, that you

can transplant a tortoise from here to another spot.

You know, I didn't think you could do that. But

that's my own ignorance because I don't go to a lot

of these meetings. 11

And I'm wondering, you know, how that would 12

13

Up there in the deserts of Nevada, you 14

15 know, where we battle, you know, the other side,

16 we're told we can't do this, you know. And yet

maybe for the sake of the Army, that can be done.

Like, you know -- it just appears to me that, you

know, if we tried to get something going, you're

good to say it's good for the national defense, so

what was the word, you know -- we'll just do it. 21

And I see that as a very serious problem

with me because the government, you know, has never

been favorable to many of the decisions that the

tribes need. And here we're doing the same thing.

I'm just appalled that out of the

\$145 million allocated to this program, that there

was no money allocated to the Indian tribes to come

and consult with you guys at this time, you know.

5 And I think it's good that you have all

these laws and acts in place, but it doesn't mean

hogwash until we get people that are interested in

making sure this happens and they do it correctly.

9 And, see, we run into that problem with

this thing here. It's not thick enough, the way I 10

feel it, you know. It needs to have more information tied into this agreement. 12

But we do -- and we are busy with many of 13 these projects. And I have to apologize, you know,

to the gentleman down here about the 40-day time

limit. We just -- it's hard for us to get together

to do those kind of things, you know. We're 17

fighting nuclear transportation in Nevada. We're

fighting Nellis. We're fighting the Hoover Dam 19

20 bypass. All of these take our time.

And with a small tribe like ours, when we 21

lose someone, like what you talked about the 22

Southern Paiutes, when we lose someone, we all go. 23

In fact, I'm probably -- I can feel people hitting

me in the back because I didn't go to this one. And

1 I thought this was more important. So that's why 2 I'm here.

8

And like there was a death on the Mojave. 3

We're all related, you know. Like was said

yesterday, you know, we're all part of that tribe,

Paiutes, Southern Paiutes, Chemehuevis -- we're all

related in our own way.

So I think it's a good start. But not

knowing the impact it would have, you know, because

we're up there and you're down here, it's hard for

us to get on our, you know, racing horse to come

down here and try to stop everyone because we have

other, you know, sticks in the fire. And so that's 13

what we're working on. 14

What I would like to see, like what the 15

gentleman said here, is an update or even appointing

one person. You know, the letter I got said call 17

this person, that person, so I'm calling around,

trying to figure out who in the hell is in charge of 19

this program down here. And I get five different 20

21 people, you know.

22 And we need to get someone from your

office, like the lady spoke down here about an 23

Indian liaison. Let's change the title if we have

25 to, you know so we know who that person is, who to

·U	KI IKWIN MEETING CONG	CHSC	9-4-0
77	Page 22		Page 22
1	contact so we can have a better understanding, a	1	coming.
2	clear communication.	2	Just for your own benefit tonight, in your
3	You know, hell, I can't even call out here	3	motel room there's a list of restaurants. Reggie's
4	myself. It's like we're out in the middle of	4	is right here. That's probably the there's a
5	nowhere. That's where we need to get where	5	Popeye's and Taco Bell right behind the Landmark
6	civilization begins.	6	Hotel. There is a Thai, Mexican and Korean
7	So that would be my first thing, is either	7	restaurant on base. There's The Outer Limits. All
8	get a cell tower here where I can zero in here	8	of these are probably driving distance. Reggie's is
9	because I know they're trying to get ahold of me.	9	right here.
0	So that's all I wanted to say. And I'm	10	With that, we'll conclude for the day, and
1	glad I came. The food was delicious.	11	then we'll meet at the Landmark Inn at the lobby
2	But I would like to see something I	12	tomorrow morning at 8:30 sharp. And we'll caravan
3	don't think it was mentioned. I know there was some	13	over to the curation facility and begin our tour.
4	discussion about the payments, you know. That	14	Did you have a question, Mr. Swain?
5	should be one of the first things that should be	15	PHIL SWAIN: No.
6	TAD BRITT: I think that's been duly noted,	16	TAD BRITT: Okay. Thank y'all.
7	and we're going to check into that.	17	(Whereupon, the above Native American
8	PHIL SWAIN: In fact, we'll make it	18	Consultation Meeting was concluded.)
9	effective today. So tomorrow we'll get our checks	19	
0.0	for 150. Mine I consider my time as valuable as	20	
1	much as my tribal attorney, so I want \$500 for mine.	21	
2	TAD BRITT: I don't think anybody is in	22	
3	disagreement with that.	23	
4	PHIL SWAIN: So I'll send you a bill for	24	
25	that amount.	25	
6-0	Page 22		Page 22
1	TAD BRITT: Send it to Muhammad.	1	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
2	Mr. Swain, I appreciate you sharing your	2	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES) ss.
3	perspective with us. You made some good points.	3	000,111 01 200,111 02220 / 001
4	We'll certainly look at those.	4	1, REAGAN EVANS. RMR, CRR, CSR No. 8176, in and
	I would encourage you to share that	5	for the State of California, do hereby certify:
5	the state of the s	6	That said proceedings was taken down by me in
6		7	shorthand at the time and place therein named, and
7	first place it's been applied, the NAGPRA SOPS.	1000	thereafter reduced to typewriting under my
8	They are this is the model for NAGPRA SOPS. I'm	8	direction, and the same is a true, correct and
9	not saying it's perfect. There's certainly room for	9	
0	improvement, but any kind of input, constructive or	10	complete transcript of said proceedings; I further certify that I am not interested in
1	otherwise, comments you may have, we'd like to have	11	the event of the action.
12		12	
13	And, again, I want to thank all of y'all	13	Witness my hand this 1st day of October, 2002.
14	for participating. We appreciate you coming up	14	DEACAN ENAME DATE COD
15		15	REAGAN EVANS, RMR, CRR CSR NO. 8176 Certified Shorthand
16		16	Reporter for the State of California
17	before you leave today and get your travel vouchers	17	State of Camornia
18		18	
19	The four of y'all are going to go on our	19	
20		20	
21	PHIL SWAIN: I am. I'm going to ride in	21	
22		22	
23	TAD BRITT: You may get your tank rides	23	
24	yet, sir.	24	
	If that's it, then, again, thanks for	25	

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00 [2]	13:9	50:21	18th [4] 93:16	06.10	191:8 214:24	191:10	208:7	72 [1]	114:23		204:9	C (+)	22.2
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13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

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14. ABSTRACT

From July to October 2002, the Engineer Research and Development Center-Construction Engineering Research Laboratory provided the National Training Center-Fort Irwin, California, with resources to organize, facilitate, and moderate a consultation meeting between the installation and the federally recognized Native American tribes in a nation-to-nation level meeting. The purpose of the consultation was to establish an open and constructive dialogue between the U.S. Army and those Native American tribes who have cultural resource interests at NTC-Fort Irwin. The meeting was held to discuss the military mission of NTC-Fort Irwin and to identify and address potential tribal issues with respect to the installation and its Area of Potential Effect (APE). Fifteen tribes were invited. Presentations included standard operating procedures for inadvertent discovery, a forthcoming supplemental Environmental Impact Statement regarding expansion, available cultural resources tools (Archeological Predictive Model and Automated Tool for Monitoring Archeological Sites), and the ethnohistoric and ethnographic cultural affiliation study of the mid-Mojave region. A transcript of the consultation meeting is included.

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